

For applications that require ratings higher than 30 HP (22.5 kW), contact our Sales Department.

Control User Guide

KBG3 Series

Variable Speed AC drive for induction motors.

Original Instructions

For the purposes of compliance with the EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, the English version of this manual is the Original Instructions. Manuals in other languages are Translations of the Original Instructions.

Documentation

Manuals are available to download from the following locations: http://www.kbelectronics.com

The information contained in this manual is believed to be correct at the time of printing and does not form part of any contract. The manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product and its performance, and the contents of the manual, without notice.

Warranty and Liability

In no event and under no circumstances shall the manufacturer be liable for damages and failures due to misuse, abuse, improper installation, or abnormal conditions of temperature, dust, or corrosion, or failures due to operation outside the published ratings. The manufacturer is not liable for consequential and incidental damages. Contact the supplier of the drive for full details of the warranty terms.

Environmental policy

KB Electronics, Inc. operates an Environmental Management System (EMS) that conforms to the International Standard ISO 14001.

Further information on our Environmental Policy can be found at: http://www.kbelectronics.com

Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)

The products covered by this manual comply with European and International regulations on the Restriction of Hazardous Substances including EU directive 2011/65/EU and the Chinese Administrative Measures for Restriction of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products.

Disposal and Recycling (WEEE)



When electronic products reach the end of their useful life, they must not be disposed of along with domestic waste but should be recycled by a specialist recycler of electronic equipment. KB products are designed to be easily dismantled into their major component parts for efficient recycling. The majority of materials used in the product are suitable for recycling.

Product packaging is of good quality and can be re-used. Large products are packed in wooden crates. Smaller products are packaged in strong cardboard cartons which have a high recycled fibre content. Cartons can be re-used and recycled. Polythene, used in protective film and bags for wrapping the product, can be recycled. When preparing to recycle or dispose of any product or packaging, please observe local legislation and best practice.

REACH legislation

EC Regulation 1907/2006 on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and restriction of Chemicals (REACH) requires the supplier of an article to inform the recipient if it contains more than a specified proportion of any substance which is considered by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) to be a Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) and is therefore listed by them as a candidate for compulsory authorization.

Further information on our compliance with REACH can be found at: http://www.kbelectronics.com

Copyright

The contents of this publication are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interests of a commitment to a policy of continuous development and improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance, or the contents of the guide, without notice.

All rights reserved. No parts of this guide may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electrical or mechanical including photocopying, recording or by an information storage or retrieval system, without permission in writing from the publisher.

Copyright © April 2018 KB Electronics, Inc.

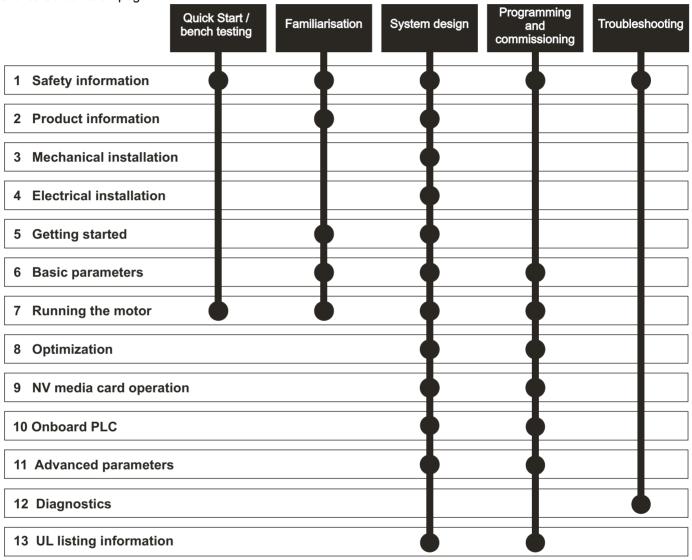
How to use this guide

This guide is intended to be used in conjunction with the appropriate Power Installation Guide. The Power Installation Guide gives information necessary to physically install the drive. This guide gives information on drive configuration, operation and optimization.

NOTE

There are specific safety warnings throughout this guide, located in the relevant sections. In addition, Chapter 1 *Safety information* on page 8 contains general safety information. It is essential that the warnings are observed and the information considered when working with or designing a system using the drive.

This map of the user guide helps to find the right sections for the task you wish to complete, but for specific information, refer to *Contents* on page 4:



Contents

1	Safety information	8
1.1	Warnings, Cautions and Notes	
1.2	Important safety information. Hazards.	
	Competence of designers and installers	
1.3	Responsibility	
1.4	Compliance with regulations	
1.5	Electrical hazards	
1.6	Stored electrical charge	
1.7 1.8	Mechanical hazards	
1.0 1.9	Environmental limits	
1.10	Hazardous environments	
1.11	Motor	
1.12	Mechanical brake control	
1.13	Adjusting parameters	
1.14	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	
_		
2	Product information	
2.1	Introduction	
2.2	Model number	
2.3	Ratings	
2.4	Operating modes	
2.5	Keypad and display	
2.6 2.7	Nameplate description	
Z.1	Options	1 4
3	Mechanical installation	
3.1	Installing / removing options	16
		16
3.1	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement	16 19
3.1 3.2 4	Installing / removing options	16 19
3.1 3.2	Installing / removing options	16 19 20
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2	Installing / removing options	16 20 20
3.1 3.2 4 4.1	Installing / removing options	16 20 20 20
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Installing / removing options	16 20 20 20 21
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started	1620202124
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1	Installing / removing options	162020212426
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1 5.2	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started Understanding the display Keypad operation	16202021242626
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1 5.2 5.3	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started Understanding the display Keypad operation Menu structure	
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started Understanding the display Keypad operation Menu structure Menu 0	
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started Understanding the display Keypad operation Menu structure Menu 0 Advanced menus	162020212426262828
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started Understanding the display Keypad operation Menu structure Menu 0 Advanced menus Changing the operating mode	16202021242626282829
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started Understanding the display Keypad operation Menu structure Menu 0 Advanced menus Changing the operating mode Saving parameters	1620202124262628282930
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started Understanding the display Keypad operation Menu structure Menu 0 Advanced menus Changing the operating mode Saving parameters Restoring parameter defaults	162020212426262828293030
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started Understanding the display Keypad operation Menu structure Menu 0 Advanced menus Changing the operating mode Saving parameters Restoring parameter defaults Parameter access level and security	162020212426262828293030
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.7 5.8 5.9	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started Understanding the display Keypad operation Menu structure Menu 0 Advanced menus Changing the operating mode Saving parameters Restoring parameter defaults	1620202126262828293030
3.1 3.2 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.7 5.8 5.9	Installing / removing options Real time clock battery replacement Electrical installation 24 Vdc supply Communication connections Control connections Safe Torque Off (STO) Getting started Understanding the display Keypad operation Menu structure Menu 0 Advanced menus Changing the operating mode Saving parameters Restoring parameter defaults Parameter access level and security Displaying parameters with non-default	1620202126262829303031

6	Basic parameters	32
6.1	Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/	
	maximums:	32
6.2	Menu 0: Basic parameters	
6.3	Parameter descriptions	
6.4	Control terminal configurations and wiring	31
7	Running the motor	42
7.1	Quick start connections	
7.2	Changing the operating mode	42
7.3	Quick start commissioning / start-up	47
8	Optimization	49
8.1	Motor map parameters	
8.2	Maximum motor rated current	5!
8.3	Current limits	
8.4	Motor thermal protection	
8.5	Switching frequency	
8.6	Modbus RTU specification	57
9	NV Media Card	63
9.1	Introduction	
9.2	SD card support	
9.3	NV Media Card parameters	
9.4	NV Media Card trips	66
9.5	Data block header information	66
10	Onboard PLC	67
10.1	Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio	
10.2	Benefits	
10.3	Features	
10.4	Onboard PLC parameters	
10.5	Onboard PLC trips	68

11	Advanced parameters	69
11.1	Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/	
	maximums:	73
11.2	Menu 1: Frequency reference	80
11.3	Menu 2: Ramps	
11.4	Menu 3: Frequency control	87
11.5	Menu 4: Torque and current control	
11.6	Menu 5: Motor control	95
11.7	Menu 6: Sequencer and clock	100
11.8	Menu 7: Analog I/O	
11.9	Menu 8: Digital I/O	106
11.10	Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot,	
	binary sum and timers	
	Menu 10: Status and trips	
	Menu 11: General drive set-up	117
11.13	Menu 12: Threshold detectors, variable	
	selectors and brake control function	
	Menu 14: User PID controller	
	Menu 15: Option module set-up	
	Menu 18: Application menu 1	
	Menu 20: Application menu 2	
	Menu 21: Second motor parameters	
	Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up	
11.20	Menu 24: Option Module Application	132
12	Diagnostics	.133
	Diagnostics	
12.1	Status modes (Keypad and LED status)	133
12.1 12.2	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications	133 133
12.1 12.2 12.3	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications	133 133 133
12.1 12.2	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers	133 133 133 135
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips	133 133 133 135 154
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications	133 133 135 154 154
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications	133 133 135 154 154
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications	133133135154154155
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications	133 133 135 154 154 155 155
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications	133133135154154155155
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications	133133135154155155156
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips Alarm indications Status indications Displaying the trip history Behaviour of the drive when tripped UL Listing UL file reference Option modules, kits and accessories	133133135154155155156157
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13 13.1 13.2 13.3	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips Alarm indications Status indications Displaying the trip history Behaviour of the drive when tripped UL Listing UL file reference Option modules, kits and accessories Enclosure ratings	133133135154154155156157157157
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips Alarm indications Status indications Displaying the trip history Behaviour of the drive when tripped UL Listing UL file reference Option modules, kits and accessories Enclosure ratings Mounting	133133135154155155156157157157
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips Alarm indications Status indications Displaying the trip history Behaviour of the drive when tripped UL Listing UL file reference Option modules, kits and accessories Enclosure ratings Mounting Environment	133133135154155155156157157157157
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips Alarm indications Status indications Displaying the trip history Behaviour of the drive when tripped UL Listing UL file reference Option modules, kits and accessories Enclosure ratings Mounting Environment Electrical Installation	133133135154155155156157157157157
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips Alarm indications Status indications Displaying the trip history Behaviour of the drive when tripped UL Listing UL file reference Option modules, kits and accessories Enclosure ratings Mounting Environment Electrical Installation Motor overload protection and thermal	133133135154155155157157157157157
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips Alarm indications Status indications Displaying the trip history Behaviour of the drive when tripped UL Listing UL file reference Option modules, kits and accessories Enclosure ratings Mounting Environment Electrical Installation Motor overload protection and thermal memory retention	133133135154155155157157157157157
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips Alarm indications Status indications Displaying the trip history Behaviour of the drive when tripped UL Listing UL file reference Option modules, kits and accessories Enclosure ratings Mounting Environment Electrical Installation Motor overload protection and thermal memory retention External Class 2 supply	133133135154155155157157157157157157
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips Alarm indications Status indications Displaying the trip history Behaviour of the drive when tripped UL Listing UL file reference Option modules, kits and accessories Enclosure ratings Mounting Environment Electrical Installation Motor overload protection and thermal memory retention External Class 2 supply Modular Drive Systems	133133135154155155157157157157157157
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 13 13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7	Status modes (Keypad and LED status) Trip indications Identifying a trip / trip source Trips, Sub-trip numbers Internal / Hardware trips Alarm indications Status indications Displaying the trip history Behaviour of the drive when tripped UL Listing UL file reference Option modules, kits and accessories Enclosure ratings Mounting Environment Electrical Installation Motor overload protection and thermal memory retention External Class 2 supply	133133135154155155157157157157157157

EU Declaration of Conformity

KB Electronics, Inc. 12095 NW 39th Street Coral, Springs, FL 33065-2516 USA

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below (**Example**: KBG3-11017-5):

Model number	Interpretation	Nomenclature
KBG3	Basic series	KBG1, KBG2, KBG3
1	Voltage rating	1 = 115 V, 2 = 230 V, 4 = 460 V, 5 = 575 V
1	Input phase	1 = Single Phase, 2 = Single or Three Phase, 3 = Three Phase
017	Current rating	Example: 017 = 1.7 A, 100 = 10.0 A
5	Frame size	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

The variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 61000-6-2:2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments
EN 61000-6-4: 2007+ A1:2011	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-4: Generic standards - Emission standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-3-2:2014	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-2: Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current ≤ 16 A per phase)
EN 61000-3-3:2013	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-3: Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public, low voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current ≤16 A per phase and not subject to conditional connection

EN 61000-3-2:2014 Applicable where input current < 16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power ≥ 1 kW.

These products comply with the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (2011/65/EU), the Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU) and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU).

Tom Dalton

President. KB Electronics, Inc.

Date: 16th January 2018

Phil Blakeley

KB Electronics, Inc. (UK)

Tanner Business Centre

Waterside Mills

Greenfield

Saddleworth

OL3 7NH

UK

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

EU Declaration of Conformity (including 2006 Machinery Directive)

KB Electronics, Inc. 12095 NW 39th Street Coral, Springs, FL 33065-2516 USA

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below (**Example**: KBG3-11017-5):

Model No.	Interpretation	Nomenclature
KBG3	Basic series	KBG1, KBG2, KBG3
1	Voltage rating	1 = 115 V, 2 = 230 V, 4 = 460 V, 5 = 575 V
1	Input phase	1 = Single Phase, 2 = Single or Three Phase, 3 = Three Phase
017	Current rating	Example: 017 = 1.7 A, 100 = 10.0 A
5	Frame size	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

This declaration relates to these products when used as a safety component of a machine. Only the Safe Torque Off function may be used for a safety function of a machine. None of the other functions of the drive may be used to carry out a safety function.

These products fulfil all the relevant provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU). EC type examination has been carried out by the following notified body:

TUV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH

EC type-examination certificate numbers:

Am Grauen Stein

01/205/5387.01/15 dated 2015-01-29

D-51105 Köln

01/205/5383.02/15 dated 2015-04-21

Germany

Notified body identification number: 0035

The harmonized standards used are shown below:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems — Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems — Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional
EN ISO 13849-1:2008 + AC:2009	Safety of Machinery, Safety-related parts of control systems, General principles for design
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems — Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 62061:2005 + AC:2010 + A1:2013	Safety of machinery, Functional safety of safety related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems
EN60204-1:2006 + A1:2009 + AC:2010	Safety of machinery — Electrical equipment of machines — Part 1: General requirements
EN 61508 Parts 1 - 7:2010	Functional safety of electrical/ electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems

Person authorized to complete the technical file:

Wesley Bernstein, QC Manager

KB Electronics, Inc.

Tom Dalton

President. KB Electronics, Inc.

Date: 16th January 2018

Phil Blakeley

KB Electronics, Inc. (UK)

Tanner Business Centre

Waterside Mills

Greenfield

Saddleworth

OL3 7NH

UK

IMPORTANT NOTICE

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters. The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

Safety information Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running **NV** Media Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC **UL** Listing Diagnostics Card

Safety information

1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

NOTE

A Note contains information which helps to ensure correct operation of

1.2 Important safety information. Hazards. Competence of designers and installers

This guide applies to products which control electric motors either directly (drives) or indirectly (controllers, option modules and other auxiliary equipment and accessories). In all cases the hazards associated with powerful electrical drives are present, and all safety information relating to drives and associated equipment must be observed.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this guide.

Drives and controllers are intended as components for professional incorporation into complete systems. If installed incorrectly they may present a safety hazard. The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury. Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and competence. They must read this safety information and this guide carefully.

1.3 Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment is installed correctly with regard to all instructions given in this guide. They must give due consideration to the safety of the complete system, so as to avoid the risk of injury both in normal operation and in the event of a fault or of reasonably foreseeable misuse.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation of the equipment.

1.4 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This guide contains instructions for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

All machinery to be supplied within the European Union in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery.

2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

1.5 **Electrical hazards**

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive. Hazardous voltage may be present in any of the following locations:

- AC and DC supply cables and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

The STOP and Safe Torque Off functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit.

The drive must be installed in accordance with the instructions given in this guide. Failure to observe the instructions could result in a fire hazard.

1.6 Stored electrical charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Mechanical hazards 1.7

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive or controller which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behaviour or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor

With the sole exception of the Safe Torque Off function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.

1.8 Access to equipment

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

1.9 **Environmental limits**

Instructions in this guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the equipment must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. This includes temperature, humidity, contamination, shock and vibration. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

Hazardous environments

The equipment must not be installed in a hazardous environment (i.e. a potentially explosive environment).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card		parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

1.11 **Motor**

The safety of the motor under variable speed conditions must be ensured.

To avoid the risk of physical injury, do not exceed the maximum specified speed of the motor.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective, causing a fire hazard. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive must not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in the Motor Rated Current parameter.

1.12 Mechanical brake control

Any brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

1.13 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

1.14 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Installation instructions for a range of EMC environments are provided in the relevant Power Installation Guide. If the installation is poorly designed or other equipment does not comply with suitable standards for EMC, the product might cause or suffer from disturbance due to electromagnetic interaction with other equipment. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the relevant EMC legislation in the place of use.

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboalu FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

2 Product information

2.1 Introduction

Open loop AC drive

The KBG3 Series delivers maximum machine performance with open loop vector and sensorless induction motor control, for dynamic and efficient machine operation.

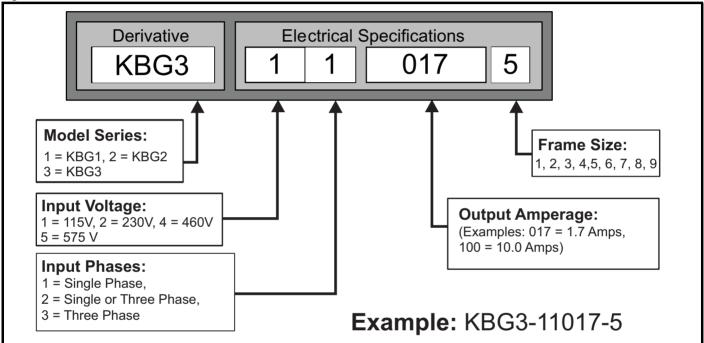
Features

- Enhance throughput with Machine Safety
- · NV Media Card for parameter copying and data storage
- 24 Vdc backup supply (optional)
- EIA 485 serial communications interface (optional)
- Dual channel Safe Torque Off (STO) input

2.2 Model number

The way in which the model numbers for the KBG3 Series range are formed is illustrated below:

Figure 2-1 Model number



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listina informatio information installation installation started paramete the motor Card parameters

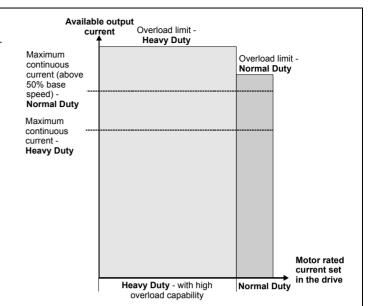
2.3 Ratings

The size 1 to 4 drive is Heavy Duty rated only.

The size 5 to 9 drive is dual rated.

The setting of the motor rated current determines which rating applies - Heavy Duty or Normal Duty.

The two ratings are compatible with motors designed to IEC60034. The graph aside illustrates the difference between Normal Duty and Heavy Duty with respect to continuous current rating and short term overload limits



Normal Duty

For applications which use Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors and require a low overload capability, and full torque at low speeds is not required (e.g. fans, pumps).

Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors require increased protection against overload due to the reduced cooling effect of the fan at low speed. To provide the correct level of protection the $\rm I^2t$ software operates at a level which is speed dependent. This is illustrated in the graph below.

NOTE

The speed at which the low speed protection takes effect can be changed by the setting of *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025). The protection starts when the motor speed is below 15 % of base speed when Pr 04.025 = 0 (default) and below 50 % when Pr 04.025 = 1.

Heavy Duty (default)

For constant torque applications or applications which require a high overload capability, or full torque is required at low speeds (e.g. winders, hoists).

The thermal protection is set to protect force ventilated induction motors by default.

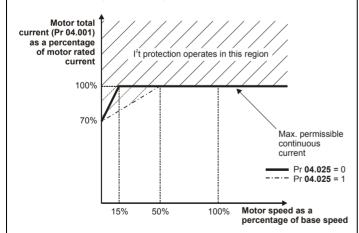
NOTE

If the application uses a self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motor and increased thermal protection is required for speeds below 50 % base speed, then this can be enabled by setting *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025) = 1.

Operation of motor I²t protection

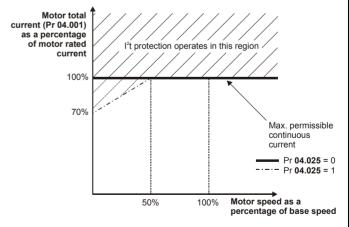
Motor I²t protection is fixed as shown below and is compatible with:

· Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors



Motor I²t protection defaults to be compatible with:

Forced ventilation induction motors



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Running		NV Media		Advanced		
	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

2.4 Operating modes

The drive is designed to operate in any of the following modes:

1. Open loop mode

Open loop vector mode Fixed V/F mode (V/Hz) Square V/F mode (V/Hz)

2. RFC - A

Without position feedback sensor

2.4.1 Open loop mode

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load. The drive can improve the speed control of the motor by applying slip compensation. The performance at low speed depends on whether V/F mode or open loop vector mode is selected.

Open loop vector mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where the drive uses motor parameters to apply the correct voltage to keep the flux constant under varying load conditions.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 1 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Fixed V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for multi-motor applications.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 4 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Square V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the square of the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for running fan or pump applications with quadratic load characteristics or for multi-motor applications. This mode is not suitable for applications requiring a high starting torque.

2.4.2 RFC-A mode

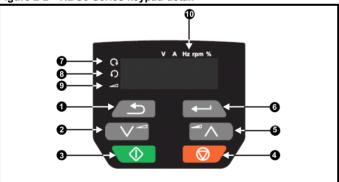
Rotor Flux Control for Asynchronous (induction) motors (RFC-A) encompasses closed loop vector control without a position feedback device

Rotor flux control provides closed loop control without the need for position feedback by using current, voltages and key motor parameters to estimate the motor speed. It can eliminate instability traditionally associated with open loop control for example when operating large motors with light loads at low frequencies.

2.5 Keypad and display

The keypad and display provide information to the user regarding the operating status of the drive and trip codes, and provide the means for changing parameters, stopping and starting the drive, and the ability to perform a drive reset.

Figure 2-2 KBG3 Series keypad detail

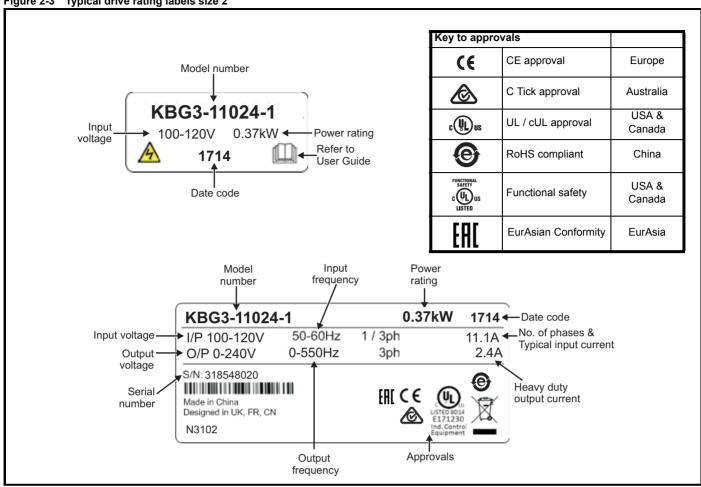


- Escape button
- 2. Down button
- 3. Start button (green)
- 4. Stop / Reset button (red)
- 5. Up button
- 6. Enter button
- 7. Run forward indicator
- 8. Run reverse indicator
- Keypad reference indicator
- 10. Unit indicators

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Linting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

2.6 Nameplate description

Figure 2-3 Typical drive rating labels size 2



Refer to Figure 2-1 Model number on page 10 for further information relating to the labels.

NOTE

Date code format

The date code is four numbers. The first two numbers indicate the year and the remaining numbers indicate the week of the year in which the drive was built. This new format started in 2017.

Example:

A date code of 1710 would correspond to week 10 of year 2017.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
--------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	-----------------	------------------	----------------------	--------------	------------------	-------------	---------------------	-------------	------------

2.7 Options

Figure 2-4 Options available with the drive

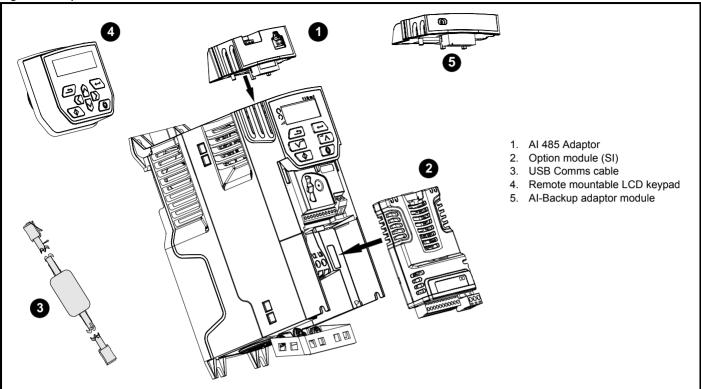


Table 2-1 System Integration (SI) option module identification

Туре	Option module	Color	Name	Further details
	ret -	Purple	SI-PROFIBUS	Profibus option PROFIBUS adaptor for communications with the drive
		Medium Grey	SI-DeviceNet	DeviceNet option DeviceNet adaptor for communications with the drive
Fieldbus		Light Grey	SI-CANopen	CANopen option CANopen adaptor for communications with the drive
Helubus		Yellow Green	SI-PROFINET V2	PROFINET V2 option PROFINET V2 adapter for communications with the drive
		Beige	SI-Ethernet	Ethernet option External Ethernet module that supports EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP/IP and RTMoE. The module can be used to provide global connectivity and integration with IT network technologies, such as wireless networking
		Brown Red	SI-EtherCAT	EtherCAT option EtherCAT adapter for communications with the drive

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Type	Option module	Color	Name	Further details
Automation (I/O expansion)	AHAMAN DON	Orange	SI-I/O	Extended I/O Increases the I/O capability by adding the following combinations: Digital I/O Digital Inputs Analog Inputs (differential or single ended) Relays

Table 2-2 Adaptor Interface (AI) option module identification

Туре	Option module	Name	Further details
	Communications	Al-485 adaptor	EIA 485 serial communications option Provides a EIA 485 serial communications interface via an RJ45 connector or alternative screw terminals.
Communications		AI-485 24V adaptor	EIA 485 serial communications option Provides a EIA 485 serial communications interface via an RJ45 connector or alternative screw terminals. It also provides a 24 V Backup supply input.
Dealon		Al-Backup adaptor	+24 V Backup and SD card interface Provides a +24 V Backup supply input and SD card interface
Backup		Al-Smart adaptor	+24 V Backup and SD card interface Supplied with 4 GB SD card for parameter copying and an input for 24 V Backup

Table 2-3 Keypad identification

Type	Keypad	Name	Further Details			
Keypad		Remote-Keypad	Remote LCD keypad option Remote Keypad with a LCD display			
Поурас		Remote-Keypad RTC	Remote LCD keypad option Remote Keypad with a LCD display and real time clock			

Safety Product information installation inst

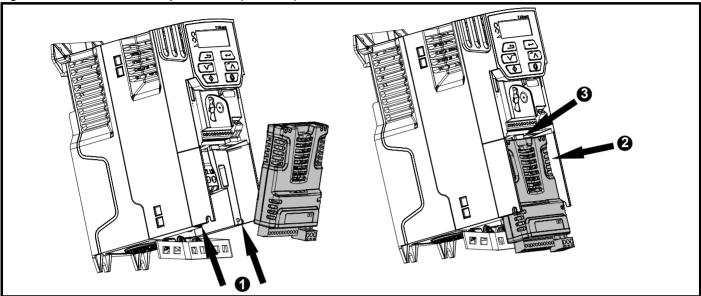
3 Mechanical installation

3.1 Installing / removing options



Power down the drive before installing / removing the SI option module. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product.

Figure 3-1 Installation of an SI option module (size 2 to 4)

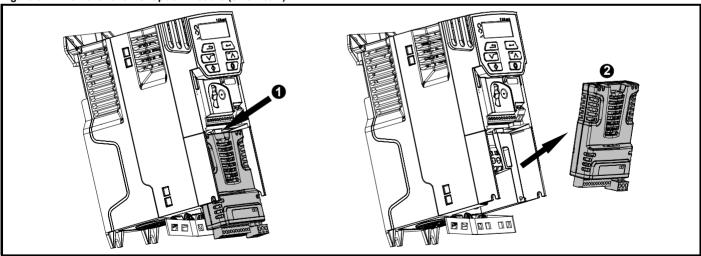


- With the option module tilted slightly backwards, align and locate the two holes in the rear of the option module onto the two tabs (1) on the drive.
- Press the option module onto the drive as shown in (2) until the connector mates with the drive, ensuring that the tab (3) retains the option module in place.

NOTE

Check that the option module is securely located on the drive. Always ensure that the terminal cover is always replaced before use as this ensures that the option module is firmly secured.

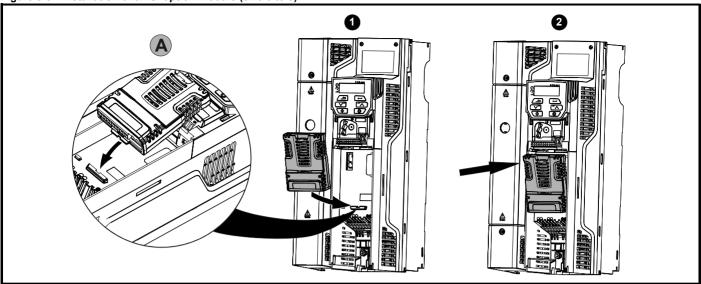
Figure 3-2 Removal of an SI option module (size 2 to 4)



- Press down on the tab (1) to release the option module from the drive housing as shown.
- Tilt the option module slightly towards you and pull away from the drive housing (2).

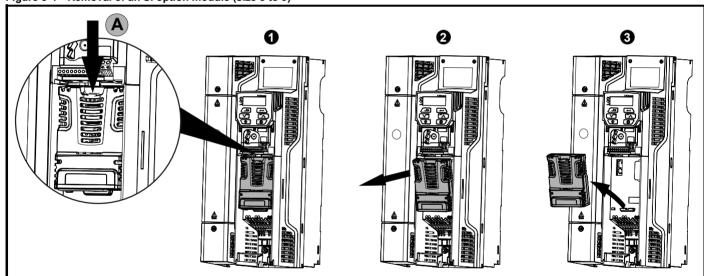
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Figure 3-3 Installation of an SI option module (size 5 to 9)



- Move the option module in the direction shown (1).
- · Align and insert the option module tab into the slot provided (2), This is shown in the detailed view (A).
- Press down on the option module until it clicks in place.

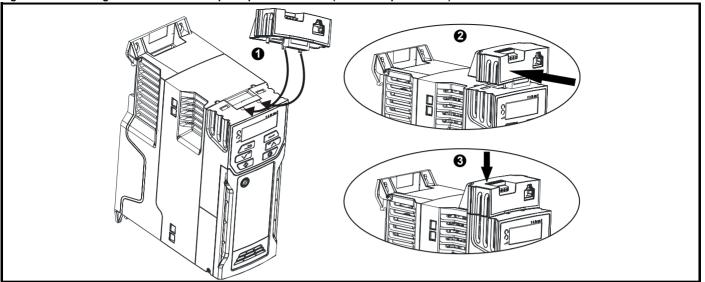
Figure 3-4 Removal of an SI option module (size 5 to 9)



- · To release the option module from the drive housing, press down on the tab (1) as shown in detailed view (A).
- Tilt the option module towards you as shown in (2).
- Remove the option module by lifting away from the drive as shown in (3).

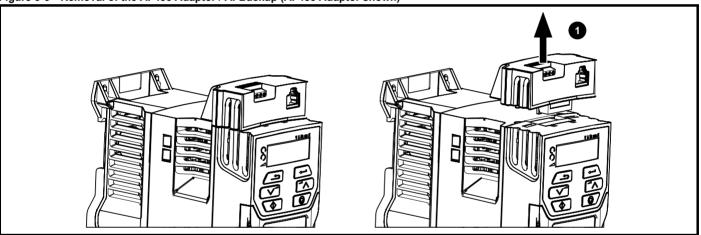
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard F EO	parameters	Diagnoonoo	OL LIGHING

Figure 3-5 Installing the Al-485 / Al-Backup Adaptor to the drive (Al-485 Adaptor shown)



- Identify the two plastic fingers on the underside of the Al-485 / Al-Backup Adaptor (1) then insert the two fingers into the corresponding slots in the spring loaded sliding cover on the top of the drive.
- · Hold the adaptor firmly and push the spring loaded protective cover towards the back of the drive to expose the connector block (2) below.
- Press the adaptor downwards (3) until the adaptor connector locates into the drive connection below.

Figure 3-6 Removal of the Al-485 Adaptor / Al-Backup (Al-485 Adaptor shown)



• To remove the Al-485 / Al-Backup adaptor, pull it up and away from the drive in the direction shown (1)

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Liotina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

3.2 Real time clock battery replacement

Those keypads which have the real time clock feature contain a battery to ensure the clock works when the drive is powered down. The battery has a long life time but if the battery needs to be replaced or removed, follow the instructions below.

Low battery voltage is indicated by \Box low battery symbol on the keypad display.

Figure 3-7 Remote Keypad RTC (rear view)

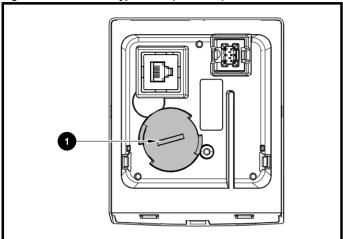


Figure 3-7 above illustrates the rear view of the Remote Keypad RTC.

- To remove the battery cover insert a flat head screwdriver into the slot as shown (1), push and turn anti-clockwise until the battery cover is released.
- 2. Replace the battery (the battery type is: CR2032).
- 3. Reverse point 1 above to replace battery cover.

NOTE

Ensure the battery is disposed of correctly.

Safety | Product | Mechanical | Electrical | Getting | Basic | Running | Installation | Installa

4 Electrical installation

4.1 24 Vdc supply

The 24 Vdc supply connected to the +24 V supply terminals on the Al-Backup adaptor provides the following functions:

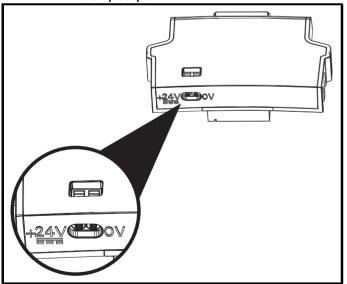
- It can be used as a back-up power supply to keep the control circuits
 of the drive powered up when the line power supply is removed. This
 allows any fieldbus modules or serial communications to continue to
 operate. If the line power supply is re-applied, then the normal
 operation can carry on after the drive automatically re-initializes the
 power board parameters.
- It can be used to clone or load parameters in order to pre-configure drives when the line power supply is not available. The keypad can be used to setup parameters if required. However, the drive will be in the Under Voltage state unless the line power supply is enabled, therefore diagnostics may not be possible. (Power down save parameters are not saved when using the 24 V back-up power supply input).

The working voltage range of the 24 V back-up power supply is as follows:

0V	0V (connected internally to 0V common - Control terminal 1)						
+ 24 V	+ 24 V Backup supply input						
Nominal operating voltage 24.0 Vdc							
Minimum continuous operating voltage 19.2 V							
Maximum continuous operating voltage 30.0 V							
Minimur	Minimum start up voltage 12.0 V						
Minimum power supply requirement at 24 V 20 W							
Maximum power supply continuous current 3 A							
Recomn	nended fuse	1 A, 50 Vdc					

Minimum and maximum voltage values include ripple and noise. Ripple and noise values must not exceed $5\,\%$.

Figure 4-1 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on the Al-Backup adaptor



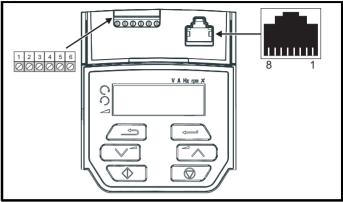
NOTE

The 24 Vdc Backup supply can be used on all frame sizes.

4.2 Communication connections

Installing an Al-485 Adaptor provides the drive with a 2 wire EIA 485 serial communications interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller as required.

Figure 4-2 Location of the Al-485 Adaptor option



4.2.1 EIA 485 serial communications

The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol. See Table 4-1 for the connection details.

NOTE

Standard Ethernet cables **must not be used** when connecting drives on a EIA 485 network as they do not have the correct twisted pairs for the pinout of the serial comms port.

Table 4-1 Serial communication port pin-outs (RJ45)

	(((((((-
Pin	Function
1	120 Ω Termination resistor
2	RX TX
3	0V
4	+24 V (100 mA) output
5	Not connected
6	TX enable
7	RX\ TX\
8	RX\ TX\ (if termination resistors are required, link to pin 1)

Minimum number of connections are 2, 3, 7 and shield.

Table 4-2 Serial communication port pin-outs (screw terminal block)

Pin	Function
1	0V
2	RX\ TX\ (if termination resistor required, link to pin 4)
3	RX TX
4	120 Ω Termination resistor
5	TX Enable
6	+24 V (100 mA) output

NOTE

The connections on the RJ45 connector and terminal block are in parallel.

Safety Product Mechanica Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced Electrical Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listina information installation parameter the motor Card parameters

4.2.2 Isolation of the EIA 485 serial communication port

The serial communication port is single insulated and meets the requirements for ELV.



When using the communications port with a personal computer or centralised controller e.g. PLC, an isolation device must be included with a rated voltage at least equal to the drive supply voltage. Ensure that the correct fuses are installed at the drive input, and that the drive is connected to the correct supply voltage.

If a serial communications converter other than the Comms cable is used to connect to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), then a safety isolating barrier must be included to maintain the SELV classification.

An isolated serial communications lead has been designed to connect the drive to IT equipment (such as laptop computers), and is available from the supplier of the drive. See below for details:

Table 4-3 Isolated serial comms lead details

Part number	Description
4500-0096	USB Comms cable

The "isolated serial communications" lead has reinforced insulation as defined in IEC60950 for altitudes up to 3,000 m.

4.3 Control connections

4.3.1 General

Table 4-4 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters available	Terminal number
Single ended analog input	2	Mode, offset, invert, scaling, destination	2, 5
Analog output	1	Source, mode, scaling,	7
Digital input	5	Destination, invert	5, 11, 12, 13, 14
Digital input / output	1	Input / output mode select, destination / source, invert	10
Frequency input	1	Maximum reference, input limit, scaling, destination	14
PWM or frequency output	1	Source, scaling, maximum output frequency, mode	10
Motor thermistor input	1	Mode, type, trip threshold, reset threshold	14
Relay	1	Source, invert	41
Drive enable (Safe Torque Off)	2		31 (STO 2 input), 34 (STO 1 input) [frame 1- 4] 31 (STO 1 input), 35 (STO 2 input) [frame 5 - 9]
+10 V User output	1		4
+24 V User output	1		9
0V common	1		1
0V Safe Torque Off	2		32 (0 V STO 2), 33 (0 V STO 1) [frame 1- 4] 32 (0 V STO 1), 36 (0 V STO 2) [frame 5 - 9]

NOTE

The 0V terminals on the Safe Torque Off are isolated from each other and the 0V common (size 1 to 4). The 0V terminals of the Safe Torque Off function on size 5 to 9 are common with the user 0V terminals.

Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal
Mode parameter:	Analog - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. voltage 0-10 V, current 4-20 mA etc. Digital - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, (the Drive Enable terminal is fixed in positive logic).

All analog terminal functions can be programmed in menu 7.

All digital terminal functions (including the relay) can be programmed in menu 8.



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage.



If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.



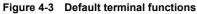
If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor or motor brake) then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.

NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

NOTE

The Safe Torque Off drive enable terminals are positive logic input only (see Figure 4-4 on page 22).



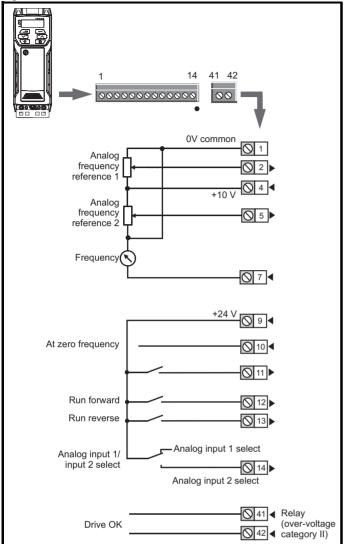


Figure 4-4 Safe Torque Off inputs (size 1 to 4)

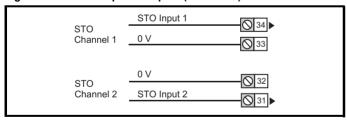
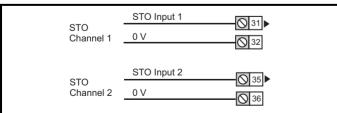


Figure 4-5 Safe Torque Off inputs (size 5 to 9)



4.3.2 Control terminal specification

1	0V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

2 Analog input 1		
Default function	Frequency reference	
Type of input	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage or unipolar current	
Mode controlled by	Pr 07.007	
Operating in voltage mode (defa	ult)	
Full scale voltage range	0V to +10 V ±3 %	
Maximum offset	±30 mV	
Absolute maximum voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V	
Input resistance	100k Ω	
Operating in current mode		
Current ranges	0 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 0 mA ±5 %, 4 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 4 mA ±5 %	
Maximum offset	250 μΑ	
Absolute maximum voltage (reverse bias)	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V	
Absolute maximum current	25 mA	
Equivalent input resistance	165 Ω	
Common to all modes		
Resolution	11 bits	
Sample rate	4 ms	

4	+10 V user output	
Default fur	nction	Supply for external analog devices
Nominal vo	oltage	10.2 V
Voltage tole	erance	±3 %
Maximum (output current	5 mA

5 Analog input	2	
Default function	Frequency reference	
Type of input	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage or positive logic only digital input	
Mode controlled by	Pr 07.011	
Operating in voltage mod	le (default)	
Full scale voltage range	0V to +10 V ±3 %	
Maximum offset	±30 mV	
Absolute maximum voltage	range -18 V to +30 V relative to 0V	
Input resistance	100 k Ω	
Resolution	11 bits	
Sample rate	4 ms	
Operating in digital mode		
Absolute maximum voltage	range -18 V to +30 V relative to 0V	
Impedance	6.8 k Ω	
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V (IEC 61131-2)	
Sample rate	1 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036 , otherwise 4 ms.	

7 Analog output 1	
Default function	Frequency output
Type of output	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage
Voltage range	+10 V
Maximum offset	15 mV
Load resistance	≥ 2k Ω
Protection	Short circuit relative to 0V
Resolution	0.1 %
Sample rate	4 ms

9	+24 V user output	
Default fu	ınction	Supply for external digital devices
Voltage to	lerance	±20 %
Maximum	output current	100 mA
Protection	1	Current limit and trip

10 Digital I/O 1		
Default function	AT ZERO FREQUENCY output	
Туре	Positive logic digital input, positive logic voltage source output. PWM or frequency output modes can be selected.	
Input / output mode controlled by	Pr 08.031	
Operating as in input		
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-8 V to +30 V relative to 0V	
Impedance	6.8 kΩ	
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V (IEC 61131-2)	
Operating as an output		
Nominal maximum output current	50 mA	
Maximum output current	100 mA (total including +24 Vout)	
Common to all modes		
Voltage range	0V to +24 V	
Sample rate	1 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036 , otherwise 4 ms	

11	Digital Input 2	
12	Digital Input 3	
13	Digital Input 4	
Terminal 1	1 default function	None
Terminal 1	2 default function	RUN FORWARD input
Terminal 1	3 default function	RUN REVERSE input
Туре		Positive logic only digital inputs
Voltage range		0V to +24 V
Absolute maximum applied voltage range		-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V
Impedance		6.8 kΩ
Input threshold		10 V ±0.8 V (IEC 61131-2)
Sample rate		1 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036, otherwise 4 ms.

14 Digital Input 5	
Terminal 14 default function	Analog INPUT 1 / INPUT 2 select
Туре	Positive logic only digital input. Frequency input or motor thermistor input (bias for DIN44081 ptc, KTY84, PT1000, PT2000 and other types) mode can be selected
Voltage range	0V to +24 V
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V
Impedance	6.8 kΩ
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V (IEC 61131-2)
Sample rate	1 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036 , otherwise 4 ms.

31 34	Safe Torque Off function (drive enable) (Frame 1 to 4)		
Туре		Positive logic only digital input	
Voltage range		0 to +24 V	
Absolute maximum applied voltage		30 V	
Logic Threshold		10 V ±5 V	
Low state maximum voltage for disable to SIL3 and PL e		5 V	
Impedance		>4 mA @ 15 V, <15mA @30 V (IEC 61131-2, type 1)	
Low state maximum current for disable to SIL3 and PL e		0.5 mA	
Response time		Nominal: 12 ms Maximum: 20 ms	

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the Safe Torque Off function is not required, these terminal are used for enabling the drive.

32	0V STO2 (Frame 1 to 4)	
Function		Common connection for STO2

33	0V STO1 (Frame 1 to 4)	
Function		Common connection for STO1

	Safe Torque Off function (drive enable) (Frame 5 to 9)		
Туре		Positive logic only digital input	
Voltage range		0 to +24 V	
Absolute maximum applied voltage		30 V	
Logic Threshold		10 V ±5 V	
Low state maximum to SIL3 and PL e	voltage for disable	5 V	
Impedance		>4 mA @ 15 V (IEC 61131-2, type 1, 3.3 kΩ)	
Low state maximum current for disable to SIL3 and PL e		0.5 mA	
Response time		Nominal: 6 ms Maximum: 20 ms	

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the Safe Torque Off function is not required, these terminal are used for enabling the drive.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
--------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	--------------------	------------------	-------------------	--------------	------------------	-------------	---------------------	-------------	------------

32	0V STO1 (Frame 5 to 9)	
Function		Common connection for STO1

36	0V STO2 (Frame 5 to 9)	
Function		Common connection for STO2

41 Relay contacts	
Default function	Drive OK indicator
Contact voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II
Contact maximum current rating	2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)
Contact minimum recommended rating	12 V 100 mA
Contact type	Normally open
Default contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive OK
Update rate	1 ms



To prevent the risk of a fire hazard in the event of a fault, a fuse or other over-current protection must be installed in the relay circuit.

4.4 Safe Torque Off (STO)

The Safe Torque Off function provides a means for preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor, with a very high level of integrity. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine. It is also suitable for use as a conventional drive enable input.

The safety function is active when the STO input is in the logic-low state as specified in the control terminal specification. The function is defined according to EN 61800-5-2 and IEC 61800-5-2 as follows. (In these standards a drive offering safety-related functions is referred to as a PDS(SR)):

'Power that can cause rotation (or motion in the case of a linear motor) is not applied to the motor. The PDS(SR) will not provide energy to the motor which can generate torque (or force in the case of a linear motor)'

This safety function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with stop category 0 of IEC 60204-1.

The Safe Torque Off function makes use of the special property of an inverter drive with an induction motor, which is that torque cannot be generated without the continuous correct active behaviour of the inverter circuit. All credible faults in the inverter power circuit cause a loss of torque generation.

The Safe Torque Off function is fail-safe, so when the Safe Torque Off input is disconnected the drive will not operate the motor, even if a combination of components within the drive has failed. Most component failures are revealed by the drive failing to operate. Safe Torque Off is also independent of the drive firmware. This meets the requirements of the following standards, for the prevention of operation of the motor.

Machinery Applications

The Safe Torque Off function has been independently assessed by Notified Body, TüV Rheinland for use as a safety component of a machine:

Prevention of unintended motor operation: The safety function "Safe Torque Off" can be used in applications up to Cat 4. PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1, SIL 3 according to EN 61800-5-2/EN 62061/IEC 61508 and in lift applications according to EN 81-1 and EN81-2.

Type examination certificate number	Date of issue	Models	Frame sizes
01/205/5387.01/15	2015-01-29	KBG3	5 to 9
01/205/5383.02/15	2015-04-21	KBG3	1 to 4

This certificate is available for download from the TüV Rheinland website at: http://www.tuv.com

Safety Parameters as verified by TüV Rheinland:

According to IEC 61508-1 to 07 / EN 61800-5-2 / EN 62061

Туре	Value	Percentage of SIL 3 allowance	Frame sizes		
Proof test interval	20 years		All		
High demand or a continuous mode of operation					
PFH (1/h)	9.61 x 10 ⁻¹¹ 1/h	< 1 %	1 to 4		
PFH (1/h)	4.16 x 10 ⁻¹¹ 1/h	< 1 %	5 to 9		
Low demand mode of operation (not EN61800-5-2)					
PFDavg	8.4 x 10 ⁻⁶	< 1 %	1 to 4		
PFDavg	3.64 x 10 ⁻⁶	< 1 %	5 to 9		

According to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	Value	Classification
Category	4	
Performance Level (PL)	е	
MTTF _D (STO1)	>2500 years	High
MTTF _D (STO2)	>2500 years	High
MTTF _D (Single channel STO)	>2500 years	High
DC _{avg}	≥99 %	High
Mission time	20 years	

NOTE

Logic levels comply with IEC 61131-2:2007 for type 1 digital inputs rated at 24 V. Maximum level for logic low to achieve SIL3 and PL e 5 V and 0.5mA.

Lift (Elevator) Applications

The Safe Torque function has been independently assessed for use as a safety component in lift (elevator) applications by Notified Body, TüV Nord:

The drives KBG3 series with safe torque off (STO) function if applied according to the "Conditions of application" fulfil the safety requirements of the standards EN81-1, EN81-2, EN 81-50 and EN60664-1 and are in conformity with all relevant requirements of the Directive 95/16/EC.

Certificate of Conformity number	Date of issue	Models
44 799 13196202	2015-04-08	KBG3

The Safe Torque Off function can be used to eliminate electromechanical contactors, including special safety contactors, which would otherwise be required for safety applications.

For further information contact the supplier of the drive.

UL Approval

The Safe Torque Off function has been independently assessed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL). The on-line certification (yellow card) reference is: FSPC.E171230.

Safety Product Mechanica Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced Electrical Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listina information installation started paramete the motor Card parameters

Safety Parameters as verified by UL:

According to IEC 61508-1 to 7

Туре	Value
Safety Rating	SIL 3
SFF	> 99%
PFH (1/h)	4.43 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1/h (< 1% of SIL 3 allowance)
HFT	1
Beta Factor	2 %
CCF	Not applicable

According to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	Value			
Category	4			
Performance Level (PL)	е			
MTTF _D	2574 years			
Diagnostic coverage	High			
CCF	65			

Two-channel Safe Torque Off

The KBG3 models have dual channel STO.

The dual channel STO has two fully independent channels.

Each input meets the requirements of the standards as defined above.

If either or both inputs are set at a logic low state, there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven.

It is not necessary to use both channels to meet the requirements of the standards. The purpose of the two channels is to allow connection to machine safety systems where two channels are required, and to facilitate protection against wiring faults.

For example, if each channel is connected to a safety-related digital output of a safety related controller, computer or PLC, then on detection of a fault in one output the drive can still be disabled safely through the other output.

Under these conditions, there are no single wiring faults which can cause a loss of the safety function, i.e. inadvertent enabling of the drive.

In the event that the two-channel operation is not required, the two inputs can be connected together to form a single Safe Torque Off input.

In this case it is important to note that a single short-circuit from the Safe Torque Off input to a DC supply > 5 V could cause the drive to be enabled.

This might occur through a fault in the wiring. This can be excluded according to EN ISO 13849-2 by the use of protected wiring. The wiring can be protected by either of the following methods:

- By placing the wiring in a segregated cable duct or other enclosure. or
- By providing the wiring with a grounded shield in a positive-logic grounded control circuit. The shield is provided to avoid a hazard from an electrical fault. It may be grounded by any convenient method; no special EMC precautions are required.

Note on response time of Safe Torque Off, and use with safety controllers with self-testing outputs:

Safe Torque Off has been designed to have a response time of greater than 1 ms so that it is compatible with safety controllers whose outputs are subject to a dynamic test with a pulse width not exceeding 1 ms.



The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application



Safe Torque Off does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections



Safe Torque Off inhibits the operation of the drive, this includes inhibiting braking. If the drive is required to provide both braking and Safe Torque Off in the same operation (e.g. for emergency stop) then a safety timer relay or similar device must be used to ensure that the drive is disabled a suitable time after braking. The braking function in the drive is provided by an electronic circuit which is not fail-safe. If braking is a safety requirement, it must be supplemented by an independent fail-safe braking mechanism.



It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of Safe Torque Off. The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the Safe Torque Off circuits be provided with a dedicated 0V conductors which should be connected to terminals 32 and 33 (sizes 1 to 4) and terminals 32 and 36 (sizes 5 to 9) at the drive.

Safe Torque Off over-ride

The drive does not provide any facility to over-ride the Safe Torque Off function, for example for maintenance purposes.

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
ı	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboard I LO	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

5 Getting started

This chapter introduces the user interfaces, menu structure and security levels of the drive.

5.1 Understanding the display

5.1.1 Keypad

The keypad display consists of a 6 digit LED display. The display shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being edited

The option module menu (S.mm.ppp) is only displayed if the option module is installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

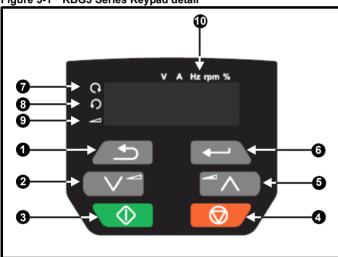
The display also includes LED indicators showing units and status as shown in Figure 5-1.

When the drive is powered up, the display will show the power up parameter defined by *Parameter Displayed At Power-Up* (11.022).

NOTE

The values in the *Status Mode Parameters* (Pr **22** and Pr **23**) shown on the display when the drive is running, can be toggled by using the escape button.

Figure 5-1 KBG3 Series Keypad detail



- 1. Escape button
- 2. Down button
- 3. Start button (green)
- 4. Stop / Reset button (red)
- 5. Up button
- 6. Enter button
- 7. Run forward indicator
- 8. Run reverse indicator
- Keypad reference indicator
- 10. Unit indicators

NOTE

The red stop button is also used to reset the drive.

The parameter value is correctly displayed on the keypad display as shown in Table 5-1.

Table 5-1 Keypad display formats

Display formats	Value				
Standard	100.99				
Date	31.12.11 or 12.31.11				
Time	12.34.56				
Character	ABCDEF				
Binary	5				
IP Address	192.168 88.1*				
MAC Address	01.02.03 04.05.06*				
Version number	01.23.45				

^{*}Alternate display

5.2 Keypad operation

5.2.1 Control buttons

The keypad consists of:

- Up and down button Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter button Used to change between parameter edit and view mode, as well as entering data. This button can also be used to select between slot menu and parameter display.
- Escape button Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the escape button pressed, the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.
- Start button Used to provide a 'Run' command if keypad mode is selected.
- Stop / Reset button Used to reset the drive. In keypad mode can be used for 'Stop'.



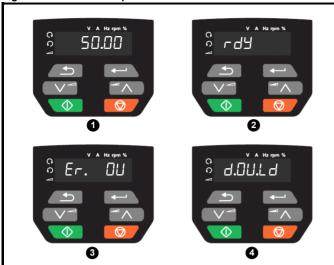
Figure 5-2 Display modes **Status** ınh Mode (If Enable is Connected) To enter Parameter View Mode, To return to Status Mode, press button press button Parameter | View Mode Pr 10 Press or to select parameter To return to Parameter View Mode, press button **Parameter** Pr 01 **View Mode** To view Parameter value, press button Parameter 0.00 Value Mode To return to Parameter Value View, and keep new value, press button. Press button to ignore new value and return the parameter to the pre-edited value. To enter Edit Mode, press button Holding or wincreases or decreases Edit 0.00Mode (edited digit flashes)

NOTE

The up and down buttons can only be used to move between menus if Pr 10 has been set to show 'ALL'. Refer to section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 30.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboard F EO	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Figure 5-3 Mode examples



- 1 Parameter view mode: Read write or Read only
- 2 Status mode: Drive OK status

If the drive is ok and the parameters are not being edited or viewed, the display will show one of the following:

inh', 'rdy' or status mode parameter value.

3 Status mode: Trip status

When the drive is in trip condition, the display will indicate that the drive has tripped and the display will show the trip code. For further information regarding trip codes, refer to section 12.4 *Trips, Sub-trip numbers* on page 135.

4 Status mode: Alarm status

During an 'alarm' condition the display flashes between the drive status parameter value and the alarm.



Do not change parameter values without careful consideration; incorrect values may cause damage or a safety hazard.

NOTE

When changing the values of parameters, make a note of the new values in case they need to be entered again.

NOTE

New parameter values must be saved to ensure that the new values apply after the drive has been power cycled. Refer to section 5.7 Saving parameters on page 30.

5.3 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters.

The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr 10 has been set to 'All' the up and down buttons are used to navigate between menus.

For further information refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 30.

The menus and parameters rollover in both directions i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus, the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

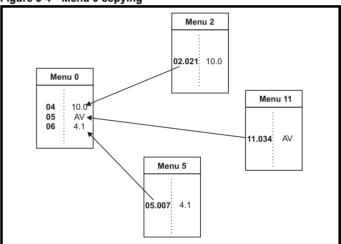
5.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. The parameters displayed in Menu 0 can be configured in Menu 22.

Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into Menu 0 and thus exist in both locations.

For further information, refer to Chapter 6 Basic parameters on page 32.

Figure 5-4 Menu 0 copying



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

5.5 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 24 can be viewed on the Keypad.

The option module menu (1.mm.ppp) is only displayed if the option module is installed. Where 1 signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameters.

Table 5-2 Advanced menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy programming
1	Frequency reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
20	General option module application menu 2
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
24	Option module slot 1 application menu
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*

^{*} Only displayed when the option module is installed.

5.5.1 Display messages

The following tables indicate the various possible mnemonics which can be displayed by the drive and their meaning.

Table 5-3 Status indications

String	Description	Drive output stage			
inh	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0. The other conditions that can prevent the drive from enabling are shown as bits in <i>Enable Conditions</i> (06.010)	Disabled			
rdy	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active	Disabled			
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled			
S.Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled			
dc inj	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled			
Er	The drive has tripped and no longer				
UV	The drive is in the under voltage state				
HEAt	The motor pre-heat function is active	Enabled			

5.5.2 Alarm indications

An alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the display. Alarms strings are not displayed when a parameter is being edited.

Table 5-4 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
br.res	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
OV.Ld	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
d.OV.Ld	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
tuning	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
LS	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.
Opt.Al	Option slot alarm.
Lo.AC	Low voltage mode. See Low AC Alarm (10.107).
I.AC.Lt	Current limit active. See <i>Current Limit Active</i> (10.009).
24.LoSt	24V Backup not present. See 24V Alarm Loss Enable (11.098)

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opumization.	Card	0.1000.0.1	parameters	Diagnoonoo	or rioting

5.6 Changing the operating mode

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. drive is in inhibit or under voltage state.
- 2. Change the setting of Pr 79 as follows:

Pr 79 setting	Operating mode	
OPENLP	1	Open-loop
F F E - R	2	RFC-A

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

NOTE

When the operating mode is changed, a parameter save is carried out.

- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100.

5.7 Saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when pressing the Enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out.

Procedure

- Select 'Save' in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000)
- 2. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

5.8 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (Pr **10**) and *User security code* (Pr **25**) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

- Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. drive is in inhibit or under voltage state.
- Select 'Def.50' or 'Def.60' in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000).
- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

5.9 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 24) in addition to Menu 0.

The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write.

Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in Table 5-5.

Table 5-5 Parameter access level and security

User security status (Pr 10)	Access level	Menu 0 status	Advanced menu status
0	LEVEL.1	RW	Not visible
1	LEVEL.2	RW	Not visible
2	ALL	RW	RW
3	StAtUS	RW	Not visible
4	no.Acc	RW	Not visible

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level: LEVEL.1 and user Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

5.9.1 User Security Level / Access Level

The drive provides a number of different levels of security that can be set by the user via *User Security Status* (Pr **10**); these are shown in the table below.

DCIOW.	
User Security Status (Pr 10)	Description
LEVEL.1 (0)	Access to first 10 parameters in Menu 0 only.
LEVEL.2 (1)	Access to all parameters in Menu 0.
ALL (2)	Access to all menus.
StAtUS (3)	The keypad remains in status mode and only first 10 parameters in Menu 0 can be viewed or edited.
no.Acc (4)	The keypad remains in status mode and only first 10 parameters in Menu 0 can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms interface.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listing information information paramete the motor Card

5.9.2 Changing the User Security Level /Access Level

The security level is determined by the setting of Pr 10 or Pr 11.044. The Security Level can be changed through the keypad even if the User Security Code has been set.

5.9.3 User Security Code

The User Security Code, when set, prevents write access to any of the parameters in any menu.

Setting User Security Code

Enter a value between 1 and 9999 in Pr 25 and press the button; the security code has now been set to this value. In order to activate the security, the Security level must be set to desired level in Pr 10. When the drive is reset, the security code will have been activated and the drive returns to LEVEL.1. The value of Pr 25 will return to 0 in order to hide the security code.

Unlocking User Security Code

Select a parameter that need to be edited and press the button, the display will now show 'Co'. Use the arrow buttons to set the security code and press the button. With the correct security code entered, the display will revert to the parameter selected in edit mode. If an incorrect security code is entered, the following message 'Co.Err' is displayed, and the display will revert to parameter view mode.

Disabling User Security

Unlock the previously set security code as detailed above. Set Pr 25 to 0 and press the button. The User Security has now been disabled, and will not have to be unlocked each time the drive is powered up to allow read / write access to the parameters.

5.10 Displaying parameters with nondefault values only

By selecting 'diff.d' in Pr **00** (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr **00**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **00** and select 'none' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 30 for further information regarding access level

5.11 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'dest' in Pr 00 (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr 00), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr 00 and select 'none' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 30 for further information regarding access level.

5.12 Communications

Installing an Al-485 Adaptor provides the drive with a 2 wire EIA 485 serial communications interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller as required.

5.12.1 EIA 485 Serial communications

Communication is via the RJ45 connector or screw terminals (parallel connection). The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol.

The communications port applies a 1.25 unit load to the communications network

USB to EIA485 Communications

An external USB hardware interface such as a PC cannot be used directly with the 2-wire EIA485 interface of the drive. Therefore a suitable converter is required.

A suitable USB to EIA485 isolated converter is available from KB as follows:

USB Comms cable (Part No. 4500-0096)

When using the above converter or any other suitable converter with the drive, it is recommended that no terminating resistors be connected on the network. It may be necessary to 'link out' the terminating resistor within the converter depending on which type is used. The information on how to link out the terminating resistor will normally be contained in the user information supplied with the converter.

Serial communications set-up parameters

The following parameters need to be set according to the system requirements.

requirements.		
Seria	I communications	set-up parameters
Serial Mode (11.024)	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 1 EP (8), 7 1 OP (9), 7 1 OP M (11)	The drive only supports the Modbus RTU protocol and is always a slave. This parameter defines the supported data formats used by the EIA 485 comms port (if installed) on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself.
Serial Baud Rate (Pr 43)	600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600(8), 76800(9), 115200 (10)	This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before sending a new message using the new baud rate.
Serial Address (Pr 44)	1 to 247	This parameter defines the serial address and an addresses between 1 and 247 are permitted.
Reset Serial Communications (Pr 45)	Off (0) or On (1)	When the above parameters are modified the changes do not have an immediate effect on the serial communication system. The new values are used after the next power up or if Reset Serial Communications is set to 1.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	- p	Card		parameters		

6 Basic parameters

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. All the parameters in Menu 0 appear in other menus in the drive (denoted by $\{...\}$). Menu 22 can be used to configure the parameters in Menu 0.

6.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums:

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum value which is dependent on one of the following:

- · The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- · Combination of any of the above

For more information please see section 11.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums: on page 73.

6.2 Menu 0: Basic parameters

	B		Range	÷ (\$)	Defa	ult (⇔)			_			
	Parameter		OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
01	Minimum Speed	{01.007}	0.00 to Pr	02 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
02	Maximum Speed	{01.006}	0.00 to 550	0.00 Hz		ult: 50.00 Hz ult: 60.00 Hz	RW	Num				US
03	Acceleration Rate 1	{02.011}	0.0 to 32000.0	s / 100 Hz	5.0 s /	100 Hz	RW	Num				US
04	Deceleration Rate 1	{02.021}	0.0 to 32000.0	s / 100 Hz	10.0 s	/ 100 Hz	RW	Num				US
05	Drive Configuration	{11.034}	AV (0), AI (1), AV.Pr (2), AI.P PAd.rEF (6), E.Pot (7)		AV	′ (0)	RW	Txt			PT	US
06	Motor Rated Current	{05.007}	0.00 to Drive	Rating A	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating A			Num		RA		US
07	Motor Rated Speed*	{05.008}	0.0 to 3300	00.0 rpm	50Hz default: 1500.0 rpm 60Hz default: 1800.0 rpm	50Hz default: 1450.0 rpm 60Hz default: 1750.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
08	Motor Rated Voltage	{05.009}	0 to 76	55 V	230 V dr 460 V drive 460 V drive	ive: 230 V ive: 230 V 50 Hz: 400 V 60 Hz: 460 V ive: 575 V	RW	Num		RA		US
09	Motor Rated Power Factor**	{05.010}	0.00 to	1.00	0	.85	RW	Num		RA		US
10	User Security Status	{11.044}	LEVEL.1 (0), LEVEL.2 (1), ALI	(2), StAtUS (3), no.Acc (4)	LEVE	EL.1 (0)	RW	Num	ND		PT	
11	Start/Stop Logic Select	{06.004}	0 to	6		5	RW	Num				US
15	Jog Reference	{01.005}	0.00 to 30	0.00 Hz	1.5	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
16	Analog Input 1 Mode	{07.007}	4-20.S (-6), 20-4.S (-5), 4-20.L 20-4.H (-1), 0-20 (0), 20-0 (4-20 (4), 20-4	1), 4-20.tr (2), 20-4.tr (3),	Volt (6)			Txt				US
17	Bipolar Reference Enable	{01.010}	Off (0) or	On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
18	Preset Reference 1	{01.021}	0.00 to Pr	02 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
19	Preset Reference 2	{01.022}	0.00 to Pr	02 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
20	Preset Reference 3	{01.023}	0.00 to Pr	02 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
21	Preset Reference 4	{01.024}	0.00 to Pr	02 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
22	Status Mode Parameter 2	{11.019}	0.000 to 3		4.020			Num			PT	US
23	Status Mode Parameter 1	{11.018}	0.000 to 3		2.001			Num			PT	US
24	Customer Defined Scaling	{11.021}	0.000 to		1.000			Num				US
25	User Security Code	{11.030}	0 to 99	999	0			Num	ND		PT	US
27	Power-up Keypad Control Mode Reference	{01.051}	Reset (0), Last (, , ,	Reset (0)			Txt				US
28	Ramp Mode Select	{02.004}	Fast (0), Std (1), Std.	, , , , , ,	Sto	d (1)	RW	Txt				US
29	Ramp Enable	{02.002}		Off (0) or On (1)		On (1)	RW	Bit				US
30	Parameter Cloning	{11.042}	NonE (0), rEAd (1), Prog	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Nor	nE (0)	RW	Txt		NC		US
31	Stop Mode	{06.001}	Coast (0), rp (1), rp.dc I (2), dc I (3), td.dc I (4), dis (5)	Coast (0), rp (1), rp.dc I (2), dc I (3), td.dc I (4), dis (5), No.rp (6)	rp	(1)	RW	Txt				US
32	Dynamic V to F Select	{05.013}	0 to 1		0		RW	Num				US
	Flux Optimisation Select	{05.013}		0 to 1		0	RW	Num				US
33	Catch A Spinning Motor	{06.009}	dis (0), Enable (1), Fr.0			s (0)	RW	Txt				US
34	Digital Input 5 Select	{08.035}	Input (0), th.Sct (1), th (ut (0)	RW	Txt				US
35	Digital Output 1 Control	{08.091}	0 to 2		0	RW	Num				US	
36 37	Analog Output 1 Control Maximum Switching Frequency	{07.055} {05.018}	0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7),		0) kHz	RW	Txt Txt				US	
38	Autotune	{05.012}	16 (8) kHz 0 to 2	0		RW	Num		NC		US	
39	Motor Rated Frequency	{05.006}	0.0 to 550	50Hz:	50.00 Hz 60.00 Hz	RW	Num		RA		US	
40	Number of Motor Poles***	{05.011}	Auto (0) to	32 (16)		0 (0)	RW	Num				US
40	Number of Motor Poles***	{05.011}	Auto (0) to	32 (16)	Aut	0 (0)	RW	Num				US

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

			Range	· (‡)	Defau	ılt (⇔)	I					
	Parameter		OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
41	Control Mode	{05.014}	Ur.S (0), Ur (1), Fd (2), Ur.Auto (3), Ur.I (4), SrE (5), Fd.tAP (6)		Ur.I (4)		RW	Txt				US
42	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	{05.015}	0.0 to 25	5.0 %	3.0	%	RW	Num				US
43	Serial Baud Rate	{11.025}	600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 48 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 76		1920	0 (6)	RW	Txt				US
44	Serial Address	{11.023}	1 to 2	47	,	1	RW	Num				US
45	Reset Serial Communications	{11.020}	Off (0) or	On (1)	Off	(0)	RW		ND	NC		
46	BC Upper Current Threshold	{12.042}	0 to 20	0 %	50	RW	Num				US	
47	BC Lower Current Threshold	{12.043}	0 to 20	0 %	10	RW					US	
48	BC Brake Release Frequency	{12.044}	0.00 to 20		1.00		RW	Num				US
49	BC Brake Apply Frequency	{12.045}	0.00 to 20		2.00		RW	Num				US
50	BC Brake Delay	{12.046}	0.0 to 2) s	RW	Num				US
51	BC Post-brake Release Delay	{12.047}	0.0 to 2) s	RW	Num				US
53	BC Initial Direction	{12.050}	Ref (0), For (1), Rev (2)	Ref	(0)	RW	Txt				US
54	BC Brake Apply Through Zero Threshold	{12.051}	0.00 to 25	.00 Hz	1.00) Hz	RW	Num				US
	BC Enable	{12.041}	dis (0), Relay (1), di		dis	(0)	RW	Txt				US
56	Trip 0	{10.020}	0 to 2				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
57	Trip 1	{10.021}	0 to 2				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
58	Trip 2	{10.022}	0 to 2				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
59	OUP Enable	{11.047}	Stop (0) or	, ,	Rur	1 (1)	RW	Txt				US
60	OUP Status	{11.048}	-2147483648 to	2147483647			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
65	Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1	{03.010}	0.000 to 200.000 s/rad			0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
66	Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1	{03.011}	0.00 to 655.35 s ² /rad			0.10 s ² /rad	RW	Num				US
67	Sensorless Mode Filter	{03.079}		4 (0), 5 (1), 6 (2), 8 (3), 12 (4), 20 (5) ms		4 (0) ms	RW	Txt				US
69	Spin Start Boost	{05.040}	0.0 to 1	10.0	1.	.0	RW	Num				US
70	PID1 Output	{14.001}	± 100.0	0 %				Num	ND	NC	PT	
71	PID1 Proportional Gain	{14.010}	0.000 to		1.000			Num				US
	PID1 Integral Gain	{14.011}	0.000 to		0.500			Num				US
73	PID1 Feedback Invert	{14.006}	Off (0) or	, ,	Off (0)			Bit				US
74	PID1 Output Upper Limit	{14.013}	0.00 to 10		100.0		RW	Num				US
75	PID1 Output Lower Limit	{14.014}	± 100.0		-100.		RW	Num				US
76	Action on Trip Detection	{10.037}	0 to 3	31	()	RW	Num				US
77	Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating	{11.032}	0.00 to Drive HD C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
78	Software Version	{11.029}	0 to 99.9				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
79	User Drive Mode	{11.031}	OPEn.LP (1),	, ,	OPEn.LP (1)	RFC-A (2)	RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US
81	Reference Selected	{01.001}	-Pr 02 to Pr 02 or P				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
82	Pre-ramp Reference	{01.003}	-Pr 02 to Pr 02 or P				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u>-</u> .
83	Final Demand Reference	{03.001}	-Pr 02 to Pr 02 or P			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
84	D.C. Bus Voltage	{05.005}	0 to 119			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
85 86	Output Frequency Output Voltage	{05.001} {05.002}	± 550.0 0 to 93			RO	Num	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	FI	
87	Motor Rpm	{05.002}	± 33000.			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
88	Current Magnitude	{04.001}	0 to Drive Maxim			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
89	Torque Producing Current	{04.001}					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
90	Digital I/O Read Word	{08.020}					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
91	Reference On	{01.011}					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
92	Reverse Select	{01.012}					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
93	Jog Select	{01.013}					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
94	Analog Input 1	{07.001}	± 100.0			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
95	Analog Input 2	{07.002}	± 100.0			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
	٠,	,										<u> </u>

^{*} Setting Pr 07 to 0.0 will disable slip compensation.

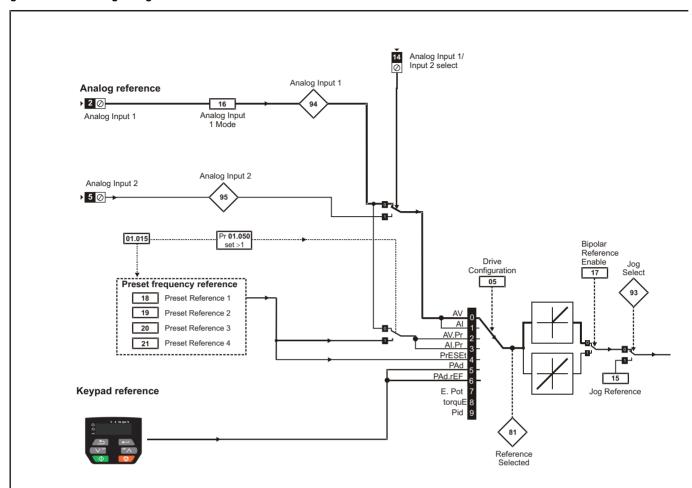
^{***} If this parameter is read via serial communications, it will show pole pairs.

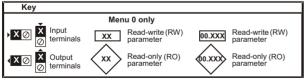
П	RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
	ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
	ΙP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

^{**} Following a rotating autotune Pr **09** {05.010} is continuously written by the drive, calculated from the value of *Stator Inductance* (Pr **05.025**). To manually enter a value into Pr **09** {05.010}, Pr **05.025** will need to be set to 0. Refer to the description of Pr **05.010** in the *Parameter Reference Guide* for further details.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISHING

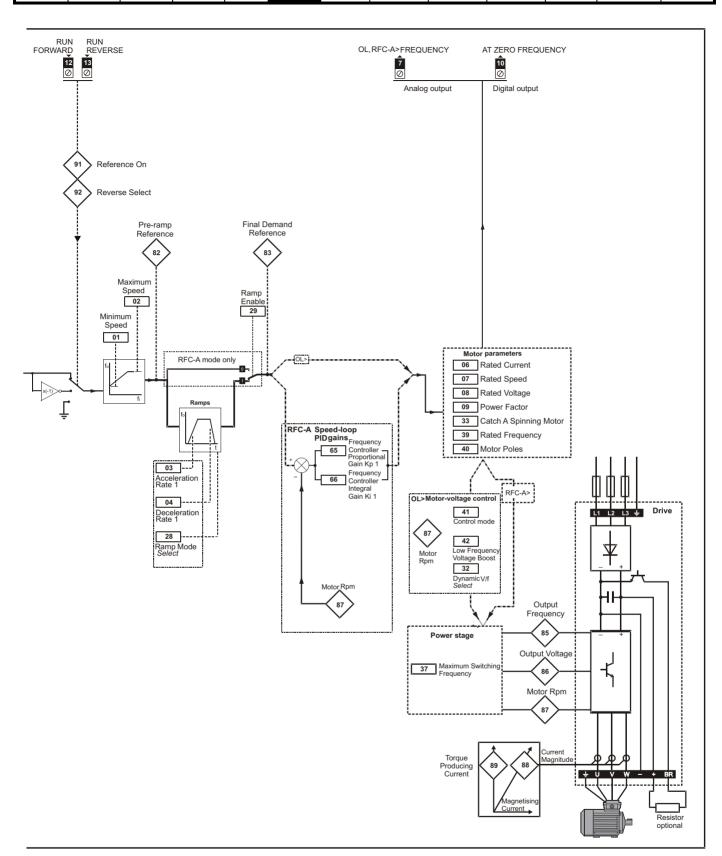
Figure 6-1 Menu 0 logic diagram





The parameters are all shown in their default settings

Safety Electrical Getting NV Media Product Mechanical Basic Running Advanced UL Listing Onboard PLC Diagnostics Optimization information information installation installation started parameters the motor Card parameters



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISHING

6.3 Parameter descriptions

6.3.1 Pr 00

Pr **00** is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr **00** shown in Table 6-1. The functions in Table 6-1 can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 6-2) in Pr **00**. For example, enter 4001 in Pr **00** to store drive parameters on an NV media card.

Table 6-1 Commonly used functions in Pr 00

Value	Equivalent value	String	Action
0	0	None	No action
1001	1	SAVE	Save drive parameters to non-volatile memory
6001	2	LOAd.1	Load the data from file 1 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4001	3	SAVE.1	Store the drive parameters in file 1 on a non-volatile media card
6002	4	LOAd.2	Load the data from file 2 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4002	5	SAVE.2	Store the drive parameters in file 2 on a non-volatile media card
6003	6	LOAd.3	Load the data from file 3 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4003	7	SAVE.3	Store the drive parameters in file 3 on a non-volatile media card
12000	8	diff.d	Only display parameters that are different from their default value
12001	9	dest	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations
1233	10	def.50	Load 50 Hz defaults
1244	11	def.60	Load 60 Hz defaults
1070	12	rst.opt	Reset option module

Table 6-2 Functions in Pr 00

Value	Action
1000	Save parameters when Under Voltage Active (Pr 10.016) is not active.
1001	Save parameters under all conditions
1070	Reset option module
1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menu 15
1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults
1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menu 15
1299	Reset {St.HF} trip.
2001*	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters
4yyy*	NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy
6ууу*	NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy
7yyy*	NV media card: Erase file yyy
8yyy*	NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file yyy
9555*	NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag
9666*	NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag
9777*	NV media card: Clear the read-only flag
9888*	NV media card: Set the read-only flag
12000**	Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.
12001**	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.

^{*} See Chapter 9 NV Media Card on page 63 for more information on these functions.

All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function. Equivalent values and strings are also provided in the table above.

^{**} These functions do not require a drive reset to become active.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

6.4 Control terminal configurations and wiring

	05		Drive Co	nfiguratio	on					
RW		Txt						PT	US	
OL	ĵ;	, ,	Al (1), Av	, ,	. ,	₽		AV (0	\	
RFC-A	*		ot (7), torq	. , .	. , .	- v		Αν (υ	,	

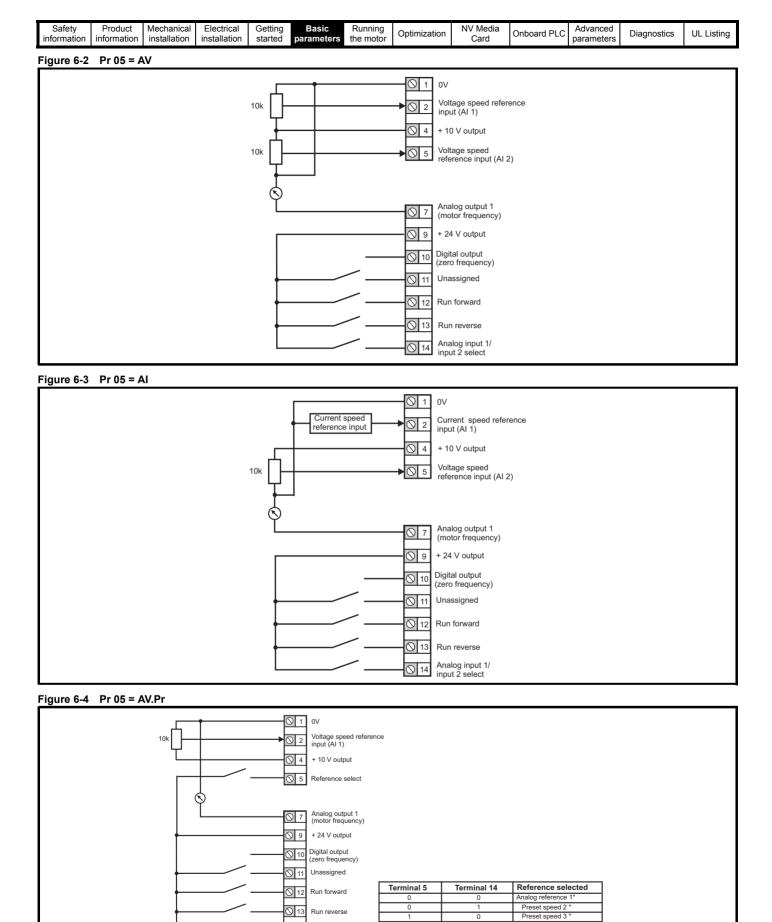
Table 6-3 Parameter changes when drive configuration is changed

Parameter	Description					Drive Cor	nfiguratio	n			
number	Description	AV	Al	AV.Pr	Al.Pr	PrESEt	PAd	PAd.rEF	E.Pot	torquE	Pid
01.014	Reference select	0	0	1	1	3	4	6	3	0	1
06.004	Start/stop logic	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
07.007	Analog input 1 mode	6	4	6	4	6	6	6	6	4	4
07.010	Analog input 1 destination	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	0.000
07.011	Analog input 2 mode	6	6	7	7	7	6	6	7	6	6
07.014	Analog input 2 destination	01.037	01.037	01.046	01.046	01.046	01.037	01.037	09.027	04.008	0.000
07.051	Analog input 1 control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
07.052	Analog input 2 control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
08.022	Digital input 2 destination	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
08.025	Digital input 5 destination	01.041	01.041	01.045	01.045	01.045	01.041	01.041	09.026	04.011	14.008
08.085	DI 5 Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
09.025	Motorized pot destination	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	01.021	0.000	0.000
14.003	PID 1 reference source	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	07.002
14.004	PID 1 feedback source	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	07.001
14.016	PID 1 destination	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	01.036

The setting of Pr 05 automatically sets the drive configuration.

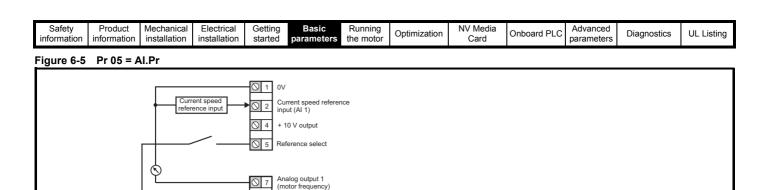
Value	Text	Description
0	AV	Analog input 1 (voltage) or Analog input 2 (voltage) selected by terminal (Local/Remote)
1	Al	Analog input 1 (current) or Analog input 2 (voltage) selected by terminal (Local/Remote)
2	AV.Pr	Analog input 1 (voltage) or 3 presets selected by terminal
3	Al.Pr	Analog input 1 (current) or 3 presets selected by terminal
4	PrESEt	Four presets selected by terminal
5	PAd	Keypad reference
6	PAd.rEF	Keypad reference with terminal control
7	E.Pot	Electronic Potentiometer
8	torquE	Torque mode, Analog input 1 (current frequency reference) or Analog input 2 (voltage torque reference) selected by terminal
9	Pid	PID mode, Analog input 1 (current feedback source) and Analog input 2 (voltage reference source)

Action will only occur if the drive is inactive and no User Actions are running. Otherwise, the parameter will return to its pre altered value on exit from edit mode. All parameters are saved if this parameter changes.



^{*} Refer to section 11.2 Menu 1: Frequency reference on page 80.

Preset speed 4 *



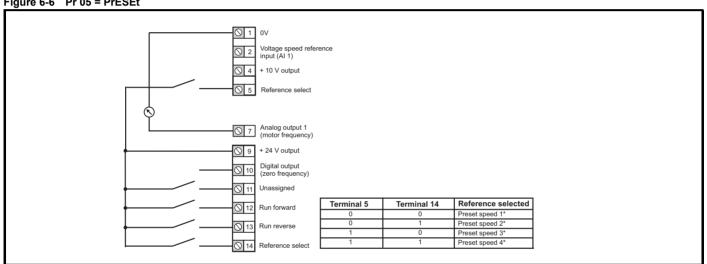
Terminal 5

Terminal 14

Reference selected

Analog reference 1* Preset speed 2* Preset speed 3 Preset speed 4*

Figure 6-6 Pr 05 = PrESEt



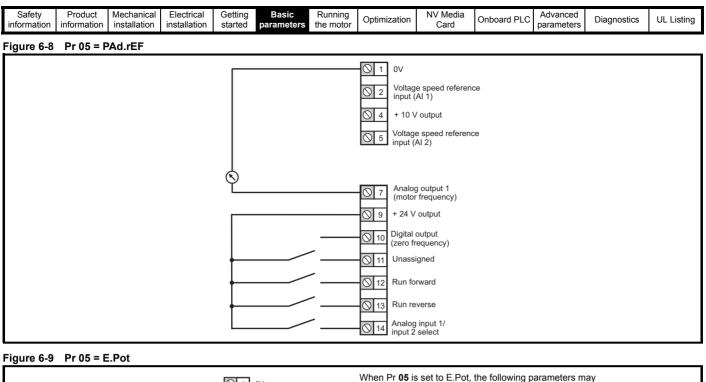
^{*} Refer to section 11.2 Menu 1: Frequency reference on page 80.

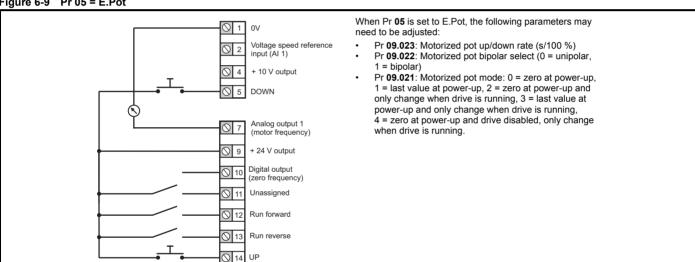
**** 11

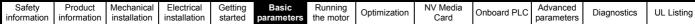
Unassigned

Run forward

Figure 6-7 Pr 05 = PAd When Pr 05 is set to PAd, to run in reverse: Voltage speed reference input (Al 1) ○ 2 Set Pr 17 to On The Keypad reference can now + 10 V output be set to a negative frequency to Voltage speed reference run the motor in the reverse ○ 5 input (Al 2) direction. Analog output 1 ○ 7 (motor frequency) + 24 V output **O** 9 Digital output **(**) 10 (zero frequency) Unassigned **\)** 12 Run forward Run reverse Analog input 1/ input 2 select







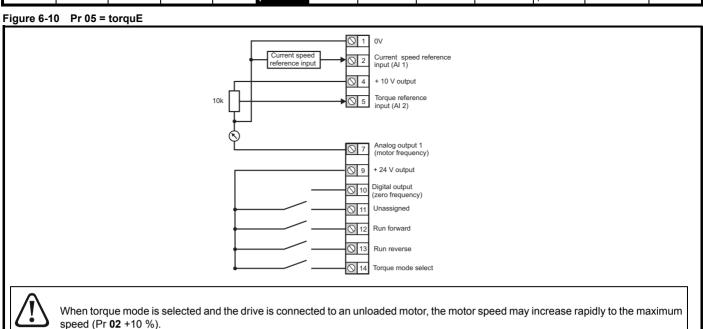
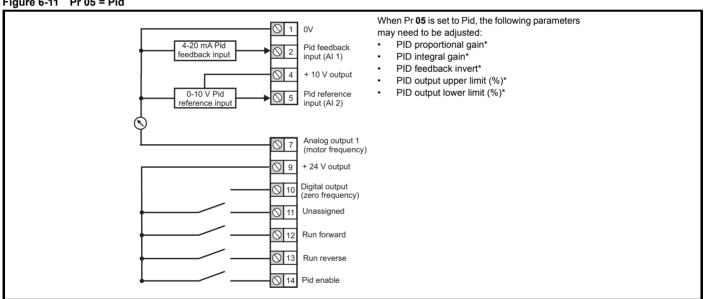


Figure 6-11 Pr 05 = Pid



^{*} Refer to section 11.14 Menu 14: User PID controller on page 124.

Safety Product information Installation Inst

7 Running the motor

This chapter takes the new user through all the essential steps to running a motor for the first time, in each of the possible operating modes.

For information on tuning the drive for the best performance, see Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 49.



Ensure that no damage or safety hazard could arise from the motor starting unexpectedly.



The values of the motor parameters affect the protection of the motor

The default values in the drive should not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **06** *Motor Rated Current*. This affects the thermal protection of the motor



If the drive is started using the keypad it will run to the speed defined by the keypad reference (Pr 01.017). This may not be acceptable depending on the application. The user must check in Pr 01.017 and ensure that the keypad reference has been set to 0.



If the intended maximum speed affects the safety of the machinery, additional independent over-speed protection must be used.

7.1 Quick start connections

7.1.1 Basic requirements

This section shows the basic connections which must be made for the drive to run in the required mode. For minimal parameter settings to run in each mode please see the relevant part of section 7.3 *Quick start commissioning / start-up* on page 47.

Table 7-1 Minimum control connection requirements for each control mode

Drive control method	Requirements
Terminal mode	Drive enable Speed / Torque reference Run forward / Run reverse
Keypad mode	Drive enable
Serial communications	Drive enable Serial communications link

7.2 Changing the operating mode

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- Ensure that the drive is not enabled, i.e. drive is in inhibit or under voltage state.
- 2. Change the setting of Pr 79 as follows:

Pr 79 setting		Operating mode
OPEALP	1	Open-loop
TFC-8	2	RFC-A

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

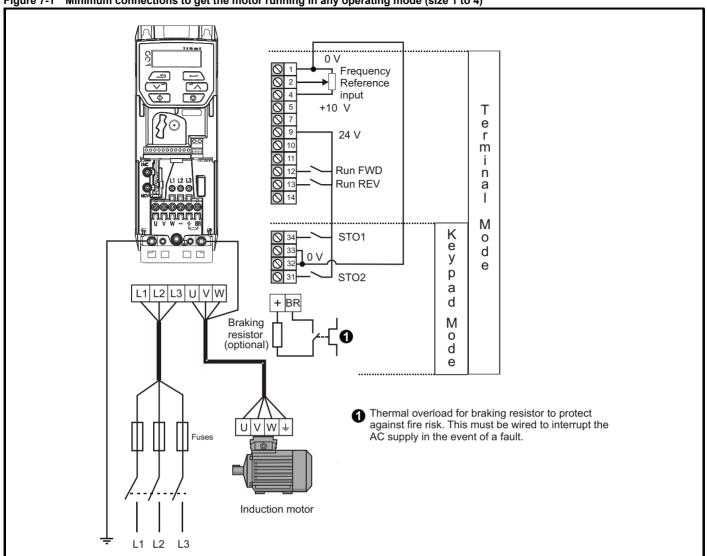
- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100.

NOTE

When the operating mode is changed, a parameter save is carried out.



Figure 7-1 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 1 to 4)



information information installation installation parameters Card parameters

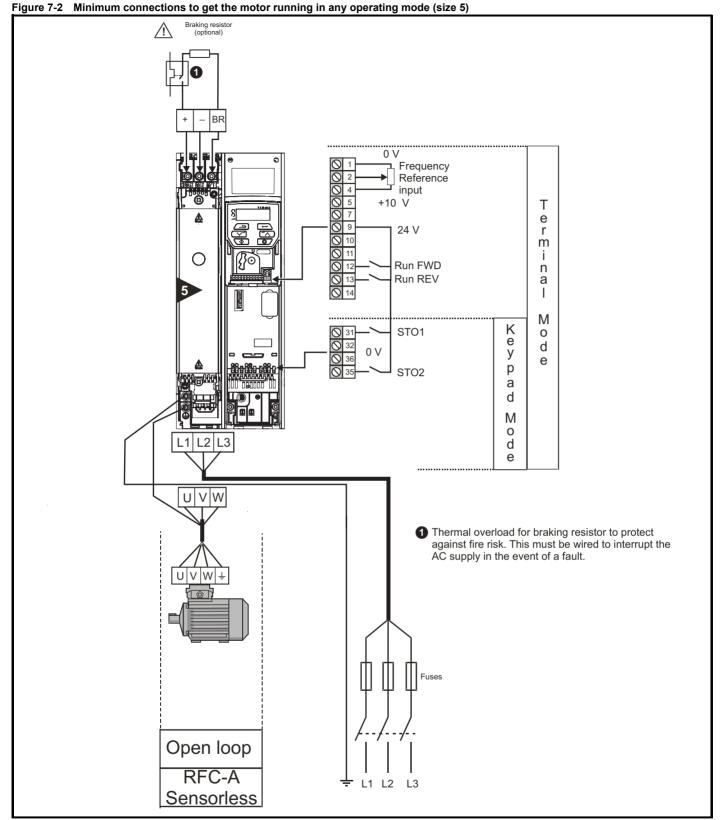
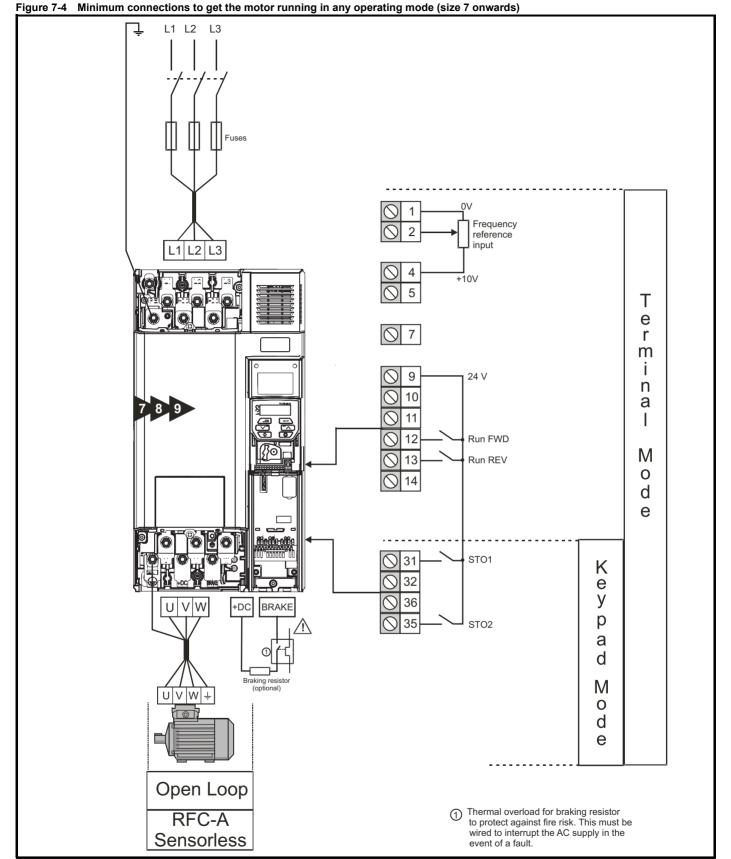




Figure 7-3 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 6) BR 0 V Frequency Reference input +10 V Т е 24 V r m Run FWD n Run REV а Μ STO1 0 e y d 0 V е р STO2 а d M L2 L3 U 0 d е 1 Thermal overload for braking resistor to protect against fire risk. This must be wired to interrupt the AC supply in the event of a fault. U V W + Fuses Open loop RFC-A Sensorless

45

information information installation started Card parameters parameters



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboalu FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

7.3 Quick start commissioning / start-up

7.3.1 Open loop

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminals 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9 is open) Run signal is not given, terminal 12/13 is open. Motor is connected to the drive. The motor connection is correct for the drive	
Power-up the drive	Verify that open loop mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 30. Ensure: Drive displays 'inh' (enable terminals are open). If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 Diagnostics on page 133.	7
Enter motor nameplate details	 Motor rated current in Pr 06 (Amps) Motor rated speed in Pr 07 (rpm / min⁻¹) Motor rated voltage in Pr 08 (Volts) 	MOT.3 ↑ LS 80 L T ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 02 (Hz)	Pr 02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 03 (s) Deceleration rate in Pr 04 (s) (If braking resistor is installed, set Pr 28 = FAST. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'lt.br' trips may be seen). 	100Hz
Autotune	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive. A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ² / ₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. A stationary autotune measures the stator resistance of the motor and the dead time compensation for the drive. These are required for good performance in vector control modes. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 09. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at ² / ₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the power factor of the motor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 38 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 38 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the Drive Enable signal (apply +24 V to terminal 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9). The drive will display 'rdy'. Give a run command (apply +24 V to terminal 12 - Run forward or terminal 13 - Run reverse). The display will flash 'tuning' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'inh' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 133. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive.	R ₃ dL ₃
Save parameters	Select 'Save' in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001) and press the red button.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	OptZation	Card	01100010120	parameters	Diagnostics	02 2.00.19

7.3.2 RFC - A mode

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9 is open) Run signal is not given, terminal 12/13 is open. Motor is connected to the drive. The motor connection is correct for the drive	*
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 30. Ensure: Drive displays 'inh' (enable terminals are open). If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 Diagnostics on page 133.	[7
Enter motor nameplate details	 Motor rated current in Pr 06 (Amps) Motor rated speed in Pr 07 (rpm / min⁻¹)* Motor rated voltage in Pr 08 (Volts) 	MOT. 3 \(\to \) LS 80 \(\triangle \) T T T T T S T T T T
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 02 (Hz)	Pr 02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 03 (s) Deceleration rate in Pr 04 (s) (If braking resistor is installed, set Pr 28 = FAST. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'lt.br' trips may be seen). 	100Hz
Autotune	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ² / ₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 09. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at ² / ₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 38 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 38 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the drive enable signal (apply +24 V terminal 11 - Run forward or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9). The drive will display 'rdy'. Give a run command (apply +24 V to terminal 12 - Run forward or terminal 13 - Run reverse). The display will fash 'tuning' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'inh' and for the motor to come to a standstill lift the drive to display 'inh' and for the motor to come t	R _s oL _s T Nm saturation break-points N rpm
Save parameters	Select 'Save' in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001) and press red reset button.	
Run	The drive is now ready to run	•

^{*} Slip is required for RFC-A mode.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina **NV** Media Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics UL Listing information started paramete the motor Card parameters

8 Optimization

This chapter takes the user through methods of optimizing the drive set-up and maximize the performance. The auto-tuning features of the drive simplify the optimization tasks.

8.1 Motor map parameters

8.1.1 Open loop motor control

Pr 06 {05.007} Motor Rated Current

Defines the maximum continuous motor current

- The rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:
- Current limits (see section section 8.3 Current limits on page 55, for more information)
- Motor thermal overload protection (see section section 8.4 Motor thermal protection on page 55, for more information)
- Vector mode voltage control (see Control Mode later in this table)
- Slip compensation (see Enable Slip Compensation (05.027), later in this table)
- · Dynamic V/F control

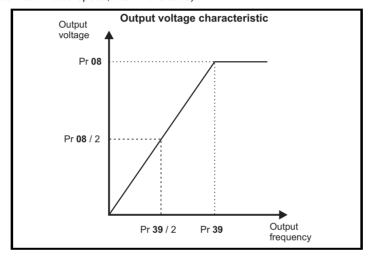
Pr 08 {05.009} Motor Rated Voltage

Pr 39 {05.006} Motor Rated Frequency

Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency

Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied

The Motor Rated Voltage (Pr 08) and the Motor Rated Frequency (Pr 39) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see Control Mode, later in this table). The Motor Rated Frequency is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see Motor Rated Speed, later in this table).



Pr 07 {05.008} Motor Rated Speed

Pr 40 {05.011} Number of Motor Poles

Defines the full load rated speed of the motor

Defines the number of motor poles

The motor rated speed and the number of poles are used with the motor rated frequency to calculate the rated slip of induction machines in Hz.

Rated slip (Hz) = Motor rated frequency - (Number of pole pairs x [Motor rated speed / 60]) = $Pr39 = \left(\frac{Pr40}{2} \times \frac{Pr07}{60}\right)$

If Pr 07 is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, slip compensation is disabled. If slip compensation is required this parameter should be set to the nameplate value, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. Sometimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will operate correctly both below base speed and within the field-weakening region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.

Pr 40 is also used in the calculation of the motor speed display by the drive for a given output frequency. When Pr 40 is set to 'Auto', the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the rated frequency Pr 39, and the motor rated speed Pr 07.

Number of poles = 120 x (Rated Frequency (Pr 39) / Rated Speed (Pr 07)) rounded to the nearest even number.

Pr 43 {05.010} Motor Rated Power Factor

Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current. The power factor is used in conjunction with the *Motor Rated Current* (Pr **06**), to calculate the rated active current and magnetising current of the motor. The rated active current is used extensively to control the drive, and the magnetising current is used in vector mode stator resistance compensation. It is important that this parameter is set up correctly. The drive can measure the motor rated power factor by performing a rotating autotune (see *Autotune* (Pr **38**), overleaf).

Pr 38 {05.012} Auto-tune

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test measures the Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see Control Mode later in this table). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 09. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 38 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminals 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9) and a run signal (on terminals 12 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Motor Rated Frequency* (Pr 39) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Motor Rated Power Factor* (Pr 09). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 38 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminals 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9) and a run signal (on terminals 12 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminals 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

Pr 41 {05.014} Control Mode

There are several voltage modes available which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost.

Vector control

Vector control mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency*, and then a constant voltage above motor rated frequency. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/50 and motor rated frequency/4, full vector based stator resistance compensation is applied. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/4 and motor rated frequency/2 the stator resistance compensation is gradually reduced to zero as the frequency increases. For the vector modes to operate correctly the *Motor Rated Power Factor* (Pr 09), *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.059) and current at *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.060) are all required to be set up accurately. The drive can be made to measure these by performing an autotune (see Pr 38 *Autotune*). The drive can also be made to measure the stator resistance automatically every time the drive is enabled or the first time the drive is enabled after it is powered up, by selecting one of the vector control voltage modes.

- (0) **Ur S** = The stator resistance is measured and the parameters for the selected motor map are over-written each time the drive is made to run. This test can only be done with a stationary motor where the flux has decayed to zero. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary each time the drive is made to run. To prevent the test from being done before the flux has decayed there is a period of 1 second after the drive has been in the ready state during which the test is not done if the drive is made to run again. In this case, previously measured values are used. Ur S mode ensures that the drive compensates for any change in motor parameters due to changes in temperature. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.
- (4) **Ur I** = The stator resistance is measured when the drive is first made to run after each power-up. This test can only be done with a stationary motor. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary the first time the drive is made to run after each power-up. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.
- (1) **Ur** = The stator resistance and voltage offset are not measured. The user can enter the motor and cabling resistance into the *Stator Resistance* (05.017). However this will not include resistance effects within the drive inverter. Therefore if this mode is to be used, it is best to use an autotune test initially to measure the stator resistance.
- (3) **Ur_Auto** = The stator resistance is measured once, the first time the drive is made to run. After the test has been completed successfully the *Control Mode* (Pr **41**) is changed to Ur mode. The *Stator Resistance* (05.017) parameter is written to, and along with the *Control Mode* (Pr **41**), are saved in the drive's EEPROM. If the test fails, the voltage mode will stay set to Ur Auto and the test will be repeated next time the drive is made to run.

Fixed boost

The stator resistance is not used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by Pr 42, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are three settings of fixed boost available:

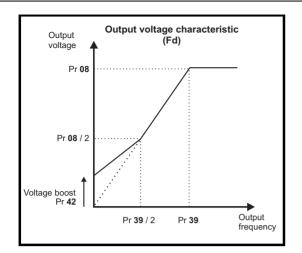
- (2) **Fixed** = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency* (Pr **39**), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.
- (5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency* (Pr **39**), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.
- (6) Fixed Tapered = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic with a tapered slip limit.

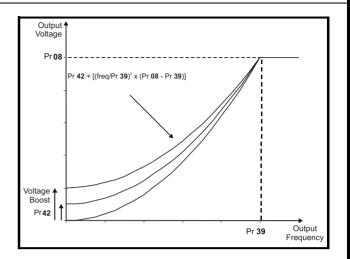
50

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced UL Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics installation installation started paramete the motor

Pr 41 {05.014} Control Mode (cont)

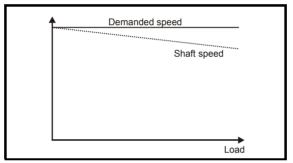
For mode 2 and 5, at low frequencies (from 0 Hz to ½ x Pr 39) a voltage boost is applied as defined by Pr 42 as shown below:





Pr 05.027 Enable Slip Compensation

When a motor, being controlled in open loop mode, has load applied a characteristic of the motor is that the output speed droops in proportion to the load applied as shown:



In order to prevent the speed droop shown above slip compensation should be enabled. To enable slip compensation Pr **05.027** must be set to 100 % (this is the default setting), and the motor rated speed must be entered in Pr **07** (Pr **05.008**).

The motor rated speed parameter should be set to the synchronous speed of the motor minus the slip speed. This is normally displayed on the motor nameplate, i.e. for a typical 18.5 kW, 50 Hz, 4 pole motor, the motor rated speed would be approximately 1465 rpm. The synchronous speed for a 50 Hz, 4 pole motor is 1500 rpm, so therefore the slip speed would be 35 rpm. If the synchronous speed is entered in Pr 07, slip compensation will be disabled. If too small a value is entered in Pr 07, the motor will run faster than the demanded frequency. The synchronous speeds for 50 Hz motors with different numbers of poles are as follows:

2 pole = 3000 rpm, 4 pole = 1500 rpm, 6 pole =1000 rpm, 8 pole = 750 rpm

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

8.1.2 RFC-A mode

Pr 06 {05.007} Motor Rated Current

Defines the maximum motor continuous current

The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:

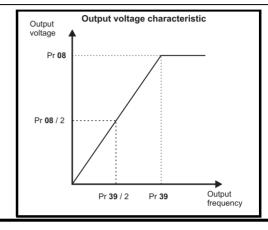
- Current limits (see section 8.3 *Current limits* on page 55, for more information).
- Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.4 Motor thermal protection on page 55, for more information)
- · Vector control algorithm

Pr 08 {05.009} Motor Rated Voltage

Pr 39 {05.006} Motor Rated Frequency

The Motor Rated Voltage (Pr 08) and the Motor Rated Frequency (Pr 39) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see Control Mode (Pr 41), later in this table). The motor rated frequency is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see Motor Rated Speed (Pr 07), later in this table).

Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency
Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Gettina Basic Runnina **NV** Media Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listina information information installation installation started paramete the motor parameters

Pr 07 {05.008} Motor Rated Speed

Pr 40 {05.011} Number of Motor Poles

Defines the full load rated speed of the motor and slip

Defines the number of motor poles

The motor rated speed and motor rated frequency are used to determine the full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm. Incorrect setting of this parameter has the following effects:

- Reduced efficiency of motor operation
- Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor
- Reduced transient performance
- Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes

The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot motor; however, some adjustment may be required when the drive is commissioned if the nameplate value is inaccurate. A fixed value can be entered in this parameter.

When Pr 40 is set to 'Auto', the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Motor Rated Frequency* (Pr 39), and the *Motor Rated Speed* (Pr 07).

Number of poles = 120 x (Motor Rated Frequency (Pr 39 / Motor Rated Speed (Pr 07) rounded to the nearest even number.

Pr 09 {05.010} Motor Rated Power Factor

Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current. If the *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is set to zero then the power factor is used in conjunction with the *Motor Rated Current* (Pr **06**) and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetising currents of the motor, which are used in the vector control algorithm. If the stator inductance has a non-zero value this parameter is not used by the drive, but is continuously written with a calculated value of power factor. The stator inductance can be measured by the drive by performing a rotating autotune (see *Autotune* (Pr **38**), later in this table).

Pr 38 {05.012} Autotune

There are three autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test and a mechanical load measurement test. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. An inertia measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

NOTE

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 38 set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the Stator Resistance (05.017) and Transient Inductance (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 09. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 38 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 & 34) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Motor Rated Frequency* (Pr 39) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 05.062 and Pr 05.063) are modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 38 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 & 34) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13).
- The mechanical load test can measure the total inertia of the load and the motor. A series of progressively larger torque levels are applied to the motor (20 %, 40 % ... 100 % of rated torque) to accelerate the motor up to ¾ x Motor Rated Speed (Pr 07) to determine the inertia from the acceleration/deceleration time. The test attempts to reach the required speed within 5s, but if this fails, the next torque level is used. When 100 % torque is used, the test allows 60 s for the required speed to be reached, but if this is unsuccessful, a tun.1 trip is initiated. To reduce the time taken for the test, it is possible to define the level of torque to be used for the test by setting Mechanical Load Test Level (05.021) to a non-zero value. When the test level is defined, the test is only carried out at the defined test level and 60 s is allowed for the motor to reach the required speed. It should be noted that if the maximum speed allows for flux weakening then it may not be possible to achieve the required torque level to accelerate the motor fast enough. If this is the case, the maximum speed reference should be reduced.
 - 1. The motor must be stationary at the start of the test.
 - 2. The motor is accelerated in the required direction up to ¾ of the maximum speed reference and then decelerated to zero speed.
 - 3. The test is repeated with progressively higher torque until the required speed is reached.

To perform a mechanical load measurement autotune, set Pr **38** to 3, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 & 34) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13). Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 31 & 34, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

{04.013} / {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (04.013) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune Pr* 38, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Safety | Product | Mechanical | Electrical | Getting | Basic | Running | Information | Information | Installation | Installati

Frequency Loop Gains (00.065 {03.010}, Pr 00.066 {03.011}

The frequency loop gains control the response of the frequency controller to a change in frequency demand. The frequency controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the frequency controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 03.010 to Pr 03.012) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled.

Frequency Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 65 (03.010) and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a frequency error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual frequencies. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the frequency error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by numerical quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Frequency Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 66 (03.011) and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent frequency regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any frequency error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the frequency to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain, the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 03.012 and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the frequency controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

Gain Change Threshold, Pr 03.017

If the Frequency Controller Gain Select (03.016) = 2, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr **03.010** to Pr **03.012**) are used while the modulus of the frequency demand is less than the value held by Gain Change Threshold (03.017), else gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr **03.013** to Pr **03.015**) will be used.

Tuning the frequency loop gains:

This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the frequency feedback.

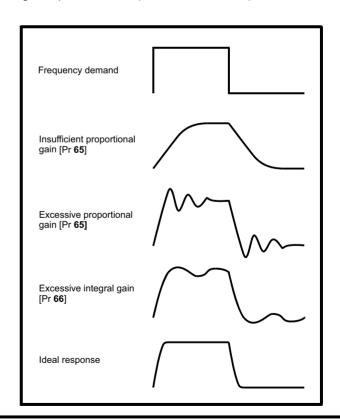
Give the drive a step change in frequency reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the frequency overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the frequency becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response approaches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect ${\sf P}$ and ${\sf I}$ gain settings as well as the ideal response.



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listina information installation installation the motor Card

8.2 Maximum motor rated current

Size 1 to 4:

The maximum motor rated current is the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (Pr 77).

The values for the Heavy Duty rating can be found in the *Power Installation Guide*.

Size 5 onwards:

The maximum motor rated current allowed by the drive is greater than the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (Pr 77). The ratio between the Normal Duty rating and the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (Pr 77) varies between drive sizes. The values for the Normal and Heavy Duty rating can be found in the *Power Installation Guide*. If the *Motor Rated Current* (Pr 06) is set above the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (Pr 77), the current limits and the motor thermal protection scheme are modified (see section 8.3 *Current limits* section 8.4 *Motor thermal protection* below for further information).

8.3 Current limits

The default setting for the current limit parameters is:

- 165 % x motor rated torque producing current for open loop mode.
- 175 % x motor rated torque producing current for RFC-A mode.

There are three parameters which control the current limits:

- Motoring current limit: power flowing from the drive to the motor
- · Regen current limit: power flowing from the motor to the drive
- Symmetrical current limit: current limit for both motoring and regen operation

The lowest of either the motoring and regen current limit, or the symmetrical current limit applies.

The maximum setting of these parameters depends on the values of motor rated current, drive rated current and the power factor.

With size 5 upwards, increasing the motor rated current (Pr 06 / Pr 05.007) above the Heavy Duty rating (default value), will automatically reduce the current limits in Pr 04.005 to Pr 04.007. If the motor rated current is then set to or below the Heavy Duty rating, the current limits will be left at their reduced values.

The drive can be oversized to permit a higher current limit setting to provide higher accelerating torque as required up to a maximum of 1000 %.

8.4 Motor thermal protection

A time constant thermal model is provided to estimate the motor temperature as a percentage of its maximum allowed temperature.

The motor thermal protection is modelled using losses in the motor. The losses in the motor are calculated as a percentage value, so that under these conditions the *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) would eventually reach 100 %.

Percentage losses = 100 % x [Load related losses]

Where:

Load related losses = $[I / (K_1 \times I_{Rated})]^2$

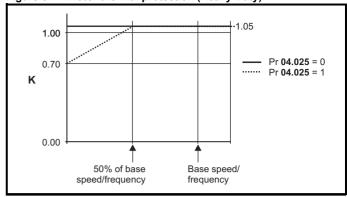
Where:

I = Current Magnitude (Pr 88)

I_{Rated} = Motor Rated Current (Pr **06**)

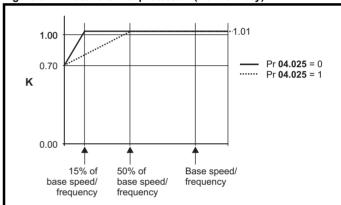
If Motor Rated Current (Pr 06) ≤ Maximum Heavy Duty Current (Pr 77)

Figure 8-1 Motor thermal protection (Heavy Duty)



If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is for a motor which can operate at rated current over the whole speed range. Induction motors with this type of characteristic normally have forced cooling. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect of motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed below 50 % of base speed/ frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.05, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 105 % current

Figure 8-2 Motor thermal protection (Normal Duty)



Both settings of Pr **04.025** are intended for motors where the cooling effect of the motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed, but with different speeds below which the cooling effect is reduced. If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 15 % of base speed/frequency. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 50 % of base speed/frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.01, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 101 % current.

When the estimated temperature in Pr 04.019 reaches 100 % the drive takes some action depending on the setting of Pr 04.016. If Pr 04.016 is 0, the drive trips when Pr 04.019 reaches 100 %. If Pr 04.016 is 1, the current limit is reduced to (K - 0.05) x 100 % when Pr 04.019 reaches 100 %.

The current limit is set back to the user defined level when Pr **04.019** falls below 95 %. The thermal model temperature accumulator accumulates the temperature of the motor while the drive remains powered-up. By default, the accumulator is set to the power down value at power up. If the rated current defined by Pr **06** is altered, the accumulator is reset to zero.

The default setting of the thermal time constant (Pr 04.015) is 179 s which is equivalent to an overload of 150 % for 120 s from cold.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running **NV** Media Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics informatic information installation started paramete the moto Card parameters

8.5 Switching frequency

The default switching frequency is 3 kHz, however this can be increased up to a maximum of 16 kHz by Pr 37.

If switching frequency is increased from 3 kHz the following apply:

- Increased heat loss in the drive, which means that derating to the output current must be applied.
 See the derating tables for switching frequency and ambient
- Reduced heating of the motor due to improved output waveform quality.
- 3. Reduced acoustic noise generated by the motor.

temperature in the Power Installation Guide.

Increased sample rate on the speed and current controllers. A trade
off must be made between motor heating, drive heating and the
demands of the application with respect to the sample time required.

NOTE

Lowest switching frequency in RFC-A mode is 2 kHz.

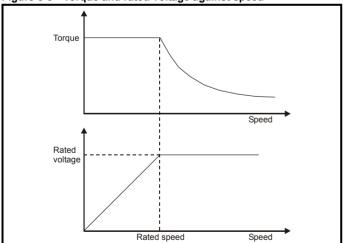
Table 8-1 Sample rates for various control tasks at each switching frequency

	0.667 1 kHz	3, 6, 12 kHz	2, 4, 8, 16 kHz	Open loop	RFC-A
Level 1	250 μs	167 μs	2 kHz = 250 μs 4 kHz = 125 μs 8 kHz = 125 μs 16 kHz = 125 μs	Peak limit	Current controllers
Level 2	250 μs			Current limit and ramps	Speed controller and ramps
Level 3	1 ms			Voltage	controller
Level 4	4 ms			Time critical	user interface
Background					critical user erface

8.5.1 Field weakening (constant power) operation

The drive can be used to run an induction machine above synchronous speed into the constant power region. The speed continues to increase and the available shaft torque reduces. The characteristics below show the torque and output voltage characteristics as the speed is increased above the rated value.

Figure 8-3 Torque and rated voltage against speed



Care must be taken to ensure the torque available above base speed is sufficient for the application to run satisfactorily.

The saturation breakpoint parameters (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 05.062 and Pr 05.063) found during the autotune in RFC-A mode ensure the magnetizing current is reduced in the correct proportion for the specific motor. (In open loop mode the magnetizing current is not actively controlled).

8.5.2 Maximum frequency

In all operating modes the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz.

8.5.3 Over-modulation (open-loop only)

The maximum output voltage level of the drive is normally limited to an equivalent of the drive input voltage minus voltage drops within the drive (the drive will also retain a few percent of the voltage in order to maintain current control). If the motor rated voltage is set at the same level as the supply voltage, some pulse deletion will occur as the drive output voltage approaches the rated voltage level. If Pr 05.020 (Over-modulation enable) is set to 1 the modulator will allow over modulation, so that as the output frequency increases beyond the rated frequency the voltage continues to increase above the rated voltage.

This can be used for example:

 To obtain high output frequencies with a low switching frequency which would not be possible with space vector modulation limited to unity modulation depth,

or

In order to maintain a higher output voltage with a low supply voltage.

The disadvantage is that the machine current will be distorted as the modulation depth increases above unity, and will contain a significant amount of low order odd harmonics of the fundamental output frequency. The additional low order harmonics cause increased losses and heating in the motor.

8.5.4 Switching frequency/Output frequency ratio

With a default switching frequency of 3 kHz, the maximum output frequency should be limited to 250 Hz. Ideally, a minimum ratio of 12:1 should be maintained between the switching frequency and the output frequency. This ensures the number of switchings per cycle is sufficient to ensure the output waveform quality is maintained at a minimum level.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

8.6 Modbus RTU specification

This section describes the adaptation of the MODBUS RTU protocol offered on KB's products. The portable software class which implements this protocol is also defined.

MODBUS RTU is a master slave system with half-duplex message exchange. The KB implementation supports the core function codes to read and write registers. A scheme to map between MODBUS registers and KB parameters is defined. The KB implementation also defines a 32 bit extension to the standard 16 bit register data format.

8.6.1 MODBUS RTU

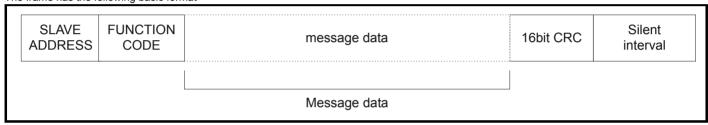
Physical layer

Attribute	Description
Normal physical layer for multi-drop operation	EIA485 2 wire
Bit stream	Standard UART asynchronous symbols with Non Return to Zero (NRZ)
Symbol	Each symbol consists of:- 1 start bit 8 data bits (transmitted least significant bit first) 2 stop bits*
Baud rates	600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200

^{*} The drive will accept a packet with 1 or 2 stop bits but will always transmit 2 stop bits

RTU framing

The frame has the following basic format

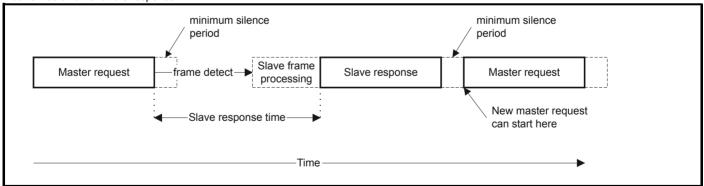


The frame is terminated with a minimum silent period of 3.5 character times (for example, at 19200 baud the minimum silent period is 2 ms). Nodes use the terminating silence period to detect the end of frame and begin frame processing. All frames must therefore be transmitted as a continuous stream without any gaps greater or equal to the silence period. If an erroneous gap is inserted then receiving nodes may start frame processing early in which case the CRC will fail and the frame will be discarded.

MODBUS RTU is a master slave system. All master requests, except broadcast requests, will lead to a response from an individual slave. The slave will respond (i.e. start transmitting the response) within the quoted maximum slave response time (this time is quoted in the data sheet for all KB products). The minimum slave response time is also quoted but will never be less that the minimum silent period defined by 3.5 character times.

If the master request was a broadcast request then the master may transmit a new request once the maximum slave response time has expired.

The master must implement a message time out to handle transmission errors. This time out period must be set to the maximum slave response time + transmission time for the response.



8.6.2 Slave address

The first byte of the frame is the slave node address. Valid slave node addresses are 1 through 247 decimal. In the master request this byte indicates the target slave node; in the slave response this byte indicates the address of the slave sending the response.

Global addressing

Address zero addresses all slave nodes on the network. Slave nodes suppress the response messages for broadcast requests.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 5	

8.6.3 MODBUS registers

The MODBUS register address range is 16 bit (65536 registers) which at the protocol level is represented by indexes 0 through 65535.

PLC registers

Modicon PLCs typically define 4 register 'files' each containing 65536 registers. Traditionally, the registers are referenced 1 through 65536 rather than 0 through 65535. The register address is therefore decremented on the master device before passing to the protocol.

File type	Description
1	Read only bits ("coil")
2	Read / write bits ("coil")
3	Read only 16bit register
4	Read / write 16bit register

The register file type code is NOT transmitted by MODBUS and all register files can be considered to map onto a single register address space. However, specific function codes are defined in MODBUS to support access to the "coil" registers.

All standard drive parameters are mapped to register file '4' and the coil function codes are not required.

Parameter mapping

The Modbus register address is 16 bits in size, of which the upper two bits are used for data type selection leaving 14 bits to represent the parameter address, taking into account the slave increments the address value by 1, this results in a theoretical maximum parameter address of 163.84 (limited to 162.99 in software) when the default standard addressing mode (see Serial Mode (11.024)) is used.

To access a parameter number above 99 in any drive menu then the modified addressing mode must be used (see Serial Mode (11.024)), this will allow access to parameter numbers up to 255 but also limit the maximum menu number to 63.

The Modbus slave device increments the register address by 1 before processing the command, this effectively prevents access to parameter Pr 00.000 in the drive or option module.

The table below shows how the start register address is calculated for both addressing modes.

Parameter	Addressing mode		Protocol register				
0 mm nnn	Standard	mm x 100 + ppp - 1					
0.mm.ppp	Modified		mm x 256	+ ppp - 1			
		Examples					
		16-l	oit	32 -b	oit		
		Decimal	Hex (0x)	Decimal	Hex (0x)		
0.01.021	Standard	120	00 78	16504	40 78		
0.01.021	Modified	276	01 14	16660	41 14		
0.01.000	Standard	99	00 63	16483	40 63		
0.01.000	Modified	255	00 FF	16639	40 FF		
0.03.161	Standard	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	Modified	928	03 A0	17312	43 A0		

Data types

The MODBUS protocol specification defines registers as 16 bit signed integers. All KB devices support this data size.

Refer to the section 8.6.7 Extended data types on page 60 for detail on accessing 32 bit register data.

8.6.4 Data consistency

All KB devices support a minimum data consistency of one parameter (16 bit or 32 bit data). Some devices support consistency for a complete multiple register transaction.

8.6.5 Data encoding

MODBUS RTU uses a 'big-endian' representation for addresses and data items (except the CRC, which is 'little-endian'). This means that when a numerical quantity larger than a single byte is transmitted, the MOST significant byte is sent first. So for example

16 - bits 0x1234 would be 0x12 0x34 32 - bits 0x12345678 would be 0x12 0x34 0x56 0x78

58

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

8.6.6 Function codes

The function code determines the context and format of the message data. Bit 7 of the function code is used in the slave response to indicate an exception.

The following function codes are supported:

Code	Description
3	Read multiple 16 bit registers
6	Write single register
16	Write multiple 16 bit registers
23	Read and write multiple 16 bit registers

FC03 Read multiple

Read a contiguous array of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers, which can be read. If this is exceeded the slave will issue an exception code 2.

Table 8-2 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave destination node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x03
2	Start register address MSB
3	Start register address LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

Table 8-3 Slave response

Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Function code 0x03
2	Length of register data in read block (in bytes)
3	Register data 0 MSB
4	Register data 0 LSB
3+byte count	CRC LSB
4+byte count	CRC MSB

FC06 Write single register

Writes a value to a single 16 bit register. The normal response is an echo of the request, returned after the register contents have been written. The register address can correspond to a 32 bit parameter but only 16 bits of data can be sent.

Table 8-4 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x06
2	Register address MSB
3	Register address LSB
4	Register data MSB
5	Register data LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

Table 8-5 Slave response

Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Function code 0x06
2	Register address MSB
3	Register address LSB
4	Register data MSB
5	Register data LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

FC16 Write multiple

Writes a contiguous array of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers which can be written. If this is exceeded the slave will discard the request and the master will time out.

Table 8-6 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x10
2	Start register address MSB
3	Start register address LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers LSB
6	Length of register data to write (in bytes)
7	Register data 0 MSB
8	Register data 0 LSB
7+byte count	CRC LSB
8+byte count	CRC MSB

Table 8-7 Slave response

Purto	Description
Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Function code 0x10
2	Start register address MSB
3	Start register address LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers written MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers written LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
--------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	--------------------	------------------	-------------------	--------------	------------------	-------------	---------------------	-------------	------------

FC23 Read/Write multiple

Writes and reads two contiguous arrays of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers which can be written. If this is exceeded the slave will discard the request and the master will time out.

Table 8-8 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x17
2	Start register address to read MSB
3	Start register address to read LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers to read MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers to read LSB
6	Start register address to write MSB
7	Start register address to write LSB
8	Number of 16 bit registers to write MSB
9	Number of 16 bit registers to write LSB
10	Length of register data to write (in bytes)
11	Register data 0 MSB
12	Register data 0 LSB
11+byte count	CRC LSB
12+byte count	CRC MSB

Table 8-9 Slave response

Byte	Description						
0	Slave source node address						
1	Function code 0x17						
2	Length of register data in read block (in bytes)						
3	Register data 0 MSB						
4	Register data 0 LSB						
3+byte count	CRC LSB						
4+byte count	CRC MSB						

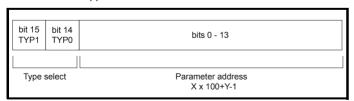
8.6.7 Extended data types

Standard MODBUS registers are 16bit and the standard mapping maps a single #X.Y parameter to a single MODBUS register. To support 32 bit data types (integer and float) the MODBUS multiple read and write services are used to transfer a contiguous array of 16bit registers.

Slave devices typically contain a mixed set of 16 bit and 32 bit registers. To permit the master to select the desired 16 bit or 32 bit access the top two bits of the register address are used to indicate the selected data type.

NOTE

The selection is applied for the whole block access.



The 2bit type field selects the data type according to the table below:

Type field bits 15-14	Selected data type	Comments
00	INT16	backward compatible
01	INT32	
10	Float32	IEEE754 standard Not supported on all slaves
11	Reserved	

If a 32 bit data type is selected then the slave uses two consecutive 16 bit MODBUS registers (in 'big endian'). The master must also set the correct 'number of 16 bit registers'.

Example, read Pr **20.021** through Pr **20.024** as 32 bit parameters using FC03 from node 8:

Table 8-10 Master request

Byte	Value	Description
0	0x08	Slave destination node address
1	0x03	FC03 multiple read
2	0x47	Start register address Pr 20.021
3	0xE4	(16384 + 2021 - 1) = 18404 = 0x47E4
4	0x00	Number of 16bit registers to read
5	0x08	Pr 20.021 through Pr 20.024 is 4x32 bit registers = 8x16 bit registers
6	CRC LSB	
7	CRC MSB	

Table 8-11 Slave response

Byte	Value	Description
0	0x08	Slave destination node address
1	0x03	FC03 multiple read
2	0x10	Length of data (bytes) = 4x32 bit registers = 16 bytes
3-6		Pr 20.021 data
7-10		Pr 20.022 data
11-14		Pr 20.023 data
15-18		Pr 20.024 data
19	CRC LSB	
20	CRC MSB	

Reads when actual parameter type is different from selected The slave will send the least significant word of a 32 bit parameter if that parameter is read as part of a 16 bit access.

The slave will sign extend the least significant word if a 16 bit parameter is accessed as a 32 bit parameter. The number of 16 bit registers must be even during a 32 bit access.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Example, If Pr **01.028** is a 32 bit parameter with a value of 0x12345678, Pr **01.029** is a signed 16 bit parameter with a value of 0xABCD, and Pr **01.030** is a signed 16 bit parameter with a value of 0x0123.

		•	neter with a value	
Read	Start register address	Number of 16 bit registers	Response	Comments
Pr 01.028	127	1	0x5678	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of truncated data
Pr 01.028	16511*	2	0x12345678	Full 32 bit access
Pr 01.028	16511*	1	Exception 2	Number of words must be even for 32 bit access
Pr 01.029	128	1	0xABCD	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of data
Pr 01.029	16512*	2	0xFFFFABCD	32 bit access to a 16 bit register will return 32 bit sign extended data
Pr 01.030	16513*	2	0x00000123	32 bit access to a 16 bit register will return 32 bit sign extended data
Pr 01.028 to Pr 01.029	127	2	0x5678, 0xABCD	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of truncated data
Pr 01.028 to Pr 01.029	16511*	4	0x12345678, 0xFFFFABCD	Full 32 bit access

^{*} Bit 14 is set to allow 32 bit access.

Writes when actual parameter type is different from selected

The slave will allow writing a 32 bit value to a 16 bit parameter as long as the 32 bit value is within the normal range of the 16 bit parameter.

The slave will allow a 16 bit write to a 32 bit parameter. The slave will sign extend the written value, therefore the effective range of this type of write will be -32768 to +32767.

Examples, if Pr 01.028 has a range of ± 100000 , and Pr 01.029 has a range of ± 10000 .

Write	Start register address	Number of 16 bit registers	Data	Comments
Pr 01.028	127	1	0x1234	Standard 16 bit write to a 32bit register. Value written = 0x00001234
Pr 01.028	127	1	0xABCD	Standard 16 bit write to a 32 bit register. Value written = 0xFFFFABCD
Pr 01.028	16511	2	0x00001234	Value written = 0x00001234
Pr 01.029	128	1	0x0123	Value written = 0x0123
Pr 01.029	16512	2	0x00000123	Value written = 0x00000123

^{*} Bit 14 is set to allow 32 bit access

8.6.8 Exceptions

The slave will respond with an exception response if an error is detected in the master request. If a message is corrupted and the frame is not received or the CRC fails then the slave will not issue an exception. In this case the master device will time out. If a write multiple (FC16 or FC23) request exceeds the slave maximum buffer size then the slave will discard the message. No exception will be transmitted in this case and the master will time out.

Exception message format

The slave exception message has the following format.

Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Original function code with bit 7 set
2	Exception code
3	CRC LSB
4	CRC MSB

Exception codes

The following exception codes are supported.

Code	Description
1	Function code not supported
2	Register address out of range, or request to read too many registers

Parameter over range during block write FC16

The slave processes the write block in the order the data is received. If a write fails due to an out of range value then the write block is terminated. However, the slave does not raise an exception response, rather the error condition is signalled to the master by the number of successful writes field in the response.

Parameter over range during block read/write FC23

There will be no indication that there has been a value out of range during a FC23 access.

8.6.9 CRC

The CRC is a 16bit cyclic redundancy check using the standard CRC-16 polynomial x16 + x15 + x2 + 1. The 16 bit CRC is appended to the message and transmitted LSB first.

The CRC is calculated on ALL the bytes in the frame.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 5	

8.6.10 Device compatibility parameters

All devices have the following compatibility parameters defined:

Parameter	Description
Device ID	Unique device identification code
Minimum slave response time	The minimum delay between the end of a message from the master and the time at which the master is ready to receive a response from the slave. Refer to para 11-26
Maximum slave response time	When global addressing, the master must wait for this time before issuing a new message. In a network of devices, the slowest time must be used
Maximum baud rate	
32 bit float data type supported	If this data type is not supported then an over range error will be raised if this data type is used
Maximum buffer size	Determines the maximum block size.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina Advanced Ontimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics UL Listing information information installation paramete the motor parameters

9 NV Media Card

9.1 Introduction

The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up and drive cloning using an SD card.

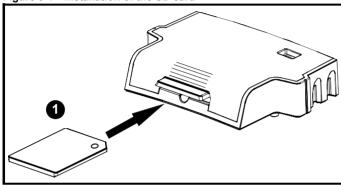
The SD card can be used for:

- · Parameter copying between drives
- · Saving drive parameter sets

The NV Media Card (SD card) is located in the Al-Backup adaptor.

The card is not hot swappable, but the Al-Backup adaptor is "hot swapped" only when the five unit LEDs on the display are not flashing. The unit LEDs flash during the data transfer.

Figure 9-1 Installation of the SD card



Installing the SD card

NOTE

A flat bladed screwdriver or similar tool is required in order to insert / remove the SD card fully into the Al-Backup adaptor.

Before inserting / removing the SD card into / from the Al-Backup adaptor, the Al-Backup adaptor must be removed from the drive.

NOTE

The drive supports SD cards formatted with the FAT32 file system only.

9.2 SD card support

An SD memory card can be inserted in the Al-Backup adaptor in order to transfer data to the drive, however the following limitations should be noted:

If a parameter from the source drive does not exist in the target drive then no data is transferred for that parameter.

If the data for the parameter in the target drive is out of range then the data is limited to the range of the target parameter.

If the target drive has a different rating to the source drive then the normal rules for this type of transfer apply as described later.

No checking is possible to determine if the source and target product types are the same, and so no warning is given if they are different.

If an SD card is used then the drive will recognise the following file types through the drive parameter interface.

File Type	Description
Parameter file	A file that contains all copied user save parameters from the drive menus (1 to 30) in difference from default format
Macro file	The same as a parameter file, but defaults are not loaded before the data is transferred from the card

These files can be created on a card by the drive and then transferred to any other drive including derivatives. If the Drive Derivative (11.028) is different between the source and target drives then the data is transferred but a {C.Pr} trip is initiated.

It is possible for other data to be stored on the card, but this should not be stored in the <MCDF> folder and it will not be visible via the drive parameter interface.

9.2.1 Changing the drive mode

If the source drive mode is different from the target drive mode then the mode will be changed to the source drive mode before the parameters are transferred. If the required drive mode is outside the allowed range for the target then a {C.typ} trip is initiated and no data is transferred.

9.2.2 Different voltage ratings

Parameters

If the voltage rating of the source and target drives is different then all parameters except those that are rating dependent (i.e. attribute RA=1) are transferred to the target drive. The rating dependent parameters are left at their default values. After the parameters have been transferred and saved to non-volatile memory a {C.rtg} trip is given as a warning. The table below gives a list of the rating dependent parameters.

Parameters
Standard Ramp Voltage (02.008)
Motoring Current Limit (04.005)
M2 Motoring Current Limit (21.027)
Regenerating Current Limit (04.006)
M2 Regenerating Current Limit (21.028)
Symmetrical Current Limit (04.007)
M2 Symmetrical Current Limit (21.029)
User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024)
Motor Rated Current (05.007)
M2 Motor Rated Current (21.007)
Motor Rated Voltage (05.009)
M2 Motor Rated Voltage (21.009)
Motor Rated Power Factor (05.010)
M2 Motor Rated Power Factor (21.010)
Stator Resistance (05.017)
M2 Stator Resistance (21.012)
Maximum Switching Frequency (05.018)
Transient Inductance /Ld (05.024)
M2 Transient Inductance /Ld (21.014)
Stator Inductance (05.025)
M2 Stator Inductance (21.024)
Injection Braking Level (06.006)
Supply Loss Detection Level (06.048)

9.2.3 Different option modules installed

If the option module ID code (15.001) is different for any option module installed to the source drive compared to the destination drive, then the parameters for the set-up for that option module are not transferred, but and are instead set to their default values. After the parameters have been transferred and saved to non-volatile memory, a {C.OPt} trip is given as a warning.

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opuzauo	Card	011200101 20	parameters	Diagnoone	02 2.0tm.g

9.2.4 Different current ratings

If any of the current rating parameters (Maximum Heavy Duty Rating (Pr 77), Maximum Rated Current (11.060) or Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)) are different between the source and target then all parameters are still written to the target drive, but some may be limited by their allowed range. To give similar performance in the target compared to the source drive the frequency and current controller gains are modified as shown below. Note that this does not apply if the file identification number is larger than 500.

Gains	Multiplier
Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010)	[Source Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)] /
Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011)	[Target Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)]
Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp2 (03.013)	
Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki2 (03.014)	
M2 Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp (21.017)	
M2 Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki (21.018)	
Current Controller Kp Gain (04.013)	
Current Controller Ki Gain (04.014)	
M2 Current Controller Kp Gain (21.022)	
M2 Current Controller Ki Gain (21.023)	

9.2.5 Different variable maximums

It should be noted that if ratings of the source and target drives are different, it is possible that some parameters with variable maximums may be limited and not have the same values as in the source drive.

9.2.6 Macro files

Macro files are created in the same way as parameter files except that *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) must be set to 1 before the file is created on the NV media card. *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) is set to zero after the file has been created or the transfer fails. When a macro file is transferred to a drive the drive mode is not changed even if the actual mode is different to that in the file and defaults are not loaded before the parameters are copied from the file to the drive.

The table below gives a summary of the values used in Pr **00** for NV media card operations. The yyy represents the file identification number.

Table 9-1 Functions in Pr 00

Value	Action
2001	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001 and sets the block as bootable. This will include the parameters from any attached option module.
4ууу	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy. This will include the parameters from any attached option module.
6ууу	Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy.
7ууу	Erase file yyy.
8ууу	Compare the data in the drive with the file yyy. The data in the drive is compared to the data in the file yyy. If the files are the same then Pr 00 is simply reset to 0 when the compare is complete. If the files are different a {Card Compare} trip is initiated. All other NV media card trips also apply.
9555	Clear the warning suppression flag.
9666	Set the warning suppression flag.
9777	Clear the read-only flag.
9888	Set the read-only flag.

9.2.7 Writing to the NV Media Card

4yyy - Writes defaults differences to the NV Media Card

The data block only contains the parameter differences from the last time default settings were loaded.

All parameters except those with the NC (Not copied) coding bit set are transferred to the NV Media Card. In addition to these parameters all menu 20 parameters (except Pr **20.000**), can be transferred to the NV Media Card.

Writing a parameter set to the NV Media Card (Pr 30 =Prog (2))

Setting Pr 30 to Prog (2) and resetting the drive will save the parameters to the NV Media Card, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 4001 to Pr 00. All NV Media Card trips apply. If the data block already exists it is automatically overwritten. When the action is complete this parameter is automatically reset to NonE (0).

9.2.8 Reading from the NV Media Card

6yyy - Reading from NV Media Card

When the data is transferred back to the drive, using 6yyy in Pr **00**, it is transferred to the drive RAM and the EEPROM. A parameter save is not required to retain the data after-power down. Set up data for any option module installed stored on the card are transferred to the drive. If the option module installed is different between source and destination drives, the menu for the option module slot where the option module category is different is not updated from the card and will contain its default values after the copying action. The drive will produce a 'C.OPt' trip if the option module installed to the source and the destination drives are different. If the data is being transferred to the drive with different voltage or current rating a 'C.rtg' trip will occur.

The following drive rating dependant parameters (RA coding bit set) will not be transferred to the destination drive by a NV Media Card when the voltage rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file.

However, drive rating dependent parameters will be transferred if only the current rating is different. If drive rating dependant parameters are not transferred to the destination drive they will contain their default values.

64

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina Advanced Ontimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listing information information started paramete

Pr 02.008 Standard Ramp Voltage Pr 04.005 to Pr 04.007 and Pr 21.027 to Pr 21.029 Motoring Current Limits Pr 04.024, User Current Maximum Scaling

Pr 04.041 User Over Current Trip Level

Pr 05.007, Pr 21.007 Rated Current

Pr 05.009, Pr 21.009 Rated Voltage

Pr 05.010, Pr 21.010 Rated Power Factor

Pr 05.017, Pr 21.012 Stator Resistance

Pr 05.018 Maximum Switching Frequency

Pr 05.024, Pr 21.014 Transient Inductance

Pr 05.025, Pr 21.024 Stator Inductance

Pr 06.006 Injection Braking Level

Pr 06.048 Supply Loss Detection Level

Pr 06.073 Braking IGBT Lower Threshold

Pr 06.074 Braking IGBT Upper Threshold

Pr 06.075 Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold

Reading a parameter set from the NV Media Card (Pr 30 = rEAd (1))

Setting Pr **30** to rEAd (1) and resetting the drive will transfer the parameters from the card into the drive parameter set and the drive EEPROM, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 6001 to Pr **00**.

All NV Media Card trips apply. Once the parameters are successfully copied this parameter is automatically reset to NonE (0). Parameters are saved to the drive EEPROM after this action is complete.

9.2.9 Auto saving parameter changes (Pr 30 = Auto (3))

This setting causes the drive to automatically save any changes made to menu 0 parameters on the drive to the NV Media Card. The latest menu 0 parameter set in the drive is therefore always backed up on the NV Media Card. Changing Pr **30** to Auto (3) and resetting the drive will immediately save the complete parameter set from the drive to the card, i.e. all parameters except parameters with the NC coding bit set. Once the whole parameter set is stored only the individual modified menu 0 parameter setting is updated.

Advanced parameter changes are only saved to the NV Media Card when Pr **00** is set to 'SAVE' or a 1001 and the drive reset.

All NV Media Card trips apply. If the data block already contains information it is automatically overwritten.

If the card is removed when Pr **30** is set to 3, Pr **30** is then automatically set to NonE (0).

When a new NV Media Card is installed Pr **30** must be set back to Auto (3) by the user and the drive reset so the complete parameter set is rewritten to the new NV Media Card if auto mode is still required.

When Pr **30** is set to Auto (3) and the parameters in the drive are saved, the NV Media Card is also updated, and therefore the NV Media Card becomes a copy of the drives stored configuration.

At power up, if Pr **30** is set to Auto (3), the drive will save the complete parameter set to the NV Media Card. The 5 unit LEDs will flash during this operation. This is done to ensure that if a user

puts a new NV Media Card in during power down the new NV Media Card will have the correct data.

NOTE

When Pr 30 is set to Auto (3) the setting of Pr 30 itself is saved to the drive EEPROM but not the NV Media Card.

9.2.10 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr 30 = boot (4))

When Pr 30 is set to boot (4) the drive operates the same as Auto mode except when the drive is powered-up. The parameters on the NV Media Card will be automatically transferred to the drive at power up if the following are true:

- · A card is inserted in the drive
- · Parameter data block 1 exists on the card
- The data in block 1 is type 1 to 4 (as defined in Pr 11.038)
- Pr 30 on the card set to boot (4)

The 5 unit LEDs will flash during this operation. If the drive mode is different from that on the card, the drive gives a 'C.tyP' trip and the data is not transferred.

If 'boot' mode is stored on the copying NV Media Card this makes the copying NV Media Card the master device. This provides a very fast and efficient way of re-programming a number of drives.

'boot' mode is saved to the card, but when the card is read, the value of Pr **30** is not transferred to the drive.

9.2.11 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr 00 = 2001)

It is possible to create a bootable parameter data block by setting Pr 00 to 2001 and initiating a drive reset. This data block is created in one operation and is not updated when further parameter changes are made Setting Pr 00 to 2001 will overwrite the data block 1 on the card if it already exists.

9.2.12 8yyy - Comparing the drive full parameter set with the NV Media Card values

Setting 8yyy in Pr **00**, will compare the NV Media Card file with the data in the drive. If the compare is successful Pr **00** is simply set to 0. If the compare fails a 'C.cPr' trip is initiated.

9.2.13 7yyy - Erasing data from the NV Media Card values

Data can be erased from the NV Media Card either one block at a time or all blocks in one go.

Setting 7yyy in Pr 00 will erase NV Media Card data block yyy

9.2.14 9666 / 9555 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card warning suppression flag

If the option module installed to the source and destination drive are different the drive will produce a 'C.OPt' trip.

If the data is being transferred to a drive of a different voltage or current rating a 'C.rtg' trip will occur. It is possible to suppress these trips by setting the warning suppression flag. If this flag is set the drive will not trip if the option module or drive ratings are different between the source and destination drives. The option module or rating dependent parameters will not be transferred.

- Setting 9666 in Pr 00 will set the warning suppression flag
- Setting 9555 in Pr 00 will clear the warning suppression flag

9.2.15 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card read only flag

The NV Media Card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read only flag. If an attempt is made to write or erase a data block when the read only flag is set, a 'C.rdo' trip is initiated. When the read only flag is set only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

- Setting 9888 in Pr 00 will set the read only flag
- · Setting 9777 in Pr 00 will clear the read only flag

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

9.3 NV Media Card parameters

Table 9-2 Key to parameter table coding

RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination

11.	036	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded					
RO	Num		NC	PT			
Û		0 to 999		\Rightarrow	(0	

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from an SD card to the drive. If defaults are subsequently reloaded this parameter is set to 0.

11.	037	NV Media Card File Number					
RW	Num						
\$		0 to 999		\Rightarrow	(0	

This parameter should have the data block number which the user would like the information displayed in Pr **11.038**, Pr **11.039**.

11.038		NV Media Card File Type			
RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
Û		0 to 2		\Rightarrow	0

Displays the type of data block selected with Pr 11.037.

Pr 11.038	String	Type / mode
0	None	No file selected
1	Open-loop	Open loop mode parameter file
2	RFC-A	RFC-A mode parameter file

11.039		NV Media Card File Version					
RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
⇕	0 to 9999			\Rightarrow	0		

Displays the version number of the file selected in Pr 11.037.

11.04	2 {30}	Paramete	er Clonin	g		
RW	Txt		NC			US
\$,	0), rEAd (1 2), Auto (3 boot (4)	,	\Rightarrow	l	0

9.4 NV Media Card trips

After an attempt to read, write or erase data from a NV Media Card a trip is initiated if there has been a problem with the command.

See Chapter 12 *Diagnostics* on page 133 for more information on NV Media Card trips.

9.5 Data block header information

Each data block stored on a NV Media Card has header information detailing the following:

- NV Media Card File Number (11.037)
- NV Media Card File Type (11.038)
- NV Media Card File Version (11.039)

The header information for each data block which has been used can be viewed in Pr 11.038 to Pr 11.039 by increasing or decreasing the data block number set in Pr 11.037. If there is no data on the card Pr 11.037 can only have a value of 0.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information installation installation started paramete the motor

10 Onboard PLC

10.1 Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio

The drive has the ability to store and execute a 16 kB (less 4 kB of proxy) Onboard PLC user program without the need for additional hardware in the form of an option module.

Machine Control Studio is an IEC61131-3 development environment designed for use with KBG3 Series and compatible application modules. Machine Control Studio is based on CODESYS from 3S-Smart Software Solutions.

All of the programming languages defined in the IEC standard IEC 61131-3 are supported in the Machine Control Studio development environment.

- ST (Structured text)
- · LD (Ladder diagram)
- · FBD (Function block diagram)
- IL (Instruction list)
- · SFC (Sequential function chart)
- CFC (Continuous Function Chart). CFC is an extension to the standard IEC programming languages

Machine Control Studio provides a complete environment for the development of user programs. Programs can be created, compiled and downloaded to a KBG3 for execution, via the communications port on the front of the drive. The run-time operation of the compiled program on the target can also be monitored using Machine Control Studio and facilities are provided to interact with the program on the target by setting new values for target variables and parameters.

The Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio form the first level of functionality in a range of programmable options for KBG3 Series.

Machine Control Studio can be downloaded from www.kbelectronics.com.

See the Machine Control Studio help file for more information regarding using Machine Control Studio, creating user programs and downloading user programs to the drive.

10.2 Benefits

The combination of the Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio, means that the drive can replace nano and some micro PLCs in many applications.

Machine Control Studio benefits from access to the standard CODESYS function and function block libraries as well as those from third parties. Functions and function blocks available as standard in Machine Control Studio include, but not limited to, the following:

- · Arithmetic blocks
- Comparison blocks
- Timers
- Counters
- · Multiplexers
- Latches
- Bit manipulation

Typical applications for the Onboard PLC include:

- Ancillary pumps
- Fans and control valves
- Interlocking logic
- · Sequence routines
- Custom control words.

10.3 Features

The KBG3 Series Onboard PLC user program has the following features:

10.3.1 Tasks

The Onboard PLC allows use of two tasks.

- Clock: A high priority real time task. The clock task interval can be set from 16 ms to 262 s in multiples of 16 ms. The parameter Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used (11.051) shows the percentage of the available time used by clock task. A read or write of a drive parameter by the user program takes a finite period of time. It is possible to select up to 10 parameters as fast access parameter which reduced the amount of time it takes for the user program to read from or write to a drive parameter. This is useful when using a clock task with a fast update rate as selecting a parameter for fast access reduces the amount of the clock task resource required to access parameters.
- Freewheeling: A non-real time background task. The freewheeling task is scheduled for a short period once every 256 ms. The time for which the task is scheduled will vary depending on the loading of the drive's processor. When scheduled, several scans of the user program may be performed. Some scans may execute in microseconds. However, when the main drive functions are scheduled there will be a pause in the execution of the program causing some scans to take many milliseconds. The parameter Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second (11.050) shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

10.3.2 Variables

The Onboard PLC supports the use of variables with the data types of Boolean, integer (8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit, signed and unsigned), floating point (64 bit only), strings and time.

10.3.3 Custom menu

Machine Control Studio can construct a custom drive menu to reside in menu 30 on the drive. The following properties of each parameter can be defined using Machine Control Studio:

- Parameter name
- Number of decimal places
- The units for the parameter to be display on the keypad.
- · The minimum, maximum and default values
- Memory handling (i.e. power down save, user save or volatile)
- Data type. The drive provides a limited set of 1 bit, 8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit integer parameters to create the customer menu.

Parameters in this customer menu can be accessed by the user program and will appear on the keypad.

10.3.4 Limitations

The Onboard PLC user program has the following limitations:

- The flash memory allocated to the Onboard PLC is 16 kB which includes the user program and its header which results in a maximum user program size of about 12 kB
- · The Onboard PLC is provided with 2 kB of RAM.
- The drive is rated for 100 program downloads. This limitation is imposed by the flash memory used to store the program within the drive.
- There is only one real-time task with a minimum period of 16 ms.
- The freewheeling background task runs at a low priority. The drive is
 prioritized to perform the clock task and its major functions first, e.g.
 motor control, and will use any remaining processing time to execute
 the freewheeling task as a background activity. As the drive's
 processor becomes more heavily loaded, less time is spent
 executing the freewheeling task.
- Breakpoints, single stepping and online program changes are not possible.
- The Graphing tool is not supported.
- The variable data types REAL (32 bit floating point), LWORD (64 bit integer) and WSTRING (Unicode string), and retained variables are not supported.

10.4 Onboard PLC parameters

The following parameters are associated with the Onboard PLC user program.

11.047		Onboard User Program: Enable					
RW	Txt				US		
Û	Stop (0) or Run (1)			\Diamond	Rur	า (1)	

This parameter stops and starts the user program.

0 - Stop the User Program

The onboard user program is stopped.

1 - Run the User Program

The user program will execute. Background task starts from the beginning.

11.048		Onboard User Program: Status					
RO	Txt		NC	PT			
\$	-2147483648 to 2147483647			\Rightarrow			

This parameter is read-only and indicates the status of the user program in the drive. The user program writes the value to this parameter.

- 0: Stopped
- 1: Running
- 2: Exception
- 3: No user program present

11.049		Onboard User Program: Programming Events					
RO	Uni		NC	PT	PS		
\$	0 to 65535		\Rightarrow				

This parameter holds the number of times an Onboard PLC user program download has taken place and is 0 on dispatch from the factory. The drive is rated for one hundred program downloads. This parameter is not altered when defaults are loaded.

11.050		Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second					
RO	Uni		NC	PT			
Û		0 to 65535					

This parameter shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

11.051		Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used					
RO			NC	PT			
\$	0.0	0.0 to 100.0 %		\Rightarrow			

This parameter shows the percentage of the available time used by the user program clock task.

11.055 Onboar Interval			l User Pro	ogram: Cl	ock Task S	cheduled
RO			NC	PT		
Û	0 t	0 to 262128 ms				

This parameter shows the interval at which the clock task is scheduled to run at in ms.

10.5 Onboard PLC trips

If the drive detects an error in the user program it will initiate a User Program trip. The sub-trip number for the User Program trip details the reason for the error. See Chapter 12 *Diagnostics* on page 133 for more information on the User Program trip.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listing informatio installation the motor Card parameters

11 Advanced parameters

This is a quick reference to all parameters in the drive showing units, ranges limits etc, with block diagrams to illustrate their function. Full descriptions of the parameters can be found in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.



These advanced parameters are listed for reference purposes only. The lists in this chapter do not include sufficient information for adjusting these parameters. Incorrect adjustment can affect the safety of the system, and damage the drive and or external equipment. Before attempting to adjust any of these parameters, refer to the *Parameter reference guide*.

Table 11-1 Menu descriptions

Menu	Description
wenu	-
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
	programming
1	Frequency reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
20	General option module application menu 2
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
24	Option module slot 1 application menu
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus**

^{**} Only displayed when the option module is installed.

Operation mode abbreviations:

Open-loop: Sensorless control for induction motors

RFC-A: Asynchronous Rotor Flux Control for induction motors

Default abbreviations:

Standard default value (50 Hz AC supply frequency)

USA default value (60 Hz AC supply frequency)

NOTE

Parameter numbers shown in brackets {...} are the equivalent Menu 0 parameters. Some Menu 0 parameters appear twice since their function depends on the operating mode.

In some cases, the function or range of a parameter is affected by the setting of another parameter. The information in the lists relates to the default condition of any parameters affected in this way.

Table 11-2 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
	, and the second
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Mac	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) state occurs.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIStaliation	IIIStaliation	Starteu	parameters	tile illotoi	1	Caru		parameters		

Table 11-3 Feature look-up table

Features	-up table Related parameters (Pr)													
Acceleration rates	02.010	02.011 t	o 02.019	02.032	02.033	02.034	02.002							
Analog I/O	Menu 7													
Analog input 1	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.010	07.028	07.051	07.030	07.061	07.062	07.063	07.064		
Analog input 2	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.014		07.031	07.052	07.065	07.066	07.067	07.068		
Analog output 1	07.019	07.020			07.055	07.099								
Analog reference 1	01.036	07.010	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.028	07.051	07.030	07.061	07.062	07.063	07.064	
Analog reference 2	01.037	07.014	01.041	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.032	07.031	07.065	07.066	07.067	07.068	
Application menu	Men	u 18			Men	u 20								
At frequency indicator bit	03.006	03.007	03.009	10.006	10.005	10.007								
Auto reset	10.034	10.035	10.036	10.001										
Autotune	05.012		05.017	05.021	05.024	05.025	05.010	05.029	05.030	05.062	05.063	05.059	05.060	
Binary sum	09.029	09.030	09.031	09.032	09.033	09.034								
Bipolar reference	01.010													
Brake control	12.040 to	12.047		12.050	12.051									
Braking	10.011	10.010	10.030	10.031	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040				
Catch a spinning motor	06.009	05.040												
Coast to stop	06.001													
Copying	11.042	11.036 1	o 11.039											
Cost - per kWh electricity	06.016	06.017	06.024	06.025	06.026		06.027							
Current controller	04.013	04.014												
Current feedback	04.001	04.002	04.017	04.004		04.020		04.024	04.026	10.008	10.009	10.017		
Current limits	04.005	04.006	04.007	04.018	04.015	04.019	04.016	05.007	05.010	10.008	10.009	10.017		
DC bus voltage	05.005	02.008												
DC injection braking	06.006	06.007	06.001											
Deceleration rates	02.020	02.0211	to 02.029	02.004	02.035 t	02.037	02.002	02.008	06.001	10.030	10.031	10.039	02.009	
Defaults	11.043	11.046												
Digital I/O	Menu 8													
Digital I/O read word	08.020													
Digital I/O T10	08.001	08.011	08.021	08.031	08.081	08.091	08.121							
Digital Input T11	08.002	08.012	08.022		08.082	08.122								
Digital Input T12	08.003	08.013	08.023		08.083	08.123								
Digital input T13	08.004	08.014	08.024	08.084	08.124									
Digital input T14	08.005	08.015	08.025		08.035	08.085	08.125							
Direction	10.013	06.030	06.031	01.003	10.014	02.001	03.002	08.003	08.004	10.040				
Drive active	10.002	10.040												
Drive derivative	11.028													
Drive OK	10.001	08.028	08.008	08.018	10.036	10.040								
Dynamic performance	05.026													
Dynamic V/F	05.013													
Enable	06.015				06.038									
Estimated frequency	03.002	03.003	03.004											
External trip	10.032													
Fan speed	06.045													
Field weakening - induction motor	05.029	05.030	01.006	05.028	05.062	05.063								
Filter change	06.019	06.018	06.021	06.022	06.023									
Firmware version	11.029	11.035												

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

Features	Related parameters (Pr)												
Frequency controller	03.010 to	03.017											
Frequency reference selection	01.014	01.015											
Frequency slaving	03.001	03.013	03.014	03.015	03.016	03.017	03.018						
Hard frequency reference	03.022	03.023											
Heavy duty rating	05.007	11.032											
High stability space vector modulation	05.019												
I/O sequencer	06.004	06.030	06.031	06.032	06.033	06.034	06.042	06.043	06.041				
Inertia compensation	02.038		04.022	03.018									
Jog reference	01.005	02.019	02.029										
Keypad reference	01.017	01.014	01.043	01.051	06.012	06.013							
Limit switches	06.035	06.036											
Line power supply loss	06.003	10.015	10.016	05.005	06.046	06.048	06.051						
Logic function 1	09.001	09.004	09.005	09.006	09.007	09.008	09.009	09.010					
Logic function 2	09.002	09.014	09.015	09.016	09.017	09.018	09.019	09.020					
Maximum speed	01.006												
Menu 0 set-up				Menu 22									
Minimum speed	01.007	10.004											
Motor map	05.006	05.007	05.008	05.009	05.010	05.011							
Motor map 2	Menu 21		11.045										
Motorized potentiometer	09.021	09.022	09.023	09.024	09.025	09.026	09.027	09.028	09.003				
NV media card	11.036 to	11.039		11.042									
Offset reference	01.004	01.038	01.009										
Open loop vector mode	05.014	05.017	05.088										
Operating mode		11.031		05.014									
Output	05.001	05.002	05.003	05.004									
Over frequency threshold	03.008												
Over modulation enable	05.020												
PID controller	Menu 14												
Power up parameter	11.022												
Preset speeds	01.015	01.021 t	to 01.028			01.014	01.042	01.045 t	o 01.047		01.050		
Programmable logic	Menu 9												
Ramp (accel / decel) mode	02.004	02.008	06.001	02.002	02.003	10.030	10.031	10.039					
Reference selection	01.014	01.015	01.049	01.050	01.001								
Regenerating	10.010	10.011	10.030	10.031	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040			
Relay output	08.008	08.018	08.028										
Reset	10.001		10.033	10.034	10.035	10.036	10.038						
RFC mode				05.040									
S ramp	02.006	02.007											
Sample rates	05.018												
Security code	11.030	11.044											
Serial comms	11.023 to	11.027	11.099	11.020									
Skip references	01.029	01.030	01.031	01.032	01.033	01.034	01.035						
Slip compensation	05.027	05.008	05.033	05.036	05.084								
Status word	10.040												
Supply	05.005	06.003	06.046	06.048	06.051	06.058	06.059						
Switching frequency	05.018	05.035	07.034	07.035									

Safety Product Mecha information information install			Setting tarted p	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimiz	zation	NV Med Card	ia Onboa		Advanced parameters	Diagnos	stics	UL Listing
Features	Related parameters (Pr)													
Thermal protection - drive	05.018	05.035	07.00	07.0	05			07.035	10.018					
Thermal protection - motor	04.015	05.007	04.01	9 04.0	16 04.0	25		08.035						
Thermistor input	07.046	07.047	07.04	8 07.0	49 07.0	50 08	3.035							
Threshold detector 1	12.001	12.003	to 12.00)7										
Threshold detector 2	12.002	12.023	12.023 to 12.027											
Time - filter change	06.019	06.018	06.02	1 06.0	22 06.0	23								
Time - powered up log	06.020			06.0	19 06.0	17 06	3.018	06.084						
Time - run log				06.0	19 06.0	17 06	3.018	06.084						
Torque	04.003	04.026	05.03	2										
Torque mode	04.008	04.011												
Trip detection	10.037	10.038	10.02	20 to 10.0	29									
Trip log	10.020 t	10.020 to 10.029		10.0	10.041 to 10.060				10.070	to 10.079	9			
Under voltage	05.005	10.016	10.01	5 10.0	68									
V/F mode	05.015	05.014												
Variable selector 1	12.008 t	o 12.016												
Variable selector 2	12.028 t	o 12.036												
Voltage controller	05.031													
Voltage mode	05.014	05.017		05.0	15									
Voltage rating	11.033	05.009	05.00	15										
Voltage supply		06.046	05.00)5										
Warning	10.019	10.012	10.01	7 10.0	18 10.0	40								
Zero frequency indicator bit	03.005	10.003												

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

11.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums:

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum value which is dependent on one of the following:

- The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- · Combination of any of the above

The tables below give the definition of variable minimum/maximum and the maximum range of these.

VM_AC_V	COLTAGE Range applied to parameters showing AC voltage
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 930
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4.
Deminion	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_AC_VOI	TAGE_SET Range applied to the AC voltage set-up parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 765
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4.
Deminion	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0

VM_	CEL_RATE Maximum applied to the ramp rate parameters					
Units	s, s/1000 Hz, s/Max Frequency					
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A: 0.0					
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 32000.0 RFC-A: 0.0 to 32000.0					
	A maximum needs to be applied to the ramp rate parameters because the units are a time for a change of speed from zero to a defined level or to maximum speed. If the change of speed is to the maximum speed then changing the maximum speed changes the actual ramp rate for a given ramp rate parameter value. The variable maximum calculation ensures that longest ramp rate (parameter at its maximum value) is not slower than the rate with the defined level, i.e. 32000.0 s.					
Definition	The maximum frequency is taken from Maximum Speed (01.006) if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0, or M2 Maximum Speed (21.001) if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 1.					
	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.0					
	If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0:					
	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 32000.0					
	Otherwise:					
	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 32000.0 x Maximum frequency / 100.00					

VM_DC	Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1190
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is the full scale DC bus voltage feedback (over voltage trip level) for the drive. This level is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4. VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

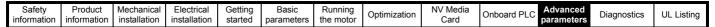
VM_DC_VC	Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4. VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
iniormation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	'	Card		parameters	•	•

E_CURRENT	Range applied to parameters showing current in A
Α	
-9999.99 to 0.00	
0.00 to 9999.99	
Full Scale Current Kc	NT[MAX] is equivalent to the full scale (over current trip level) for the drive and is given by (11.061). NT[MIN] = - VM DRIVE CURRENT[MAX]
	0.00 to 9999.99 VM_DRIVE_CURRENT Full Scale Current Kc

	VM_FREQ	Range applied to parameters showing frequency
Units	Hz	
Range of [MIN]	-1100.00	
Range of [MAX]	1100.00	
Definition	the range is set to twice to VM_FREQ[MIN] = 2 x VM	aximum defines the range of speed monitoring parameters. To allow headroom for overshoot ne range of the speed references. 1_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN] M_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]

VM_MAX_SWITC	Range applied to the maximum switching frequency parameters
Units	User units
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0 (0.667 kHz) RFC-A: 2 (2 kHz)
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 8 (16kHz) RFC-A: 8 (16kHz)
Definition	VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MAX] = Power stage dependent VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MIN] = 0 This variable maximum is used by the <i>Minimum Switching Frequency</i> (05.038) to define the minimum frequency limit used if the inverter thermal model is actively reducing the switching frequency due to temperature. Note that parameter <i>Maximum Switching Frequency</i> (05.018) takes priority over parameter <i>Minimum Switching Frequency</i> (05.038) so is not limited by parameter <i>Minimum Switching Frequency</i> (05.038). The actual minimum switching frequency limit used is the lower of <i>Maximum Switching Frequency</i> (05.018) and <i>Minimum Switching Frequency</i> (05.038).



VM MOTOR1	CURRENT_LIMIT Range applied to current limit parameters (motor 1)
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Range of [MIN]	0.0
	(MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT_MAX is calculated from the motor map 2 parameters) The Maximum current is (1.5 x Rated drive current) when the rated current set by Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to the Maximum Heavy Duty current rating specified in Pr 11.032 , otherwise it is (1.1 x Maximum motor rated current). For example, with a motor of the same rating as the drive and a power factor of 0.85, the maximum current limit is 165.2%.
	The rated active and rated magnetising currents are calculated from the power factor (Pr 05.010) and motor rated current (Pr 05.007) as:
	rated active current = power factor x motor rated current rated magnetising current = $\sqrt{(1 - \text{power factor}^2)}$ x motor rated current
	RFC-A VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I _{Tlimit} / I _{Trated}) x 100 % Where:
	$I_{Tlimit} = I_{MaxRef} \times \cos(\sin^{-1}(I_{Mrated} / I_{MaxRef}))$ $I_{Mrated} = \text{Pr } \textbf{05.007} \times \sin \phi_1$ $I_{Trated} = \text{Pr } \textbf{05.007} \times \cos \phi_1$ $\phi_1 = \cos^{-1}(\text{Pr } \textbf{05.010}) + \phi_2. \ \phi_1 \text{ is calculated during an autotune. See the variable minimum / maximum calculations in the Parameter Reference Guide for more information regarding \phi_2. I_{MaxRef} \text{ is } 0.9 \times \text{Pr } \textbf{11.061} \text{ when the motor rated current set in Pr } \textbf{05.007} \text{ is less than or equal to Pr } \textbf{11.032} (i.e. Heavy duty), otherwise it is the lower of 0.9 \times \text{Pr } \textbf{11.061} \text{ or } 1.1 \times \text{Pr } \textbf{11.060} \text{ (i.e. Normal Duty)}.$

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC		Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	3	

VM_MOTOR2_C	URRENT_LIMIT	Range applied to current limit parameters (motor 2)
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT Refer to VM_MOTOR1_CI	_LIMIT[MAX] is dependent on the drive rating and motor set-up parametersLIMIT[MIN] = 0.0 URRENT_LIMIT for more information. For VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] use .007 and Pr 21.010 instead of Pr 05.010.

VM_NEGA	TIVE_REF_CLAMP1	Limits applie	ed to the negative frequency clamp (motor	1)	
Units	Hz				
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00	-550.00 to 0.00			
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00	0.00 to 550.00			
	(Minimum Speed (01 Enable (01.008), Bip Negative	.007)). The minimu olar Reference Ena Bipolar	s the range of the negative frequency clar im and maximum are affected by the setting the	gs of the <i>Negative Reference Clan</i>	
Definition	Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Reference Enable (01.010)	CLAMP1[MIN]	CLAMP1[MAX]	
	0	0	0.00	Pr 01.006	
	0	0 1	0.00 0.00	Pr 01.006 0.00	

VM_NEGATIVE	REF_CLAMP2 Limits applied to the negative frequency clamp (motor 2)
Units	Hz
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00
Definition	This variable maximum/minimum defines the range of the negative frequency clamp associated with motor map 2 (M2 Minimum Speed (21.002)). It is defined in the same way as VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CLAMP1 except that the M2 Maximum Speed (21.001) is used instead of Maximum Speed (01.006).

VM_POSITIVE	_REF_CLAMP	Limits applied to the positive frequency reference clamp
Units	Hz	
Range of [MIN]	0.00	
Range of [MAX]	550.00	
Definition	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLA which in turn limit the refere	MP[MAX] defines the range of the positive reference clamp, <i>Maximum Speed</i> (01.006), ences.

	VM_POWER	Range applied to parameters that either set or display power
Units	kW	
Range of [MIN]	-9999.99 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99	
Definition	with maximum AC outpu	ting dependent and is chosen to allow for the maximum power that can be output by the drive t voltage, at maximum controlled current and unity power factor. x VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] x VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] / 1000 M_POWER[MAX]

VM_RATED	Range applied to rated current parameters
Units	A
Range of [MIN]	0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99
Definition	VM_RATED_CURRENT [MAX] = Maximum Rated Current (11.060) and is dependent on the drive rating. VM_RATED_CURRENT [MIN] = 0.00

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Liotina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

VM_SPEE	D_FREQ_REF	Range applied to the frequency reference	parameters			
Units	Hz					
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00					
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00					
	references can vary Negative Reference Clamp	mum/maximum is applied throughout the frequency and speed reference system so that the ry in the range from the minimum to maximum clamps. VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0 WM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 1				
Definition	Enable (01.008)	Maximum Speed (01.006)	M2 Maximum Speed (21.001)			
1	0	, , ,	, ,			
	1	Maximum Speed (01.006) or Minimum Speed M2 Maximum Speed (21.001) or M2 (01.007) whichever the larger Speed (21.002) whichever the larger				
	1 VM SPEED FREQ	Maximum Speed (01.006) or Minimum Speed (01.007) whichever the larger REF[MIN] = -VM SPEED FREQ REF[MAX].				

VM_SPEED_FREQ	REF_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF		
Units	Hz		
Range of [MIN]	0.00		
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00		
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.00		

VM_SPEED_FRE	EQ_USER_REFS	Range applied t	to analog reference parameters
Units	Hz		
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 550.00		
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00		
	This variable maximum is applied to <i>Analog Reference 1</i> (01.036), <i>Analog Reference 2</i> (01.037) and <i>Keypad Reference</i> (01.017). The maximum applied to these parameters is the same as other frequency reference parameters. VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS [MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] However the minimum is dependent on <i>Negative Reference Clamp Enable</i> (01.008) and <i>Bipolar Reference Enable</i> (01.010).		
Definition Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008) Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010) VM_SPEED_FREQ			VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS[MIN]
	0	0	If Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0 Minimum Speed (01.007), otherwise M2 Minimum Speed (21.002)
	0	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]
	1	0	0.00
	1	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]

VM_SUPPLY_	LOSS_LEVEL Range applied to the supply loss threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4

VM_TOR	QUE_CURRENT Range applied	Range applied to torque and torque producing current parameters		
Units	%			
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0			
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0			
	Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045)	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX]		
Definition	0	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]		
	1	VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]		
	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MIN] = -VM_T	DRQUE_CURRENT[MAX]		

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIStaliation	IIIStaliation	Starteu	parameters	tile illotoi		Caru		parameters		

VM_TORQUE_	CURRENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_TORQUE_CURRENT
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.0 User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT which is applied to Percentage Load (04.020) and Torque Reference (04.008). This is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale output value to be defined by the user. This maximum is subject to a limit of MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT or MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT depending on which motor map is currently active. The maximum value (VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX]) varies between drive sizes with default parameters loaded. For some drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter range limiting.

VM_USER	_CURRENT	Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with one decimal place
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT[M User Current Maximum Si applied to Percentage Loa an analog output as it allo MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIN The maximum value (VM_	AX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) IN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX] caling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT which is ad (04.020) and Torque Reference (04.008). This is useful when routing these parameters to ws the full scale output value to be defined by the user. This maximum is subject to a limit of MIT or MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT depending on which motor map is currently active. _TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX]) varies between drive sizes with default ome drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter

Table 11-4 Voltage ratings dependant values

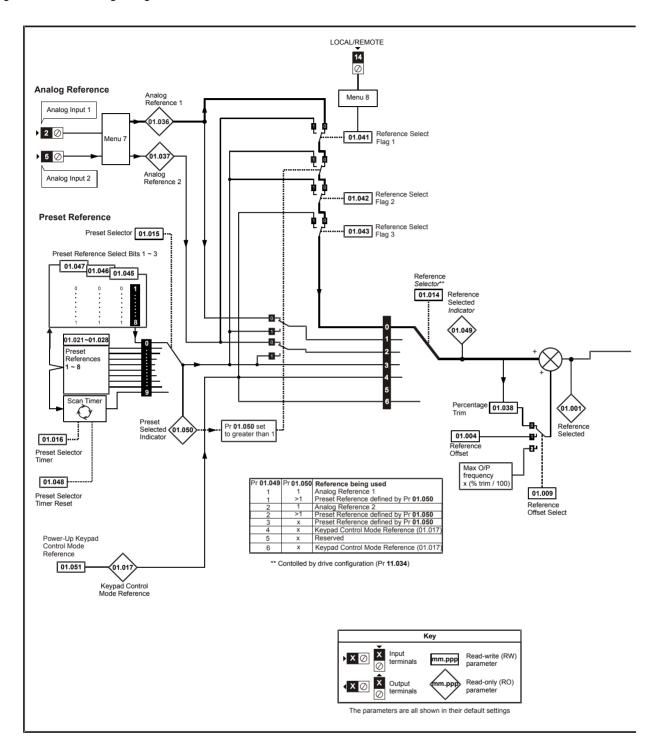
Variable min/max		Volta	ge level	
variable min/max	115 V	230 V	460 V	575 V
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX]	40	00	800	955
VM_DC_VOLTAGE(MAX] Frame 1 to 4	51	0	870	N/A
VM_DC_VOLTAGE(MAX] Frame 5 to 9	41	5	830	990
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX] Frame 1 to 4	24	10	480	N/A
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX] Frame 5 to 9	26	65	530	635
VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	32	25	650	780
VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN]	17	75	330	435
VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL{MIN]	20)5	410	540

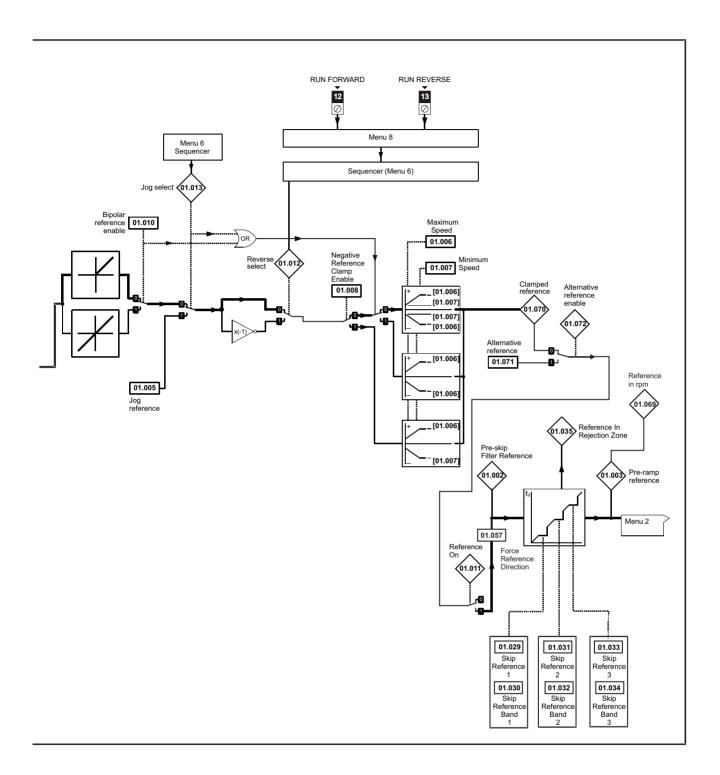
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 5	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.2 Menu 1: Frequency reference

Figure 11-1 Menu 1 logic diagram





Safety	Product	Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 5	

		Range	· (1)	Defa	ult (⇔)						\neg
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
01.001	Reference Selected	0.00 to Pr 0	1.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.002	Pre-skip Filter Reference	0.00 to Pr 0	1.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.003	Pre-ramp Reference	0.00 to Pr 0	1.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.004	Reference Offset	0.00 to Pr 0	1.006 Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.005	Jog Reference	0.00 to 30	0.00 Hz	1.	50 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.006	Maximum Speed	0.00 to 55	0.00 Hz		50.00 Hz 60.00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.007	Minimum Speed	0.00 to Pr 0	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num				US	
01.008	Negative Reference Clamp Enable	Off (0) or	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US	
01.009	Reference Offset Select	0 to		0	RW	Num				US	
01.010	Bipolar Reference Enable	Off (0) or	On (1)	O	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
01.011	Reference On	Off (0) or	On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.012	Reverse Select	Off (0) or	On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.013	Jog Select	Off (0) or	On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.014	Reference Selector	A1.A2 (0), A1.Pr (1), A2.Pr rES (5), PA		A1.	A2 (0)	RW	Txt				US
01.015	Preset Selector	0 to			0	RW	Num				US
01.016	Preset Selector Timer	0 to 40	0.0 s	1	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
01.017	Keypad Control Mode Reference	VM SPEED FREQ	USER REFS Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RO	Num		NC	PT	PS
01.021	Preset Reference 1	0.00 to Pr 0	_	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.022	Preset Reference 2	0.00 to Pr 0			00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.023	Preset Reference 3	0.00 to Pr 0			00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.024	Preset Reference 4	0.00 to Pr 0			00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.025	Preset Reference 5	0.00 to Pr 0			00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.026	Preset Reference 6	0.00 to Pr 0			00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.027	Preset Reference 7	0.00 to Pr 0			00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.027	Preset Reference 8	0.00 to Pr 0			00 Hz	RW					US
		0.00 to F1 0			00 Hz		Num				US
01.029	Skip Reference 1					RW	Num				
01.030	Skip Reference Band 1	0.00 to 25			50 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.031	Skip Reference 2	0.00 to 55			00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.032	Skip Reference Band 2	0.00 to 25			50 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.033	Skip Reference 3	0.00 to 55			00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.034	Skip Reference Band 3	0.00 to 25		0.9	50 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.035	Reference In Rejection Zone	Off (0) or	, ,			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.036	Analog Reference 1	VM_SPEED_FREQ	_		00 Hz	RO	Num		NC		
01.037	Analog Reference 2	VM_SPEED_FREQ_			00 Hz	RO	Num		NC	ļ	
01.038	Percentage Trim	± 100.0			00 %	RW	Num		NC		
01.041	Reference Select Flag 1	Off (0) or	, ,		ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC	ļ	
01.042	Reference Select Flag 2	Off (0) or	, ,		ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
01.043	Reference Select Flag 3	Off (0) or			ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
01.045	Preset Select Flag 1	Off (0) or	, ,		ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
01.046	Preset Select Flag 2	Off (0) or	, ,		ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
01.047	Preset Select Flag 3	Off (0) or		ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC			
01.048	Preset Selector Timer Reset	Off (0) or	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC			
01.049	Reference Selected Indicator	1 to			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
01.050	Preset Selected Indicator	1 to			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
01.051	Power-up Keypad Control Mode Reference	rESEt (0), LASt (1), PrESEt (2)			SEt (0)	RW	Txt				US
01.057	Force Reference Direction	NonE (0), For (1), rEv (2)			nE (0)	RW	Txt				
01.069	Reference in rpm	± 33000.0 rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.070	Clamped Reference	0.00 to Pr 01.006 Hz				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.071	Alternative Reference	0.00 to Pr 0	1.006 Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num		NC	PT	
01.072	Alternative Reference Enable	Off (0) or	On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	

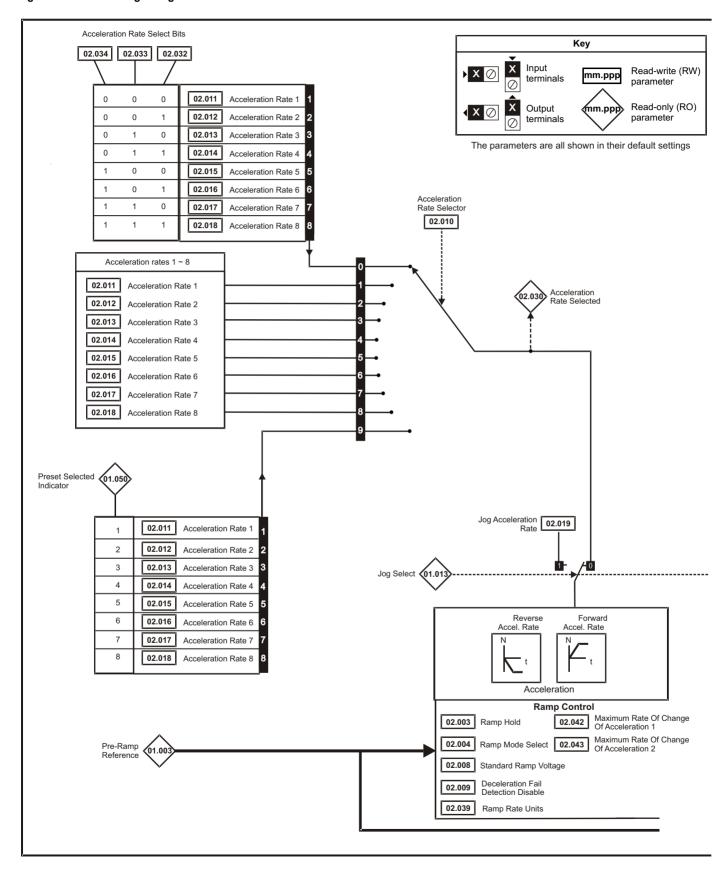
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard r Eo	parameters	Diagnoonoo	OL Libing

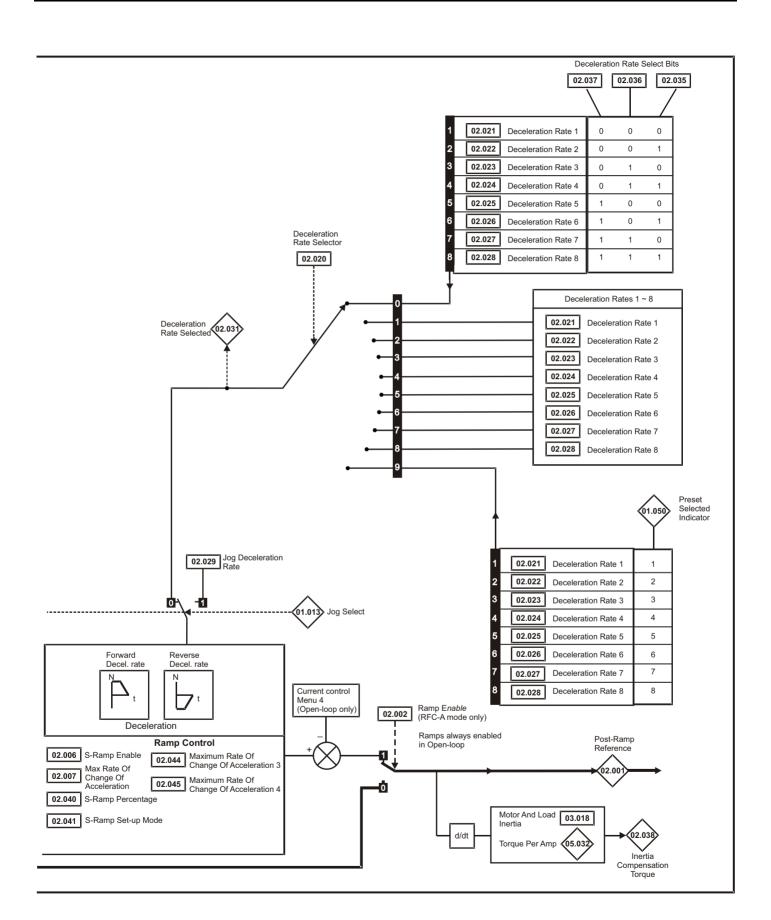
Safety	Product	Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 3	

11.3 Menu 2: Ramps

Figure 11-2 Menu 2 logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced Onboard PLC **UL** Listing Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card parameters



Safety	Product	Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 5	

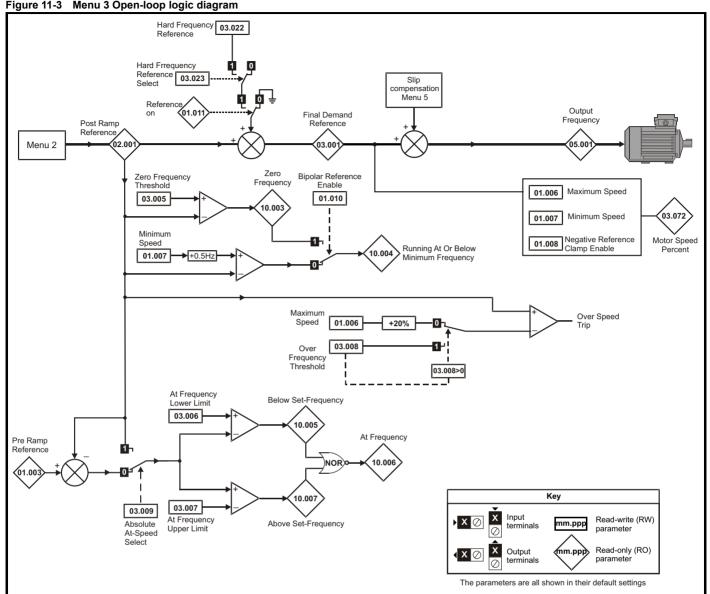
	Devemates	Rang	je (�)	Default	t (⇔)			Tres	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
02.001	Post Ramp Reference	0.00 to Pr	01.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.002	Ramp Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		On (1)	RW	Bit				US
02.003	Ramp Hold	. ,	or On (1)	Off (•	RW	Bit				US
02.004	Ramp Mode Select	FASt (0), Std (1), Std	d.bSt (2), FSt.bSt (3)	Std (•	RW	Txt				US
02.005	Disable Ramp Output		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
02.006	S Ramp Enable	. ,	or On (1)	Off (,	RW	Bit				US
02.007	Max Rate Of Change Of Acceleration	0.0 to 300.	0 s ² /100Hz	3.1 s ² /10		RW	Num				US
02.008	Standard Ramp Voltage	0 to 1	150 V	115 V drive 230 V drive 460 V drive 50 460 V drive 60 575 V drive	e: 375 V) Hz: 750 V) Hz: 775 V	RW	Num		RA		US
02.009	Deceleration Fail Detection Disable	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Off (I	0)	RW	Bit				US
02.010	Acceleration Rate Selector	0 t	o 9	0		RW	Num				US
02.011	Acceleration Rate 1					RW	Num				US
02.012	Acceleration Rate 2					RW	Num				US
02.013	Acceleration Rate 3					RW	Num				US
02.014	Acceleration Rate 4	0.0 to 32000	0.0 s/100 Hz	5.0 s/10	n Hz	RW	Num				US
02.015	Acceleration Rate 5	0.0 to 32000	0.0 3/100 112	3.0 3/10	0112	RW	Num				US
02.016	Acceleration Rate 6					RW	Num				US
02.017	Acceleration Rate 7					RW	Num				US
02.018	Acceleration Rate 8					RW	Num				US
02.019	Jog Acceleration Rate		0.0 s/100 Hz	0.2 s/10	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.020	Deceleration Rate Selector	0 t	o 9	0		RW	Num				US
02.021	Deceleration Rate 1					RW	Num				US
02.022	Deceleration Rate 2					RW	Num				US
02.023	Deceleration Rate 3					RW	Num				US
02.024	Deceleration Rate 4	0.0 to 32000	0.0 s/100 Hz	10.0 s/10	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.025	Deceleration Rate 5					RW	Num				US
02.026	Deceleration Rate 6					RW	Num				US
02.027	Deceleration Rate 7					RW	Num				US
02.028	Deceleration Rate 8					RW	Num				US
02.029	Jog Deceleration Rate		0.0 s/100 Hz	0.2 s/10	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.030	Acceleration Rate Selected		0 8			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.031	Deceleration Rate Selected		0 8			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.032	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 0	` ,	or On (1)	Off (<u>, </u>	RW	Bit		NC		
02.033	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 1	, ,	or On (1)	Off (<u> </u>	RW	Bit		NC		
02.034	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 2	, ,	or On (1)	Off (I	,	RW	Bit		NC		
02.035	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 0	, ,	or On (1)	Off (I	<u> </u>	RW	Bit		NC		<u> </u>
02.036	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 1		or On (1)	Off (RW	Bit		NC		<u> </u>
02.037	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 2	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Off (I	0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.038	Inertia Compensation Torque		±1000.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.039	Ramp Rate Units	, ,, ,	equency), 2 (s/1000 Hz)	1 (s/Maximum		RW	Num				US
02.040	S Ramp Percentage	0.0 to	0.0 9	%	RW	Num				US	
02.041	S Ramp Set-up Mode	0 t	0		RW	Num				US	
02.042	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 1	0.0 to 300.	0.0 s²/10		RW	Num				US	
02.043	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 2		0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s²/10		RW	Num				US
02.044	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 3	0.0 to 300.	0.0 s²/10		RW	Num				US	
02.045	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 4	0.0 to 300.	0.0 s ² /10	00 Hz	RW	Num				US	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

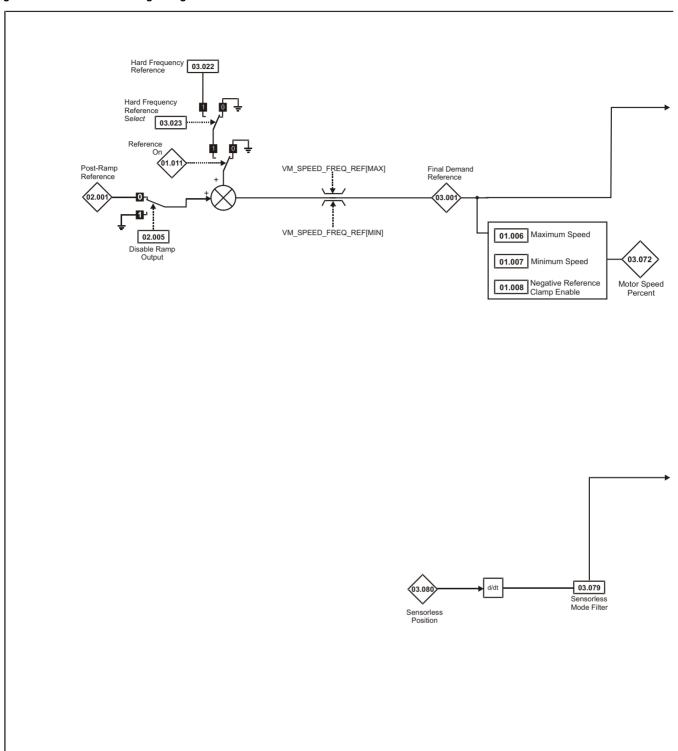
11.4 Menu 3: Frequency control

Figure 11-3 Menu 3 Open-loop logic diagram

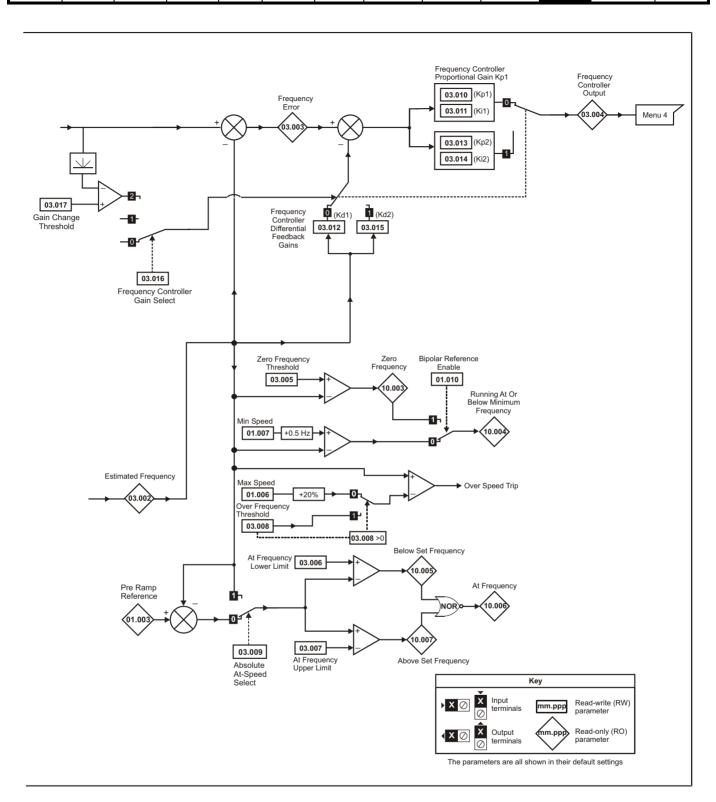


Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters		OL LISTING

Figure 11-4 Menu 3 RFC-A logic diagram

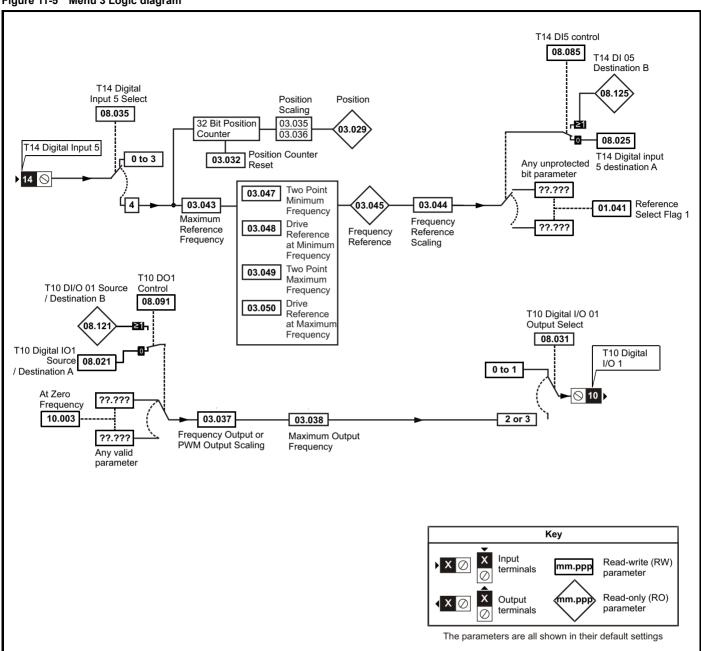


Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic NV Media Running Advanced Onboard PLC UL Listing Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card parameters



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced UL Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card

Figure 11-5 Menu 3 Logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

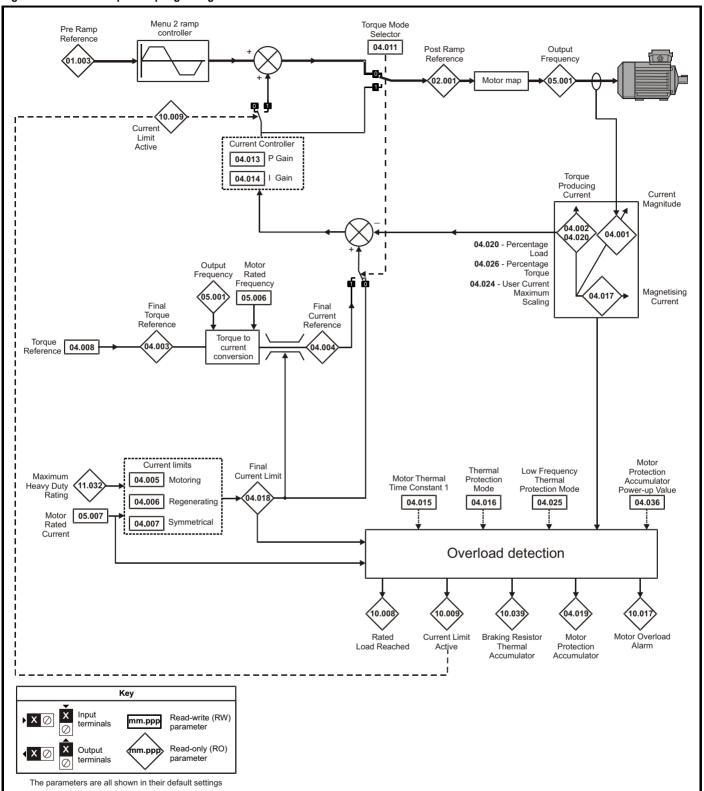
	Parameter		Range (1)	Defau	ılt (⇔)			т			
	Faranieter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	Je		
03.001	Final Demand Reference	-Pr 01.006 to Pr 0	01.006 or Pr 01.007 to Pr 01.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.002	Estimated Frequency		-Pr 01.006 to Pr 01.006 or Pr 01.007 to Pr 01.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.003	Frequency Error		-Pr 01.006 to Pr 01.006 or Pr 01.007 to Pr 01.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.004	Frequency Controller Output		VM_TORQUE_CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.005	Zero Frequency Threshold		0.00 to 20.00 Hz	2.00	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
03.006	At Frequency Lower Limit		0.00 to 550.00 Hz	1.00	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
03.007	At Frequency Upper Limit		0.00 to 550.00 Hz	1.00	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
03.008	Over Frequency Threshold		0.00 to 550.00 Hz	0.00	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
03.009	Absolute At Frequency Select		Off (0) or On (1)	Off	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
03.010	Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.011	Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
03.012	Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.013	Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp2		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.014	Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki2		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
03.015	Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd2		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.016	Frequency Controller Gain Select		0 to 2		0	RW	Num				US
03.017	Gain Change Threshold		0.00 to 550.00 Hz		0.00 Hz	RW	Num				FI
03.018	Motor and Load Inertia		0.00 to 1000.00 kgm²		0.00 kgm²	RW	Num				US
03.022	Hard Frequency Reference	0	0.00 to Pr 01.006 Hz	0.00	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
03.023	Hard Frequency Reference Select		Off (0) or On (1)	Off	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
03.029	Position (T14)		0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.032	Position Counter Reset (T14)		Off (0) or On (1)	Off	f (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
03.035	Position Scaling Numerator (T14)		0.000 to 1.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.036	Position Scaling Denominator (T14)		0.000 to 100.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.037	Frequency Output or PWM Output Scaling (T10)		0.000 to 4.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.038	Maximum Output Frequency (T10)	1 (0)	, 2 (1), 5 (2), 10 (3) kHz	5 (2)) kHz	RW	Txt				US
03.042	Frequency Input High Precision		Off (0) or On (1)	Off	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
03.043	Maximum Reference Frequency (T14)		0.00 to 100.00 kHz	10.00	0 kHz	RW	Num				US
03.044	Frequency Reference Scaling (T14)		0.000 to 4.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.045	Frequency Reference (T14)		0.00 to 100.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.047	Two Point Minimum Frequency (T14)		0.00 to 100.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
03.048	Drive Reference at Minimum Frequency (T14)		0.00 to 100.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
03.049	Two Point Maximum Frequency (T14)		0.00 to 100.00 %	100.	00 %	RW	Num				US
03.050	Drive Reference at Maximum Frequency (T14)		0.00 to 100.00 %	100.	00 %	RW	Num				US
03.072	Motor Speed Percent		± 150.0 %			RO		ND	NC	PT	FI
03.079	Sensorless Mode Filter		4 (0), 5 (1), 6 (2), 8 (3), 12 (4), 20 (5) ms		4 (0) ms	RW	Txt				US
03.080	Sensorless Position		0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

R۷	/ Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
NI	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald I LC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.5 Menu 4: Torque and current control

Figure 11-6 Menu 4 Open loop logic diagram



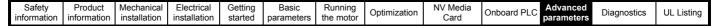
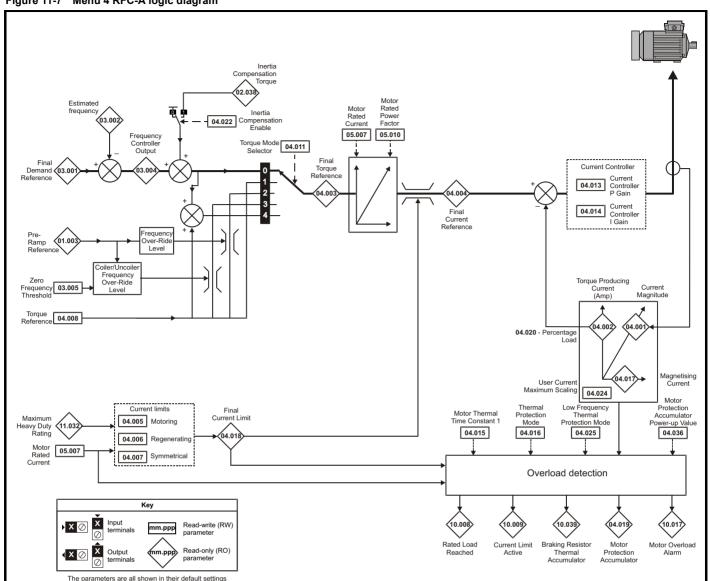


Figure 11-7 Menu 4 RFC-A logic diagram



Safety information	Product	Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 3	3

	Parameter	Range	· (\$)	Defau	lt (⇔)			T	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	ĺ		Тур	e		
04.001	Current Magnitude	0 to Drive Maxin	num Current A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.002	Torque Producing Current	± Drive Maximu	ım Current A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.003	Final Torque Reference	VM_TORQUE_	CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.004	Final Current Reference	VM_TORQUE_	CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.005	Motoring Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_0	CURRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %*	175.0 %**	RW	Num		RA		US
04.006	Regenerating Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_0	CURRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %*	175.0 %**	RW	Num		RA	US	
04.007	Symmetrical Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_0	CURRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %*	175.0 %**	RW	Num		RA		US
04.008	Torque Reference	VM_USER_C	URRENT %	0.0	%	RW	Num				US
04.011	Torque Mode Selector	0 to 1	0 to 5	0	1	RW	Num				US
04.013	Current Controller Kp Gain	0.00 to 4	000.00	20.	00	RW	Num				US
04.014	Current Controller Ki Gain	0.000 to 6	00.000	40.0	000	RW	Num				US
04.015	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1 to 30	00 s	179	9 s	RW	Num				US
04.016	Thermal Protection Mode	0 (0) to	3 (3)	0 (0)	RW	Bin				US
04.017	Magnetising Current	0 to Drive Maxin	num Current A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.018	Final Current Limit	VM_TORQUE_	CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
04.019	Motor Protection Accumulator	0.0 to 10	00.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
04.020	Percentage Load	VM_USER_C	URRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.022	Inertia Compensation Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
04.024	User Current Maximum Scaling	0.0 to VM_TORQUE_CU	RRENT_UNIPOLAR %	165.0 %*	175.0 %**	RW	Num		RA		US
04.025	Low Frequency Thermal Protection Mode	0 to	1	0		RW	Num				US
04.026	Percentage Torque	VM_USER_CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.036	Motor Protection Accumulator Power-up Value	Pr.dn (0), 0 (1	Pr.dr	1 (0)	RW	Txt				US	
04.041	User Over Current Trip Level	0 to 10	100	%	RW	Num		RA		US	

 $^{^{\}star}$ For size 9 the default is 141.9 %

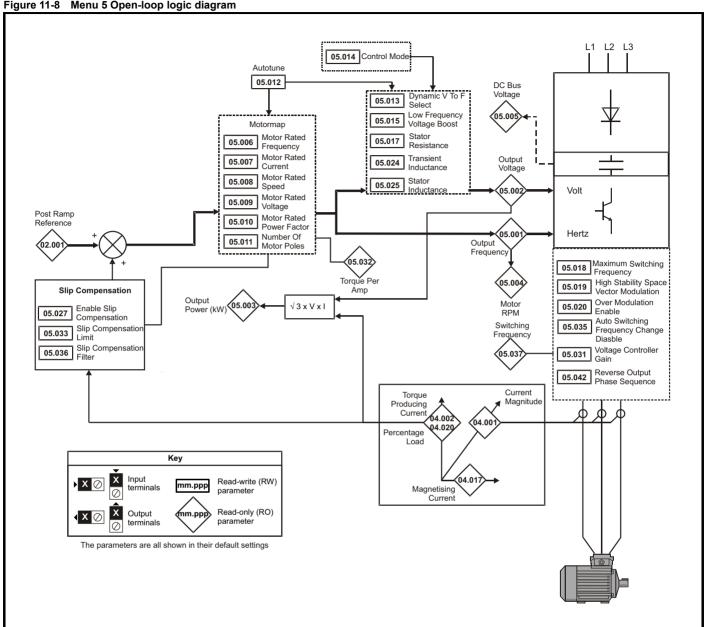
^{**} For size 9 the default is 150.0 %

R۱	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
NI	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

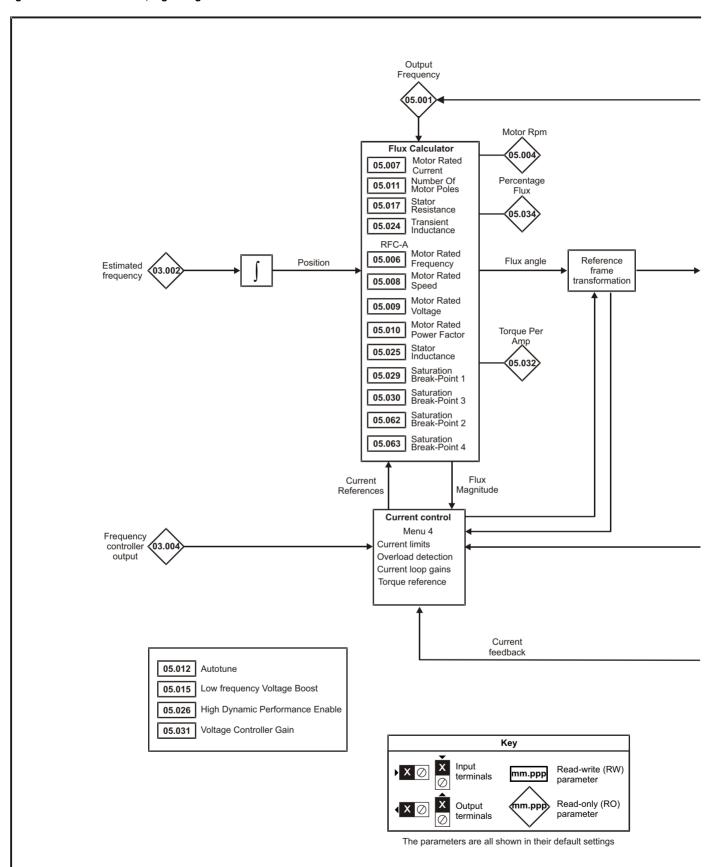
11.6 Menu 5: Motor control

Figure 11-8 Menu 5 Open-loop logic diagram

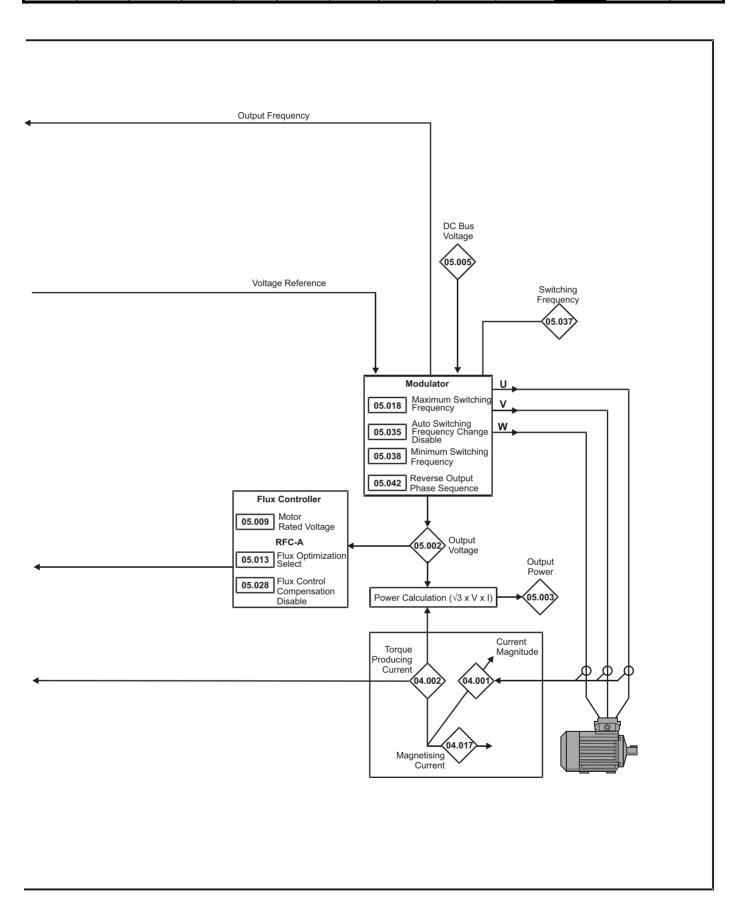


Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced Diagnostics Optimization Onboard PLC **UL** Listing information information installation installation started parameters the motor Card

Figure 11-9 Menu 5 RFC-A, logic diagram



Getting started Safety Advanced parameters Product Mechanical Electrical Basic Running NV Media Onboard PLC **UL** Listing Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation parameters the motor Card



		Rang	e (‡)	Defa	ılt (⇔)							
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е			
05.001	Output Frequency	± 550.	00 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.002	Output Voltage	0 to 9	30 V			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.003	Output Power	VM_POV	VER kW			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.004	Motor Rpm	± 33000	•			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.005	D.C. Bus Voltage	0 to 1				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.006	Motor Rated Frequency	0.00 to 5			, 60 Hz: 60.00 Hz	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.007	Motor Rated Current	0.00 to Driv	e Rating A		Outy Rating (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.008	Motor Rated Speed	0.0 to 330	00.0 rpm		50 Hz: 1450.0 rpm 60 Hz: 1750.0 rpm	RW	Num				US	
05.009	Motor Rated Voltage	0 to 7	65 V	115 V drive: 230 V 460 V drive 460 V drive 575 V dr	RW	Num		RA		US		
05.010	Motor Rated Power Factor	0.00 to	1.00	0	85	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.011	Number Of Motor Poles*	Auto (0) t	o 32 (16)	Aut	o (0)	RW	Num				US	
05.012	Autotune	0 to 2	0 to 3		0	RW	Num		NC			
05.013	Dynamic V To F Select / Flux Optimization Select	0 to	1		0	RW	Num				US	
05.014	Control Mode	Ur.S (0), Ur (1), Fd (2), Ur.Auto (3), Ur.I (4), SrE (5), Fd.tAP (6)		Ur.I (4)		RW	Txt				US	
05.015	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	0.0 to 2			0 %	RW	Num				US	
05.017	Stator Resistance	0.0000 to 9	99.9999 Ω	0.00	00 Ω	RW	Num	<u> </u>	RA		US	
05.018	Maximum Switching Frequency	0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	3 (3	3 (3) kHz				RA		US	
05.019	High Stability Space Vector Modulation	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
05.020	Over Modulation Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
05.021	Mechanical Load Test Level		0 to 100 %		0 %	RW	Bit				US	
05.024	Transient Inductance	0.000 to 50			0 mH	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.025	Stator Inductance	0.00 to 50		0.0) mH	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.026	High Dynamic Performance Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US	
05.027	Enable Slip Compensation	± 150.0 %		100.0 %		RW	Num				US	
05.028	Flux Control Compensation Disable	Off (0) o		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US	
05.029	Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %	RW	Num				US	
05.030	Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %	RW	Num				US	
05.031	Voltage Controller Gain	1 to			<u> </u>	RW	Num				US	
05.032	Torque Per Amp	0.00 to 500	J.00 Nm/A	40.00.11		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
05.033	Slip Compensation Limit	0.00 to 10.00 Hz	0.04 450.00	10.00 Hz		RW	Num	NID.		DT	US	
05.034	Percentage Flux	0.4	0.0 to 150.0 %		^	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	110	
05.035	Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable	0 to) 1 		0	RW	Num				US	
05.036	Slip Compensation Filter	64 (0), 128 (1), 256 (2), 512 (3) ms 0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2),	2 (2) 2 (2) 4 (4) 6 (5)	128 (1) ms		RW	Txt				US	
05.037 05.038	Switching Frequency	3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz 0 to VM MAX SWITCH	2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz		2 14 1= (2)	RO	Txt	ND	NC RA	PT		
05.040	Minimum Switching Frequency Spin Start Boost	0.0 to		0.667 (0) kHz	2 kHz (2)	RW	Txt Num	1	IVA	-	US	
05.040	Reverse Output Phase Sequence	Off (0) o			f (0)	RW	Bit	 			US	
05.042	Maximum Deadtime Compensation	0.000 to 1		Ol	. (~)	RO	Num	1	NC	PT	US	
05.060	Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation	0.00 to 1	•			RO	Num	 	NC	PT	US	
05.061	Disable Deadtime Compensation	Off (0) o		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit	 			US	
05.062	Saturation Breakpoint 2	3 (3) 0	0.0 to 100.0 %	0.	0.0 %	RW	Num	1			US	
05.063	Saturation Breakpoint 4		0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num	1			US	
05.074	Boost End Voltage	0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %		RW	Num	1			US	
05.075	Boost End Frequency	0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %		RW	Num	1			US	
05.076	Second Point Voltage	0.0 to 100.0 %		55.0 %		RW	Num	 			US	
	· ·						1	1				
05.077	Second Point Frequency	0.0 to 100.0 %		55.0 %		RW	Num	<u> </u>			US	
05.078	Third point voltage	0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %		RW	Num	<u> </u>			US	
05.079	Third point frequency	0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %		RW	Num	<u> </u>			US	
05.080	Low acoustic noise enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
05.081	Change to maximum drive switching frequency at low output current	Oii (0) di Oii (1)		Off (0)			Bit				US	
05.083	Voltage Shelving Disable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	<u> </u>			US	
05.084	Low Frequency Slip Boost	0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %		RW	Num	<u>L</u>	L		US	
	Low Frequency Estimator Threshold		0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num		L		US	
05.088	Ur Mode Pre-Flux Delay	0.0 to 0.7 s		0.1 s		RW	Num				US	

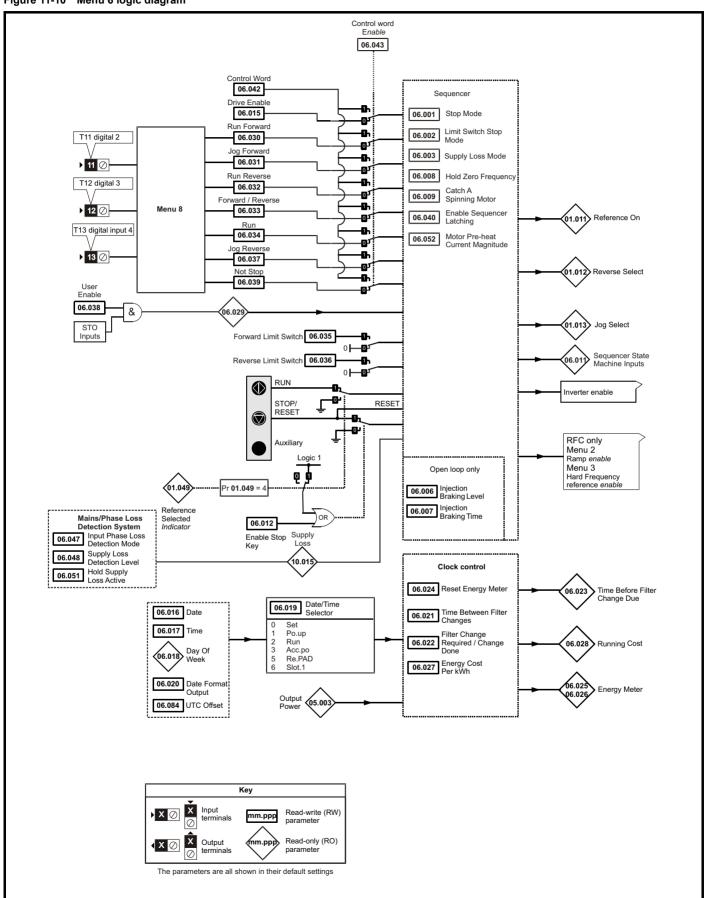
 $[\]ensuremath{^{\star}}$ If this parameter is read via serial communications, it will show pole pairs.

	fety Product nation information			lectrical stallation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Runni the mo		Optimization	NV Me Car		Onboar	d PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagno	stics	UL Listing
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number pa	arameter	Bit	Bit pa	arameter	Txt	Text s	tring	Bin	Binary parame	eter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	H PT	Protected	parameter	RA	Ratir	ng dependent	US	User s	save	PS	Power-down s	save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced Onboard PLC **UL** Listing Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Card

11.7 Menu 6: Sequencer and clock

Figure 11-10 Menu 6 logic diagram

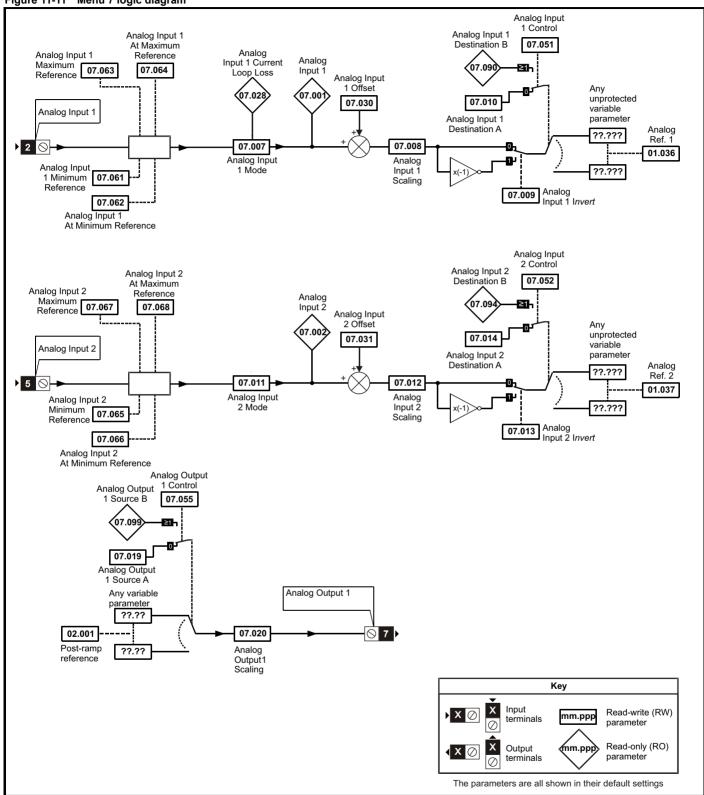


Safet informa	,		lechanical estallation	Electinstal		Getting started	Basic paramet		Running the motor	Optimiz	ation	tion NV Media Card Onboard PLC Advance paramete					Diagr	nostics	L	UL Listing		
	De	ramet	tor				F	Range	· (\$)			D	efault(⇒)				Tun	_			
	Га	Iraille	tei				OL		RF	C-A		OL		RF	C-A			Тур	e			
06.001	Stop Mode					rP.dc I ((0), rP (1), 2), dc I (3) (4), diS (5)	,	CoASt (0), (2), dc I (3 diS (5),				rP (1)			RW	Txt				US	
06.002	Limit Switch	•	ode					oP (0),					rP (1)			RW	Txt				US	
06.003	Supply Loss					diS (0), rP.StoP		E.th (2), Lt.	StoP (3)			diS (0)			RW	Txt				US	
06.004 06.006	Start/Stop Log						0	0 to 0 to 15				100.0 %					Num		RA		US	
06.007	Injection Brai	-						.0 to 10					1.0 s			RW	Num				US	
06.008	Hold Zero Fre	equency	у				Of	f (0) or	On (1)				Off (0)			RW	Bit				US	
06.009	Catch A Spin	ning Mo	otor			diS (0)	, EnAbLE	(1), Fr.	OnLy (2), rv	OnLy (3)		diS (0)					Txt				US	
06.010	Enable Cond							0 to 40								RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT		
06.011 06.012	Sequencer S Enable Stop I		ichine Inputs	8			Of	0 to 1 f (0) or			_		Off (0)			RO RW	Bin Bit	ND	NC	PT	US	
06.012	Enable Stop I	•	/						(1), rEv (2)				diS (0)			RW	Txt				US	
06.014	Disable Auto							f (0) or					Off (0)			RW	Bit				US	
06.015	Drive Enable						Of	f (0) or	On (1)				On (1)			RW	Bit				US	
06.016	Date								31-12-99							RW	Date	ND	NC	PT		
06.017	Time	-							23:59:59	=						RW	Time	ND	NC	PT		
06.018	Day Of Week					, , ,		SAt (,							RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT		
06.019 06.020	Date/Time Se	elector				SEt (0), F	t (0), Po.uP (1), run (2), Acc.Po (3), rE.PAd (5), SLot.1 (6) Std (0), US (1)),		Po.uP (1 Std (0))		RW	Txt Txt				US	
06.020	Time Betwee	n Filter	Changes						O Hours		-	Sta (U) 0 Hours					Num	-			US	
06.022	Filter Change			Done				f (0) or			-					RW	Bit	ND	NC		-55	
06.023	Time Before	Filter Cl	hange Due				0 to	30000	Hours		7					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS	
06.024	Reset Energy							f (0) or					Off (0)			RW	Bit					
06.025	Energy Meter							999.9								RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS	
06.026 06.027	Energy Meter		'h			±99.99 kWh 0.0 to 600.0						0.0			RO RW	Num Num	ND	NC	PT	PS US		
06.027	Running Cost		11			±32000					0.0	_		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	03			
06.029	Hardware En					Off (0) or On (1)										RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT		
06.030	Run Forward						Of	f (0) or	On (1)				Off (0)			RW	Bit		NC			
06.031	Jog Forward	*					Of	f (0) or	On (1)				Off (0)			RW	Bit		NC			
06.032	Run Reverse					Off (0) or On (1)						Off (0)			RW	Bit		NC				
06.033	Forward/Rev	erse				Off (0) or On (1)					Off (0)			RW	Bit		NC					
06.034 06.035	Run Forward Limi	t Switch	1			Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)						Off (0)			RW	Bit Bit		NC NC				
06.036	Reverse Limi					Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)						Off (0)					Bit		NC			
06.037	Jog Reverse						Of	f (0) or	On (1)			Off (0)				RW	Bit		NC			
06.038	User Enable							f (0) or				On (1)					Bit		NC			
06.039	Not Stop							` '	On (1)			Off (0)					Bit		NC			
06.040 06.041	Enable Seque		atching				Of	f (0) or 0 to				Off (0)				RW	Bit Bin		NC		US	
06.041	Control Word	-						0 to 32				0				RW	Bin		NC			
06.043	Control Word		9					0 to				0				RW	Num		110		US	
06.045	Cooling Fan							0 to				2				RW	Num				US	
06.047	Input Phase I	oss De	etection Mod	de			FuLL (0)	, rIPPL	E (1), diS (2	2)			FuLL (0)			RW	Txt				US	
06.048	Supply Loss	Detection	on Level			0	to VM_SU	PPLY_	LOSS_LEV	ELV	J	115 V drive: 205 V, 230 V drive: 205 V 460 V drive: 410 V, 575 V drive: 540 V				RW	Num		RA		US	
06.051	Hold Supply I								On (1)			Off (0)				RW	Bit		NC			
06.052	Motor Pre-he		•					0 to 10				-	0 %			RW	Num				US	
06.058	Output Phase							. ,	4 (3) s		_		0.5 (0) s	1		RW DW	Txt				US	
06.059 06.060	Output Phase Standby Mod			iable				f (0) or f (0) or	On (1)		-		Off (0)			RW	Bit Bit				US	
06.061	Standby Mod						01	0 to			-		0			RW	Bin				US	
06.071	Slow Rectifie			ble			Of	f (0) or			-		Off (0)			RW	Bit				US	
06.073	Braking IGBT	Lower	Threshold				0 to VM_D	C_VOI	LTAGE_SE	Г۷		115 V drive: 39 460 V drive: 78				RW	Num		RA		US	
06.074	074 Braking IGBT Upper Threshold							LTAGE_SE			115 V drive: 390 V, 230 V drive: 390 V 460 V drive: 780 V, 575 V drive: 930 V			RW	Num		RA		US			
06.075				-1- 1	0 to VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET V					0 V			RW	Num		RA		US				
06.076	5 5			elect	17					Off (0) Off (0)			RW	Bit Bit				US				
06.077	16.077 Low DC Link Operation 16.084 UTC Offset				Off (0) or On (1) ± 24.00 Hours					0.00 Hours					RW	Num				US		
06.089					± 24.00 Hours Off (0) or On (1)										RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	US		
	,			,,,,,				Txt Text string Bin Binary			Rinanta			FI	Filter		_					
	ead / Write o default value	RO NC	Read only Not copie					, , , , , , ,			er-down save			Desti		<u> </u>						
	address	Mac			Date			Time			SMP		ameter	Chr	Characte			DE Ver			ımber	
	address Mac Mac address Date Date parameter Time Time parameter								-		-											

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced UL Listing Diagnostics Optimization Onboard PLC information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card

11.8 Menu 7: Analog I/O

Figure 11-11 Menu 7 logic diagram



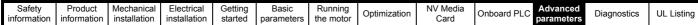


Figure 11-12 Menu 7 logic diagram: Thermistor input 08.035 DI/O 05 Select Digital input 5 Digital Input 5 1,2 or 3 **⊘** 14 Thermistor feedback Thermistor Input 07.047 {ThS} trip detect **⊘** 1 0V {Th} trip detect Menu 3 Frequency Input Thermistor Type (07.046) Thermistor Trip Threshold (07.048) Thermistor Reset Threshold (07.049) Thermistor Temperature 4 — 07.050 Resistance to temperature conversion 0 to 3

07.046 Thermistor Type

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostica	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

	Parameter	Ranç	je (ၞ)	Def	ault (⇔)			Т	Туре				
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	Туре							
07.001	Analog Input 1 (T2)	0.00 to	100.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI		
07.002	Analog Input 2 (T5)	0.00 to	100.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI		
07.004	Stack Temperature	± 25	50 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
07.005	Auxiliary Temperature	± 25	50 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
07.007	Analog Input 1 Mode (T2)	4-20.H (-2), 20-4.H (, 4-20.L (-4), 20-4.L (-3), -1), 0-20 (0), 20-0 (1), -20 (4), 20-4 (5), VoLt (6)	٧	RW	Txt				US			
07.008	Analog Input 1 Scaling (T2)	0.000 to	10.000		1.000	RW	Num				US		
07.009	Analog Input 1 Invert (T2)	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
07.010	Analog Input 1 Destination A (T2)	0.000 to	30.999		1.036	RW	Num	DE		PT	US		
07.011	Analog Input 2 Mode (T5)	VoLt (6), dlg (7)	V	oLt (6)	RW	Txt				US		
07.012	Analog Input 2 Scaling (T5)	0.000 to	o 10.000		1.000	RW	Num				US		
07.013	Analog Input 2 Invert (T5)	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
07.014	Analog Input 2 Destination A (T5)	0.000 to	o 30.999		1.037	RW	Num	DE		PT	US		
07.019	Analog Output 1 Source A (T7)	0.000 to	30.999		2.001	RW	Num			PT	US		
07.020	Analog Output 1 Scaling (T7)	0.000 to	o 40.000		1.000	RW	Num				US		
07.026	Analog Input 1 Preset on Current Loss (T2)	4.00 to	20.00		4.00	RW	Num				US		
07.028	Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss (T2)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
07.030	Analog Input 1 Offset (T2)	± 100	0.00 %	(0.00 %	RW	Num				US		
07.031	Analog Input 2 Offset (T5)	± 100	0.00 %	(0.00 %	RW	Num				US		
07.034	Inverter Temperature	± 25	50 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
07.035	Percentage Of d.c. Link Thermal Trip Level	0 to	100 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
07.036	Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level	0 to	100 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT				
07.037	Temperature Nearest To Trip Level	0 to	1999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT				
07.046	Thermistor Type		Pt1000 (2), Pt2000 hEr (4)	d4	RW	Txt				US			
07.047	Thermistor Feedback	0 to 4	-000 Ω			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI		
07.048	Thermistor Trip Threshold	0 to 4	-000 Ω	3	3300 Ω	RW	Num				US		
07.049	Thermistor Reset Threshold	0 to 4	-000 Ω	1	800 Ω	RW	Num				US		
07.050	Thermistor Temperature	-50 to	300 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI		
07.051	Analog Input 1 Control (T2)	01	to 5		0	RW	Num				US		
07.052	Analog Input 2 Control (T5)	0 1	to 5		0	RW	Num				US		
07.055	Analog Output 1 Control (T7)	0 to	o 15		0	RW	Num				US		
07.061	Analog Input 1 Minimum Reference (T2)	0.00 to	100.00 %	(0.00 %	RW	Num				US		
07.062	Analog Input 1 At Minimum Reference (T2)	± 100	0.00 %	(0.00 %	RW	Num				US		
07.063	Analog Input 1 Maximum Reference (T2)	0.00 to	100.00 %	10	00.00 %	RW	Num				US		
07.064	Analog Input 1 At Maximum Reference (T2)	± 100	0.00 %	10	00.00 %	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US		
07.065	Analog Input 2 Minimum Reference (T5)	0.00 to	100.00 %	(0.00 %	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US		
07.066	Analog Input 2 At Minimum Reference (T5)	± 100.00 %		(0.00 %	RW	Num				US		
07.067	Analog Input 2 Maximum Reference (T5)	0.00 to 100.00 %		10	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US			
07.068	Analog Input 2 At Maximum Reference (T5)	± 100.00 %		10	RW	Num	 			US			
07.090	Analog Input 1 Destination B (T2)	0.000 to 30.999				RO	Num	DE		PT	US		
07.094	Analog Input 2 Destination B (T5)	0.000 to 30.999				RO	Num	DE		PT	US		
07.099	Analog Output 1 Source B (T7)	0.000 to	30.999			RO	Num	1		PT	US		

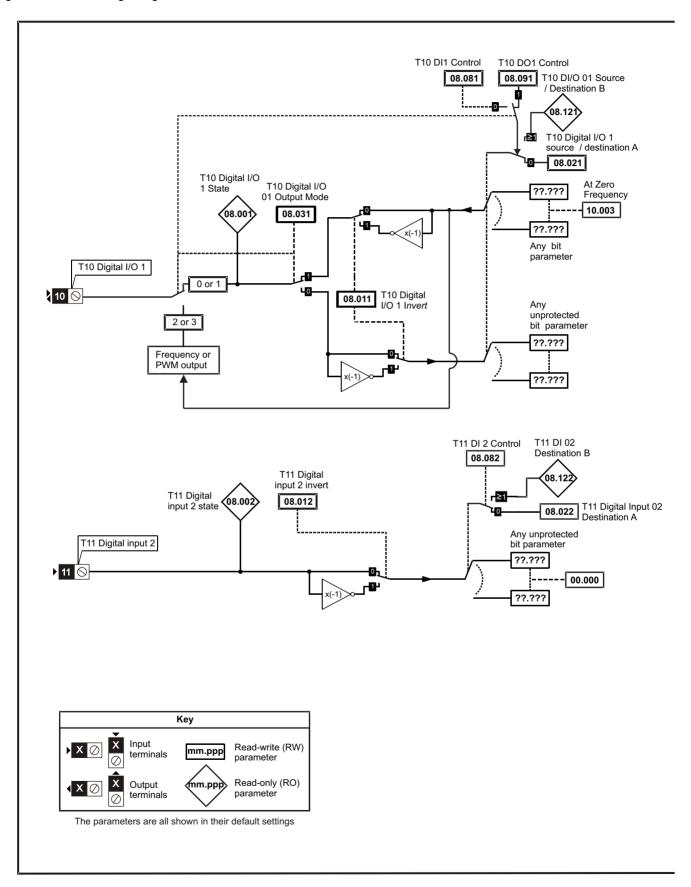
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product information installation inst

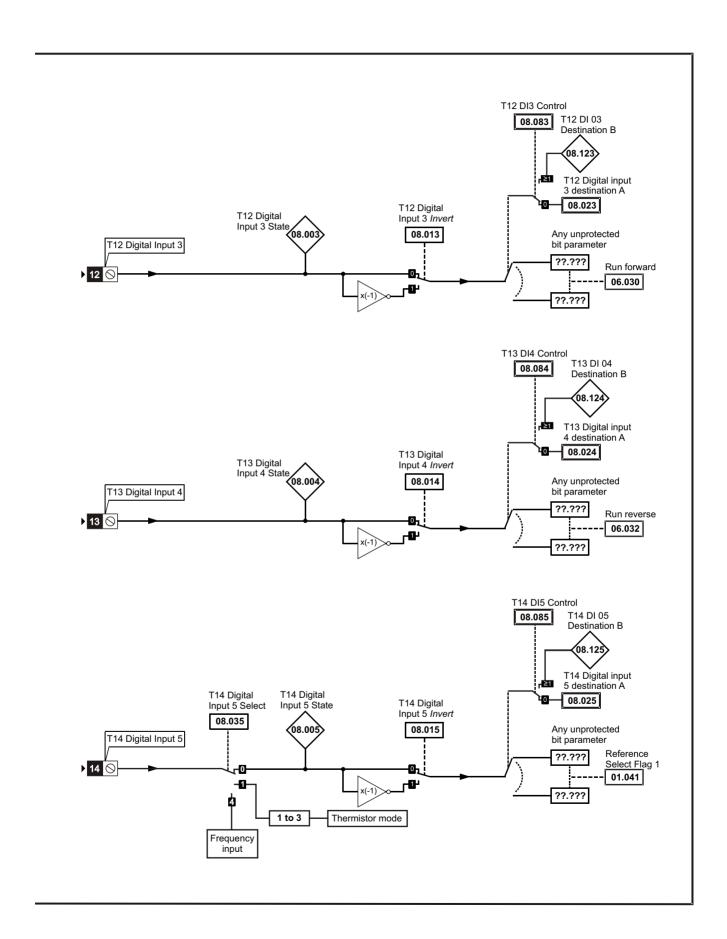
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

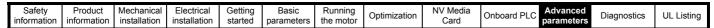
11.9 Menu 8: Digital I/O

Figure 11-13 Menu 8 logic diagram



Safety Getting NV Media Product Mechanical Electrical Basic Running Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Card parameters







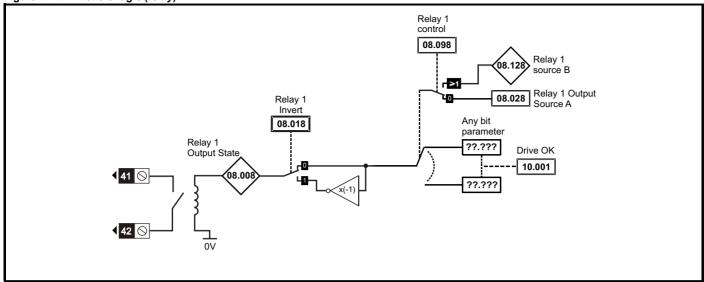


Figure 11-15 Safe Torque Off Logic diagram (frame 1 to 4)

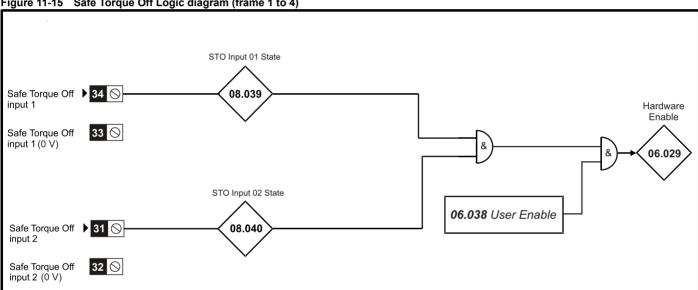
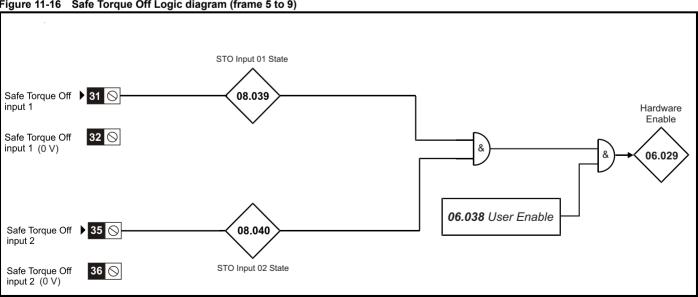


Figure 11-16 Safe Torque Off Logic diagram (frame 5 to 9)



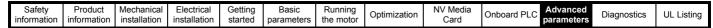
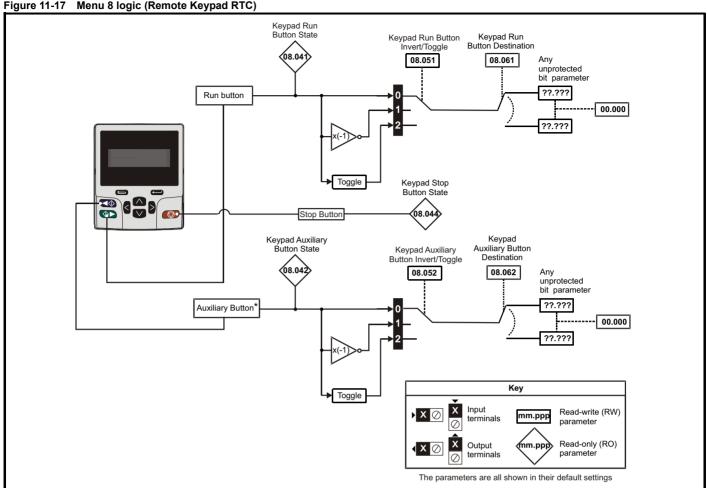


Figure 11-17 Menu 8 logic (Remote Keypad RTC)



^{*} The auxiliary button is available with Remote Keypad RTC.

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC		Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	3	3

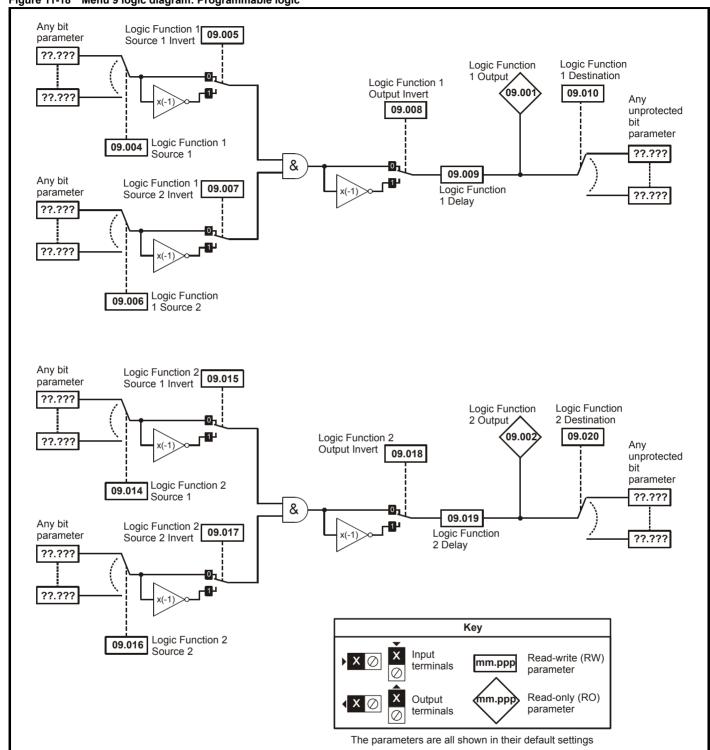
	Parameter	Rang	ge (\$)	Defa	ıult (⇔)			Tree			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	e		
08.001	Digital I/O 1 State (T10)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.002	Digital Input 2 State (T11)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.003	Digital Input 3 State (T12)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.004	Digital Input 4 State (T13)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.005	Digital Input 5 State (T14)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.008	Relay 1 Output State	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.011	Digital I/O 1 Invert (T10)	Not.Inv (0), InvErt (1)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.012	Digital Input 2 Invert (T11)), InvErt (1)		.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.013	Digital Input 3 Invert (T12)	Not.Inv (0), InvErt (1)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.014	Digital Input 4 Invert (T13)	Not.Inv (0), InvErt (1)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.015	Digital Input 5 Invert (T14)	Not.Inv (0), InvErt (1)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.018	Relay 1 Invert	Not.Inv (0), InvErt (1)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.020	Digital I/O Read Word	0 to	2048			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
08.021	Digital IO1 Source / Destination A (T10)		o 30.999		0.003	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.022	Digital Input 02 Destination A (T11)	0.000 t	o 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.023	Digital Input 03 Destination A (T12)		o 30.999	6	.030	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.024	Digital Input 04 Destination A (T13)		o 30.999	6	.032	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.025	Digital Input 05 Destination A (T14)		o 30.999		.041	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.028	Relay 1 Output Source A	0.000 t	o 30.999	10	0.001	RW	Num			PT	US
08.031	Digital I/O 01 Output Mode (T10)	, ,,	1), Fr (2), PuLSE (3)		Put (1)	RW	Txt				US
08.035	Digital Input 5 Select (T14)	InPut (0), th.Sct (1), t	h (2), th.Notr (3), Fr (4)	InF	Put (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.039	STO Input 01 State		or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.040	STO Input 02 State	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.041	Keypad Run Button State	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.042	Keypad Auxiliary Button State	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.043	24 V Supply Input State	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.044	Keypad Stop Button State	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.051	Keypad Run Button Invert / Toggle	1 7	Ert (1), toggLE (2)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.052	Keypad Auxiliary Button Invert / Toggle	Not.Inv (0), InvE	Ert (1), toggLE (2)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.053	24 V Supply Input Invert	, ,), InvErt (1),		.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.061	Keypad Run Button Destination	0.000 t	o 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.062	Keypad Auxiliary Button Destination		o 30.999		.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.063	24 V Supply Input Destination		o 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.081	DI1 Control (T10)		o 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.082	DI2 Control (T11)		o 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.083	DI3 Control (T12)		o 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.084	DI4 Control (T13)		o 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.085	DI5 Control (T14)		o 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.091	DO1 Control (T10)		o 21		0	RW	Num				US
08.098	Relay 1 Control		o 21		0	RW	Num				US
08.121	DI/O 01 Source / Destination B (T10)		o 30.999			RO	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
08.122	DI 02 Destination B (T11)		o 30.999			RO	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
08.123	DI 03 Destination B (T12)		o 30.999			RO	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
08.124	DI 04 Destination B (T13)		o 30.999			RO	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
08.125	DI 05 Destination B (T14)		o 30.999			RO	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
08.128	Relay 01 Source B	0.000 t	o 30.999	0	.000	RO	Num		NC	PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced Optimization **UL** Listing Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Card

11.10 Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum and timers

Figure 11-18 Menu 9 logic diagram: Programmable logic



Getting Running NV Media Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Basic Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC UL Listing Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Card

Figure 11-19 Menu 9 logic diagram: Motorized pot and binary sum Motorized Pot. Bipolar Motorized Pot. Motorized Motorized Pot. Select Output Pot. Rate Destination 09.022 09.023 09.00 09.025 Motorized Pot. Any unprotected Up variable 09.026 parameter ??.??? 09.024 Motorized Pot. ??.??? Scaling 09.027 Function disabled if set to a non valid destination Motorized Pot Down Motorized Pot. 09.028 09.021 Mode Motorized Pot Reset Binary Sum Binary Sum Binary Sum Output Offset Destination 09.034 09.03 09.033 09.029 Any Binary Sum unprotected Ones bit parameter ??.??? 09.030 Binary Sum ??.??? Twos Function disabled if set to a non valid destination 09.031 Key Binary Sum Fours Input Read-write (RW) mm.ppp terminals parameter

mm.ppp

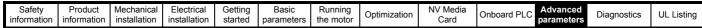
The parameters are all shown in their default settings

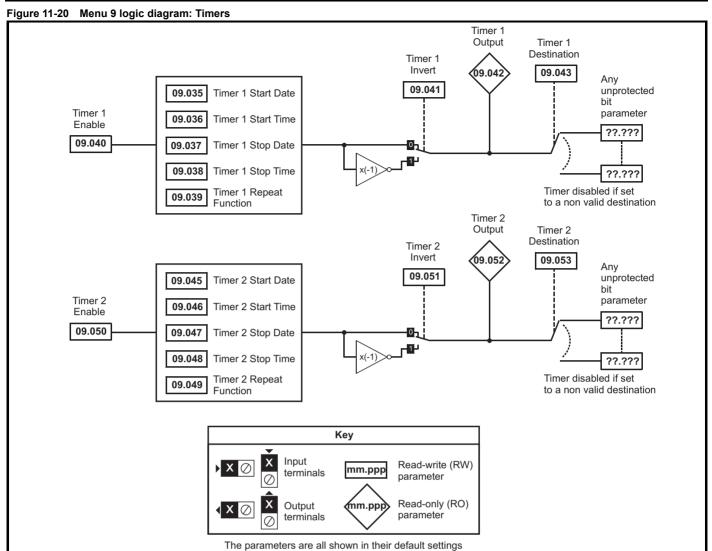
Output

terminals

Read-only (RO)

parameter





Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting information installation installation of installation installation installation of installation installation installation installation of installation installation of installation installation of installation

	D	Rang	je(‡)	De	ault(⇔)			T			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Ту	pe		
09.001	Logic Function 1 Output		or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.002	Logic Function 2 Output	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.003	Motorized Pot Output	±100	.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
09.004	Logic Function 1 Source 1	0.000 to	30.999		0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.005	Logic Function 1 Source 1 Invert	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.006	Logic Function 1 Source 2	0.000 to	30.999		0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.007	Logic Function 1 Source 2 Invert		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.008	Logic Function 1 Output Invert	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.009	Logic Function 1 Delay	±25			0.0 s	RW	Num				US
09.010	Logic Function 1 Destination		30.999		0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.014	Logic Function 2 Source 1		30.999		0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.015	Logic Function 2 Source 1 Invert		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.016	Logic Function 2 Source 2	0.000 to	30.999		0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.017	Logic Function 2 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.018	Logic Function 2 Output Invert		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.019	Logic Function 2 Delay		.0 s		0.0 s	RW	Num				US
09.020	Logic Function 2 Destination	0.000 to	30.999		0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.021	Motorized Pot Mode	0 t	0 4		0	RW	Num				US
09.022	Motorized Pot Bipolar Select	Off (0) o	or On (1)	•	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.023	Motorized Pot Rate	0 to :	250 s		20 s	RW	Num				US
09.024	Motorized Pot Scaling	0.000 t	0 4.000		1.000	RW	Num				US
09.025	Motorized Pot Destination	0.000 to	30.999		0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.026	Motorized Pot Up	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.027	Motorized Pot Down	Off (0) o	or On (1)	•	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.028	Motorized Pot Reset	Off (0) o	or On (1)	•	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.029	Binary Sum Ones	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				
09.030	Binary Sum Twos		or On (1)	•	Off (0)	RW	Bit				
09.031	Binary Sum Fours	Off (0) o	or On (1)	•	Off (0)	RW	Bit				
09.032	Binary Sum Output		255			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
09.033	Binary Sum Destination	0.000 to	30.999		0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.034	Binary Sum Offset		248		0	RW	Num				US
09.035	Timer 1 Start Date	00-00-00 t	o 31-12-99	00)-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.036	Timer 1 Start Time	00:00:00 t	o 23:59:59		0:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.037	Timer 1 Stop Date		o 31-12-99)-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.038	Timer 1 Stop Time		o 23:59:59		0:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.039	Timer 1 Repeat Function	NonE (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (onE (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.040	Timer 1 Enable		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.041	Timer 1 Invert	Off (0) o	` '		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.042	Timer 1 Output	Off (0) o	1 1			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.043	Timer 1 Destination	0.000 to			0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.045	Timer 2 Start Date		o 31-12-99)-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.046	Timer 2 Start Time	00:00:00 t			0:00:00	RW	Time			<u> </u>	US
09.047	Timer 2 Stop Date		o 31-12-99)-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.048	Timer 2 Stop Time		o 23:59:59		0:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.049	Timer 2 Repeat Function	, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	3), 4 (4), 5 (5), 6 (6), 7 (7)		onE (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.050	Timer 2 Enable		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.051	Timer 2 Invert		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.052	Timer 2 Output		or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.053	Timer 2 Destination	0.000 to	30.999		0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
ΙP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboalu FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.11 Menu 10: Status and trips

·	Parameter	Range (む)	De	fault (⇒)			т.	ne		
	Parameter	OL RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			ıy	pe		
10.001	Drive OK	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.002	Drive Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.003	Zero Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.004	Running At Or Below Minimum Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.005	Below Set Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	ļ
10.006	At Frequency Above Set Frequency	Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)			RO RO	Bit Bit	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	ļ
10.007	Rated Load Reached	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	-
10.009	Current Limit Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.010	Regenerating	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	-
10.011	Braking IGBT Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.012	Braking Resistor Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.013	Reverse Direction Commanded	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	1
10.014	Reverse Direction Running	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.015	Supply Loss	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.016	Under Voltage Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.017	Motor Overload Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.018	Drive Over-temperature Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.019	Drive Warning	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.020	Trip 0	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.021	Trip 1	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.022	Trip 2 Trip 3	0 to 255 0 to 255			RO RO	Txt Txt	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	PS PS
10.023	Trip 4	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.025	Trip 5	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.026	Trip 6	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.027	Trip 7	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.028	Trip 8	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.029	Trip 9	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.030	Braking Resistor Rated Power	0.0 to 99999.9 kW		0.0 kW	RW	Num				US
10.031	Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant	0.00 to 1500.00 s		0.00 s	RW	Num				US
10.032	External Trip	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
10.033	Drive Reset	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
10.034	Number Of Auto-reset Attempts	NonE (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5), inF (6)	1	NonE (0)	RW	Txt				US
10.035	Auto-reset Delay	0.0 to 600.0 s		1.0 s	RW	Num				US
10.036	Auto-reset Hold Drive OK	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
10.037	Action On Trip Detection	0 to 31		0	RW	Num	ND	NO		US
10.038	User Trip Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator	0 to 255 0.0 to 100.0 %			RW	Num	ND ND	NC NC	PT	<u> </u>
10.039	Status Word	0.0 to 100.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	-
10.041	Trip 0 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
	Trip 0 Time	00:00:00 to 31-12-93			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.043	Trip 1 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.044	Trip 1 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.045	Trip 2 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.046	Trip 2 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.047	Trip 3 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.048	Trip 3 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.049	Trip 4 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.050	Trip 4 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.051	Trip 5 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.052	Trip 5 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.053	Trip 6 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.054	Trip 6 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.055	Trip 7 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND ND	NC	PT	PS
10.056	Trip 7 Time Trip 8 Date	00:00:00 to 23:59:59 00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO RO	Time	ND	NC NC	PT PT	PS PS
10.057	Trip 8 Time	00:00:00 to 31-12-99 00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS PS
10.058	Trip 9 Date	00:00:00 to 23:59:59 00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS PS
10.059	Trip 9 Time	00:00:00 to 31-12-99 00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.061	Braking Resistor Resistance	0.00 to 10000.00 Ω		0.00 Ω	RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
10.064	Remote Keypad Battery Low	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	+
10.065	Autotune Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.066	Limit Switch Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.068	Hold Drive Healthy On Under Voltage	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit	1	 		US
	<u>. </u>	., .,		* *	1	1		1	1	1

Safety	Product	Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 3	

	Parameter	Rang	je (\$)	Defa	ıult (⇒)			т.			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			ıy	pe		
10.069	Additional Status Bits	0 to :	2047			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.070	Trip 0 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.071	Trip 1 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.072	Trip 2 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.073	Trip 3 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.074	Trip 4 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.075	Trip 5 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.076	Trip 6 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.077	Trip 7 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.078	Trip 8 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.079	Trip 9 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.080	Stop Motor	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.081	Phase Loss	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.090	Drive Ready	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.101	Drive Status	Inh (0), rdy (1), StoP S.LoSS (5), rES (6), dc.i ActivE (10), rES (11) HEAt (14)	nJ (7), rES (8), Error (9),), rES (12), rES (13),			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.102	Trip Reset Source	0 to	1023			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.103	Trip Time Identifier	-2147483648 to	2147483647 ms			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.104	Active Alarm	NonE (0), br.rES (1) d.OV.Ld (4), tuning (5), OPt.AL (9), rES (10 Lo.AC (13), I.AC.L	LS (6), rES (7), rES (8),), rES (11), rES(12),			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.106	Potential Drive Damage Conditions	0 to	o 3			RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.107	Low AC Alarm	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.108	Reversed cooling fan detected	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
ΙP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card		parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.12 Menu 11: General drive set-up

	Porcenter	Range (‡)	Default (⇔)	1		Ţ.			
	Parameter	OL RFC-A	OL RFC-A	1		Тур	ie		
11.018	Status Mode Parameter 1	0.000 to 30.999	2.001	RW	Num			PT	U
11.019	Status Mode Parameter 2	0.000 to 30.999	4.020	RW	Num			PT	U
11.020	Reset Serial Communications	Off (0) or On (1)		RW	Bit	ND	NC		1
11.021	Customer Defined Scaling	0.000 to 10.000	1.000	RW	Num	ND	110		U
11.021	Parameter Displayed At Power-up	0.000 to 0.095	0.010	RW	Num		<u> </u>	PT	U
11.022		1 to 247					<u> </u>	FI	U
11.023	Serial Address		1	RW	Num				U
11.024	Serial Mode	8.2NP (0), 8.1NP (1), 8.1EP (2), 8.1OP (3), 8.2NP E (4), 8.1NP E (5), 8.1EP E (6), 8.1OP E (7), 7.1EP (8), 7.1OP (9), 7.1EP E (10), 7.1OP E (11)	8.2NP (0)	RW	Txt				U
11.025	Serial Baud Rate	600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 76800 (9), 115200 (10)	19200 (6)	RW	Txt				U
11.026	Minimum Comms Transmit Delay	0 to 250 ms	2 ms	RW	Num				L
11.027	Silent Period	0 to 250 ms	0 ms	RW	Num				ι
11.028	Drive Derivative	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.029	Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99		RO	Ver	ND	NC	PT	t
11.030	User Security Code	0 to 9999		RW	Num	ND		PT	ı
11.031	User Drive Mode	OPEn.LP (1), rFC-A (2)		RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	+
11.031	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating	0.00 to Drive HD Current Rating A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
		-							1
1.033	Drive Rated Voltage	110V (0), 200V (1), 400V (2), 575V (3), 690V (4)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	1
1.034	Drive Configuration Power Software Version	AV (0), AI (1), AV.Pr (2), AI.Pr (3), PrESEt (4), PAd (5), PAd.rEF (6), E.Pot (7), torquE (8), Pid (9) 00.00.00 to 99.99.99	AV (0)	RW RO	Txt Ver	ND	NC	PT PT	
11.036	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded	0 to 999	0	RO		ND	NC	PT	+
					Num		NC	ы	-
11.037	NV Media Card File Number	0 to 999	0	RW	Num		L.,		1
11.038	NV Media Card File Type	NonE (0), OPEn.LP (1), rFC-A (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.039	NV Media Card File Version	0 to 9999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.042	Parameter Cloning	NonE (0), rEAd (1), Prog (2), Auto (3), boot (4)	NonE (0)	RW	Txt		NC		
1.043	Load Defaults	NonE (0), Std (1), US (2)	NonE (0)	RW	Txt		NC		
1.044	User Security Status	LEVEL.1 (0), LEVEL.2 (1), ALL (2), StAtUS (3), no.Acc (4)	LEVEL.1 (0)	RW	Txt	ND		PT	
1.045	Select Motor 2 Parameters	1 (0), 2 (1)	1 (0)	RW	Txt				
11.046	Defaults Previously Loaded	0 to 2000		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
1.047	Onboard User Program: Enable	Stop (0), Run (1)	Run (1)	RW	Txt				
11.048	Onboard User Program: Status	-2147483648 to 2147483647		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	Ī
1.049	Onboard User Program: Programming Events	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	t
11.050	Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.051	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used	0.0 to 100.0 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.052	Serial Number LS	0 to 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	T
11.053	Serial Number MS	0 to 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	t
11.054	Drive Date Code	0 to 9999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
1.055	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Schedule Rate	0 to 262128		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
	Maximum Rated Current	0.0 to 266.0 A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
1.061	Full Scale Current Kc	0.0 to 200.0 A 0.0 to 498.0 A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
				RO				PT	+
11.063	Product Type	0 to 255			Num	ND	NC		+
1.064	Product Identifier Characters	300		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	\downarrow
1.065	Frame size and voltage code	0 to 999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1
1.066	Power Stage Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	L
1.067	Control Board Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
1.068	Drive current rating	0 to 2240		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	I
1.070	Core Parameter Database Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	ſ
1.072	NV Media Card Create Special File	0 to 1	0	RW	Num		NC		
1.073	NV Media Card Type	NonE (0), rES (1), Sd.CArd (2)		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	T
1.075	NV Media Card Read-only Flag	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	Ť
1.076	NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	t
1.077	NV Media Card File Required Version	0 to 9999		RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	t
1.079	Drive Name Characters 1-4	(-2147483648) to (-2147483647)	(757935405)	RW	Chr		Ť	PT	\dagger
1.080	Drive Name Characters 5-8	(-2147483648) to (-2147483647)	(757935405)	RW	Chr		 	PT	t
1.081	Drive Name Characters 9-12		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Chr		₩	PT	+
		(-2147483648) to (-2147483647)	(757935405)	RW			 		\downarrow
1.082	Drive Name Characters 13-16	(-2147483648) to (-2147483647)	(757935405)	RW	Chr		NC	PT	1
1.084	Drive Mode	OPEn.LP (1), rFC-A (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	+
		NonE (0), r.onLy.A (1), StAtUS (2),no.Acc (3)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	1
	Security Status								_
	Menu Access Status	LEVEL.1 (0), LEVEL.2 (1), ALL (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
1.086	-						NC NC	PT PT	Ť
1.085 1.086 1.091 1.092	Menu Access Status	LEVEL.1 (0), LEVEL.2 (1), ALL (2)		RO	Txt	ND			<u> </u>

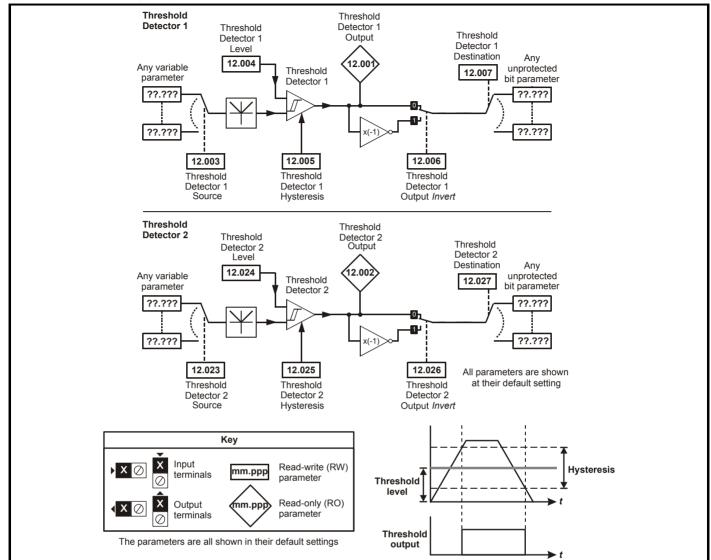
Safety informatio	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advan parame		Diagnos	stics	UL Li	sting
						Range (\$)		D	efault (⇔)			T			
	P	arameter			OL		RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	e		
11.094	Disable String Mode					Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit			PT	US
11.097	Al ID Code				NonE (0), Sd.	CArd (1), rS-4 rS-485 (4)	85 (2), boot (3),			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.098	11.098 24V Alarm Loss Enable				(Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
11.099	Modbus Parame	ter Conversion				0000 to 1111			0000	RW	Bin				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
ΙP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Olibbald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

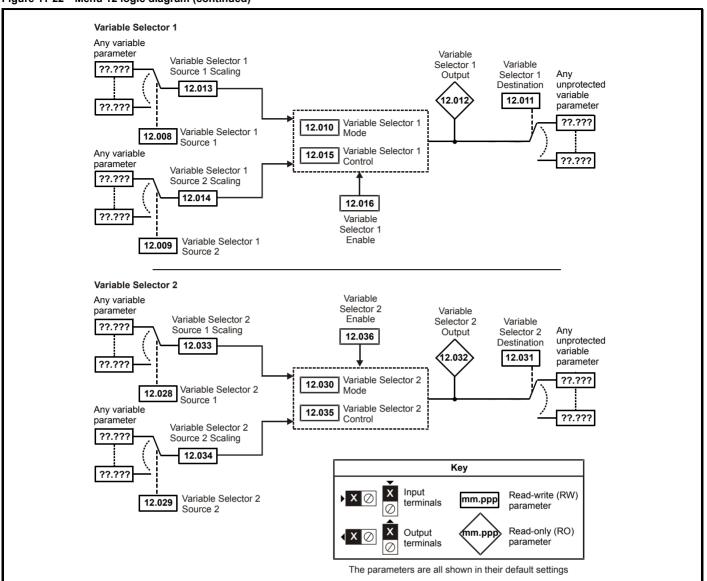
11.13 Menu 12: Threshold detectors, variable selectors and brake control function

Figure 11-21 Menu 12 logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced UL Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card

Figure 11-22 Menu 12 logic diagram (continued)



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboalu FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING



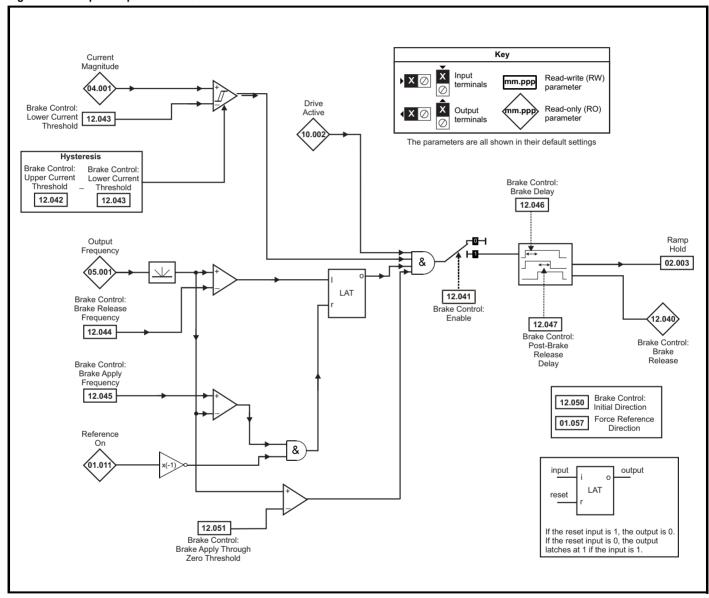
The brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.



The control terminal relay can be selected as an output to release a brake. If a drive is set up in this manner and a drive replacement takes place, prior to programming the drive on initial power up, the brake may be released.

When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered. The use of an NV media card in boot mode can ensure drive parameters are immediately programmed to avoid this situation.

Figure 11-23 Open loop brake function



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card



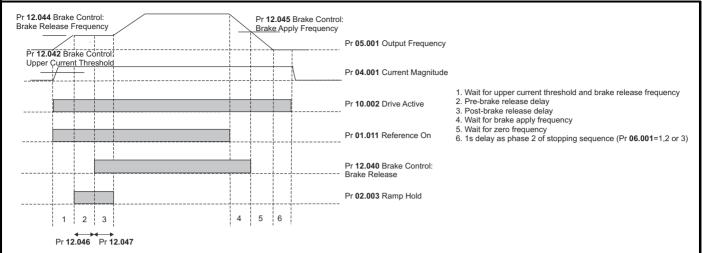
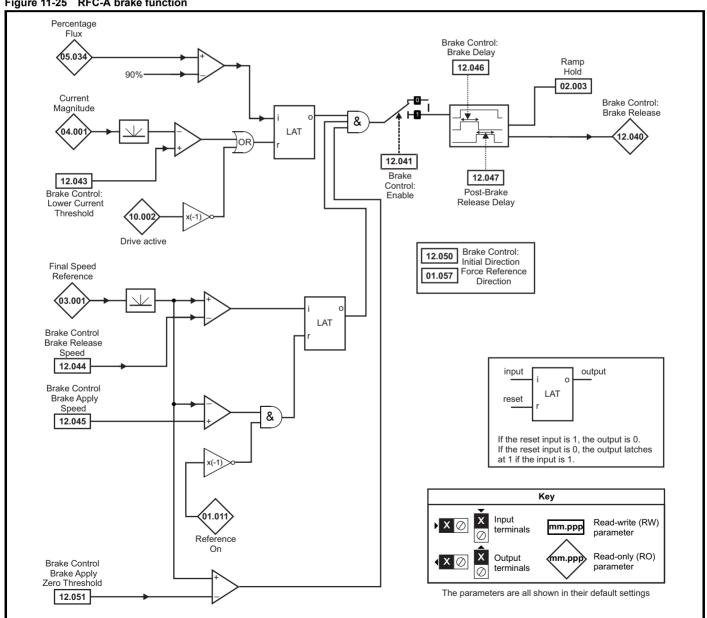


Figure 11-25 RFC-A brake function



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Liotina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

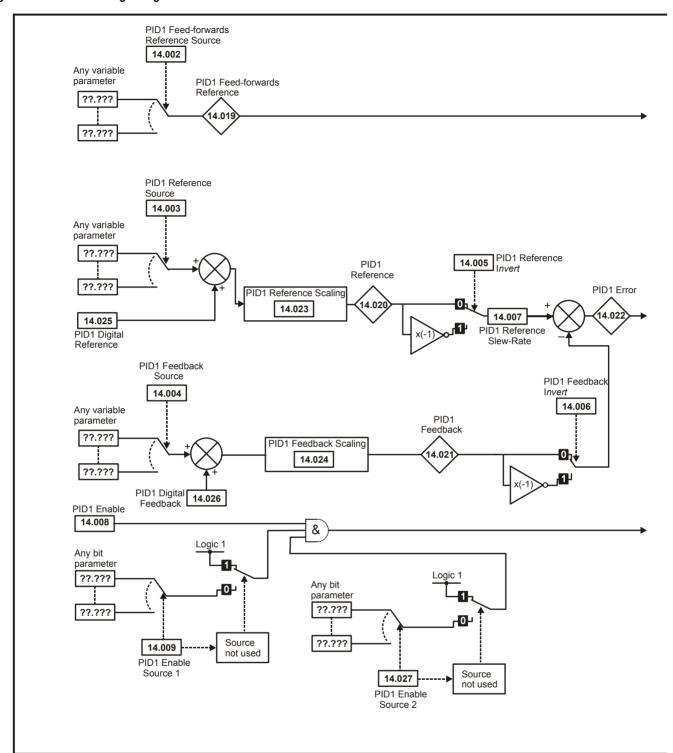
	P	Rai	nge(\$)	Defa	ult(⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Ту	pe		
12.001	Threshold Detector 1 Output	Off (0)) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.002	Threshold Detector 2 Output	Off (0)) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.003	Threshold Detector 1 Source	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.004	Threshold Detector 1 Level	0.00 to	100.00 %	0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US
12.005	Threshold Detector 1 Hysteresis	0.00 t	o 25.00 %	0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US
12.006	Threshold Detector 1 Output Invert	Off (0)) or On (1)	O	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
12.007	Threshold Detector 1 Destination	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.008	Variable Selector 1 Source 1	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.009	Variable Selector 1 Source 2	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.010	Variable Selector 1 Mode		3), 4 (4), 5 (5), 6 (6), 7 (7), 3), 9 (9)	0	(0)	RW	Txt				US
12.011	Variable Selector 1 Destination	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.012	Variable Selector 1 Output	±10	00.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1
12.013	Variable Selector 1 Source 1 Scaling	±	4.000	1.	000	RW	Num				US
12.014	Variable Selector 1 Source 2 Scaling	±	4.000	1.	000	RW	Num				US
12.015	Variable Selector 1 Control	0.00	to 100.00	C	.00	RW	Num				US
12.016	Variable Selector 1 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	0	n (1)	RW	Bit				US
12.023	Threshold Detector 2 Source	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.024	Threshold Detector 2 Level	0.00 to	100.00 %	0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US
12.025	Threshold Detector 2 Hysteresis	0.00 t	0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US	
12.026	Threshold Detector 2 Output Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
12.027	Threshold Detector 2 Destination	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.028	Variable Selector 2 Source 1	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.029	Variable Selector 2 Source 2	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.030	Variable Selector 2 Mode		3), 4 (4), 5 (5), 6 (6), 7 (7), 3), 9 (9)	0	(0)	RW	Txt				US
12.031	Variable Selector 2 Destination	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.032	Variable Selector 2 Output	±10	00.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.033	Variable Selector 2 Source 1 Scaling	±	4.000	1.	000	RW	Num				US
12.034	Variable Selector 2 Source 2 Scaling	±	4.000	1.	000	RW	Num				US
12.035	Variable Selector 2 Control	0.00	to 100.00	C	.00	RW	Num				US
12.036	Variable Selector 2 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	0	n (1)	RW	Bit				US
12.040	BC Brake Release	Off (0)) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.041	BC Enable	diS (0), rELAy (1)), dig IO (2), USEr (3)	di	S (0)	RW	Txt				US
12.042	BC Upper Current Threshold	0 to	200 %	5	0 %	RW	Num				US
12.043	BC Lower Current Threshold	0 to	1	0 %	RW	Num				US	
12.044	BC Brake Release Frequency	0.00 to	1.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US	
12.045	BC Brake Apply Frequency	0.00 to 20.00 Hz			0 Hz	RW	Num				US
12.046	BC Brake Delay	0.0 to 25.0 s			.0 s	RW	Num				US
12.047	BC Post-brake Release Delay	0.0 to 25.0 s			.0 s	RW	Num				US
12.050	BC Initial Direction	rEf (0), F	rE	f (0)	RW	Txt				US	
12.051	BC Brake Apply Through Zero Threshold	0.00 to	25.00 Hz	1.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US

F	W	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
١	1D	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

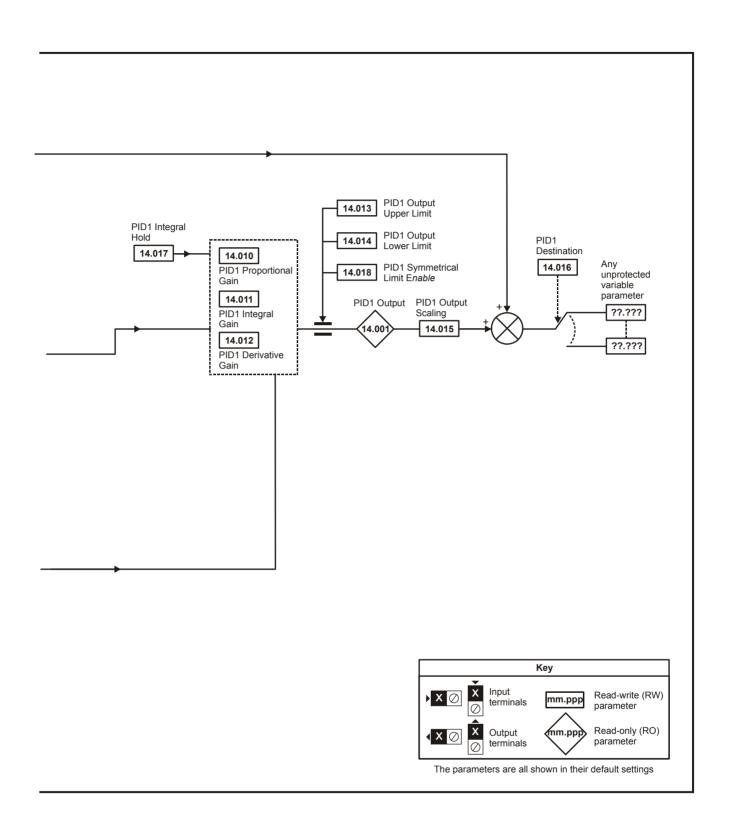
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald I LC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.14 Menu 14: User PID controller

Figure 11-26 Menu 14 Logic diagram



Getting started Advanced parameters Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Basic Running NV Media Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listing Optimization information information installation installation parameters the motor Card



Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters		OL LISTING

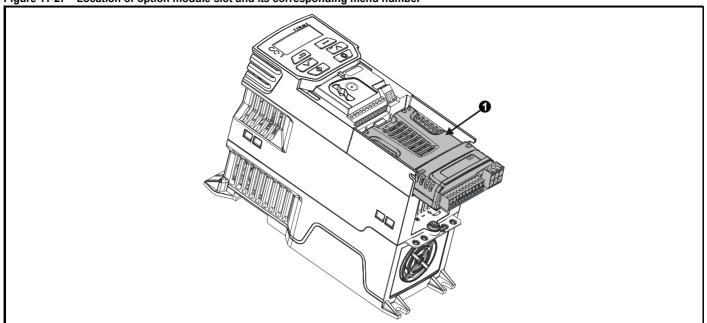
	PID1 Reference Source PID1 Feedback Source PID1 Reference Invert PID1 Feedback Invert PID1 Reference Slew Rate PID1 Enable PID1 Enable PID1 Integral Gain PID1 Differential Gain PID1 Output Upper Limit PID1 Output Lower Limit PID1 Destination PID1 Integral Hold PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable PID1 Feed-forwards Reference PID1 Reference PID1 Feedback PID1 Error PID1 Reference Scaling	Ran	ge (\$)	Defa	ult (⇔)			т			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	be		
14.001	PID1 Output	±10	0.00 %		_	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.002	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000	to 30.999	0.	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.003	PID1 Reference Source	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.004	PID1 Feedback Source	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.005	PID1 Reference Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.006	PID1 Feedback Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.007	PID1 Reference Slew Rate	0.0 to	3200.0 s	0	1.0 s	RW	Num				US
14.008	PID1 Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.009	PID1 Enable Source 1	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.010	PID1 Proportional Gain	0.000	to 4.000	1.	.000	RW	Num				US
14.011	PID1 Integral Gain	0.000	to 4.000	0	.500	RW	Num				US
14.012	PID1 Differential Gain	0.000	to 4.000	0	.000	RW	Num				US
14.013	PID1 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to	100.00 %	100	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.014	PID1 Output Lower Limit	±10	0.00 %	-100	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.015	PID1 Output Scaling	0.000	to 4.000	1	.000	RW	Num				US
14.016	PID1 Destination	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.017	PID1 Integral Hold	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				
14.018	PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.019	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.020	PID1 Reference	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.021	PID1 Feedback	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.022	PID1 Error	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.023	PID1 Reference Scaling	0.000	to 4.000	1.	.000	RW	Num				US
14.024	PID1 Feedback Scaling	0.000	to 4.000	1	.000	RW	Num				US
14.025	PID1 Digital Reference	±10	0.00 %	0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US
14.026	PID1 Digital Feedback	±10	0.00 %	0.	00 %	RW	Num				US
14.027	PID1 Enable Source 2	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card		parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.15 Menu 15: Option module set-up

Figure 11-27 Location of option module slot and its corresponding menu number



1. Option Module Slot 1 - Menu 15

11.15.1 Parameters common to all categories

	Parameter	Range(ℚ)	Default(⇨)	Туре					
15.001	Module ID	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.002	Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99		RO	Ver	ND	NC	PT	
15.003	Hardware Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.004	Serial Number LS	0 to 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.005	Serial Number MS	0 10 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.006	Module Status	-2 to 3		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
15.007	Module Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		

The option module ID indicates the type of module that is installed in the corresponding slot. See the relevant option module user guide for more information regarding the module.

Option module ID	Module	Category
0	No module installed	
209	SI-I/O	Automation (I/O Expansion)
431	SI-EtherCAT	
433	SI-Ethernet	
434	SI-PROFINET V2	Fieldbus
443	SI-PROFIBUS	i leiubus
447	SI-DeviceNet	
448	SI-CANopen	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald I LC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.16 Menu 18: Application menu 1

		Rar	nge (‡)	De	fault(⇔)			_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е	
18.001	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save Integer		•		0	RW	Num			PS
18.002	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 2					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.003	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 3					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.004	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 4					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.005	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 5					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.006	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 6					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.007	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 7					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.008	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 8					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.009	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 9					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.010	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 10					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.011	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 11					RW	Num			US
18.012	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 12					RW	Num			US
18.013	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 13					RW	Num			US
18.014	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 14					RW	Num			US
18.015	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 15					RW	Num			US
18.016	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 16	-3276	8 to 32767			RW	Num			US
18.017	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 17					RW	Num			US
18.018	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 18					RW	Num			US
18.019	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 19					RW	Num			US
18.020	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 20					RW	Num			US
18.021	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 21				0	RW	Num			US
18.022	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 22					RW	Num			US
18.023	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 23					RW	Num			US
18.024	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 24					RW	Num			US
18.025	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 25					RW	Num			US
18.026	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 26					RW	Num			US
18.027	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 27					RW	Num			US
18.028	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 28					RW	Num			US
18.029	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 29					RW	Num			US
18.030	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 30					RW	Num			US
18.031	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 31					RW	Bit			US
18.032	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 32					RW	Bit			US
18.033	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 33					RW	Bit			US
18.034	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 34					RW	Bit			US
18.035	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 35					RW	Bit			US
18.036	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 36					RW	Bit			US
18.037	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 36 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 37					RW	Bit		 	US
18.038	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 37 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 38					RW	Bit			US
18.039	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 39					RW	Bit			US
	1 - 1									
18.040	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 40	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit	-		US
18.041 18.042	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 41					RW	Bit	ļ		US
	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 42					RW	Bit	ļ		US
18.043	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 43					RW	Bit	ļ		US
18.044	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 44					RW	Bit	ļ		US
18.045	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 45					RW	Bit	<u> </u>		US
18.046	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 46					RW	Bit			US
18.047	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 47					RW	Bit	ļ		US
18.048	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 48					RW	Bit			US
18.049	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 49					RW	Bit			US
18.050	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 50					RW	Bit			US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

11.17 Menu 20: Application menu 2

	Parameter	Rang	je (‡)	Defa	ult (⇔)			Туре		
	i diametei	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Type		
20.021	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 21					RW	Num			
20.022	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 22					RW	Num			
20.023	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 23					RW	Num			
20.024	Application Menu 2 Read write Long Integer 24					RW	Num			
20.025	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 25	2447402640	to 2147483647		0	RW	Num			
20.026	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 26	-2147403040	10 2 14 / 40 30 4 /		0	RW	Num			
20.027	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 27					RW	Num			
20.028	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 28					RW	Num			
20.029	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 29					RW	Num			
20.030	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 30					RW	Num			

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	'	Card		parameters	ŭ	Ŭ

11.18 Menu 21: Second motor parameters

	Parameter	Rang	e (\$)	Defau	lt (⇔)			T	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	e		
21.001	M2 Maximum Speed	0.00 to 5	50.00 Hz	50Hz: 50.00 Hz,	60Hz: 60.00 Hz	RW	Num				US
21.002	M2 Minimum Speed	0.00 to Pr	21.001 Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
21.003	M2 Reference Selector	A1.A2 (0), A1.Pr (1), A PAd (4), rES (5		A1.A2	2 (0)	RW	Txt				US
21.004	M2 Acceleration Rate 1	0.0 to 32000	0.0 s/100Hz	5.0 s/1	00Hz	RW	Num				US
21.005	M2 Deceleration Rate 1	0.0 to 32000	0.0 s/100Hz	10.0 s/	100Hz	RW	Num				US
21.006	M2 Motor Rated Frequency	0.00 to 5	50.00 Hz	50Hz: 50 60Hz: 60		RW	Num		RA		US
21.007	M2 Motor Rated Current	0.00 to Driv	re Rating A	Maximum Heavy Du	uty Rating (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
21.008	M2 Motor Rated Speed	0.0 to 330	000.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1500.0 rpm 60 Hz: 1800.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1450.0rpm 60 Hz 1750.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
21.009	M2 Motor Rated Voltage	0 to 7	'65 V	115 V driv 230 V driv 460 V drive 5 460 V drive 6 575 V driv	re: 230 V 50Hz: 400 V 50Hz: 460 V	RW	Num		RA		us
21.010	M2 Motor Rated Power Factor	0.00 to	1.00	0.0	35	RW	Num		RA		US
21.011	M2 Number of Motor Poles*	Auto (0) t	o 32 (16)	Auto	(0)	RW	Num				US
21.012	M2 Stator Resistance	0.0000 to 9	99.9999 Ω	0.000	0 Ω	RW	Num		RA		US
21.014	M2 Transient Inductance	0.000 to 50	00.000 mH	0.000	mH	RW	Num		RA		US
21.015	Motor 2 Active	Off (0) o	r On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT		
21.016	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1 to 3	000 s	179 s	179 s	RW	Num				US
21.017	M2 Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad				Num				US
21.018	M2 Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
21.019	M2 Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/rad	RW	Num				US
21.022	M2 Current Controller Kp Gain	0.00 to 4	4000.00	20.	00	RW	Num				US
21.023	M2 Current Controller Ki Gain	0.000 to	600.000	40.0	000	RW	Num				US
21.024	M2 Stator Inductance	0.00 to 50	00.00 mH	0.00	mH	RW	Num		RA		US
21.025	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %	RW	Num				US
21.026	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %	RW	Num				US
21.027	M2 Motoring Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR2_		165.0 %**	175.0 %***	RW	Num		RA		US
21.028	M2 Regenerating Current Limit			165.0 %**	175.0 %***	RW	Num		RA		US
21.029	M2 Symmetrical Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT %			% 165.0 %** 175.0 %***		Num		RA		US
21.033	M2 Low Frequency Thermal Protection Mode	de 0 to 1				RW	Num				US
21.041	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 2	0.0 to 100.0 %			0.0 %	RW	Num				US
21.042	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 4		0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num				US

^{*} When read via serial communications, this parameter will show pole pairs.

^{***} For size 9, the default is 150.0 %

R۷	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
NI	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

^{**} For size 9, the default is 141.9 %

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboalu FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.19 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

	Darameter	Range(兌)	Defau	lt(⇔)			T	•	
	Parameter	OL RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	i		Тур	е	
22.011	Parameter 00.011 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	6.0	04	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.012	Parameter 00.012 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.00	00	RW	Num		P.	r us
22.013	Parameter 00.013 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.014	Parameter 00.014 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.015	Parameter 00.015 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.00	05	RW	Num		P.	r us
22.016	Parameter 00.016 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	7.00	07	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.017	Parameter 00.017 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.0	10	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.018	Parameter 00.018 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.02	21	RW	Num		P.	r us
22.019	Parameter 00.019 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.02	22	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.020	Parameter 00.020 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.02	23	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.021	Parameter 00.021 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.02	24	RW	Num		P.	r us
22.022	Parameter 00.022 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0	19	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.023	Parameter 00.023 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0	18	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.024	Parameter 00.024 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0	21	RW	Num		P.	ΓUS
22.025	Parameter 00.025 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0	30	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.026	Parameter 00.026 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.027	Parameter 00.027 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.0	51	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.028	Parameter 00.028 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	2.00	04	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.029	Parameter 00.029 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	2.002	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.030	Parameter 00.030 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0	42	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.031	Parameter 00.031 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	6.0	01	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.032	Parameter 00.032 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0	13	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.033	Parameter 00.033 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	6.00	09	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.034	Parameter 00.034 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	8.03	35	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.035	Parameter 00.035 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	8.09	91	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.036	Parameter 00.036 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	7.0	55	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.037	Parameter 00.037 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0	18	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.038	Parameter 00.038 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0	12	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.039	Parameter 00.039 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.00	06	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.040	Parameter 00.040 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0	11	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.041	Parameter 00.041 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0	14	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.042	Parameter 00.042 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0	15	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.043	Parameter 00.043 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0	25	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.044	Parameter 00.044 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0	23	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.045	Parameter 00.045 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0	20	RW	Num		P.	r us
22.046	Parameter 00.046 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0	142	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.047	Parameter 00.047 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0	143	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.048	Parameter 00.048 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0	144	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.049	Parameter 00.049 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0	145	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.050	Parameter 00.050 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0	146	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.051	Parameter 00.051 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0	147	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.052	Parameter 00.052 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.053	Parameter 00.053 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.054	Parameter 00.054 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0	51	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.055	Parameter 00.055 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0	141	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.056	Parameter 00.056 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	10.0	20	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.057	Parameter 00.057 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	10.0	21	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.058	Parameter 00.058 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	10.0	22	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.059	Parameter 00.059 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0	47	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.060	Parameter 00.060 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0	48	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.061	Parameter 00.061 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.062	Parameter 00.062 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		P.	Γ US
22.063	Parameter 00.063 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.064	Parameter 00.064 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.065	Parameter 00.065 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	3.010	RW	Num		P.	r US
22.066	Parameter 00.066 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	3.011	RW	Num		P.	
22.067	Parameter 00.067 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	3.079	RW	Num		P.	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimizatio	n NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advance paramete		iagnost	ics	UL Lis	sting
	Doro	meter			Ranç	je(‡)		Defa	ult(⇔)			Turn			
	Fala	meter		(OL	RFC	;-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	e		
22.068	Parameter 00.06	68 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		0.000	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
22.069	Parameter 00.06	69 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		5.0	040	RW	Num			PT	US
22.070	Parameter 00.07	70 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.	001	RW	Num			PT	US
22.071	Parameter 00.07	71 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.	010	RW	Num			PT	US
22.072	Parameter 00.07	72 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.	011	RW	Num			PT	US
22.073	Parameter 00.07	73 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.	006	RW	Num			PT	US
22.074	Parameter 00.07	74 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.	013	RW	Num			PT	US
22.075	Parameter 00.07	75 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.	014	RW	Num			PT	US
22.076	Parameter 00.07	76 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		10.	037	RW	Num			PT	US
22.077	Parameter 00.07	77 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		11.	032	RW	Num			PT	US
22.078	Parameter 00.07	78 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		11.	029	RW	Num			PT	US
22.079	Parameter 00.07	79 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		11.	031	RW	Num			PT	US
22.080	Parameter 00.08	30 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

11.20 Menu 24: Option Module Application

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listina information started paramete the motor

12 Diagnostics

The keypad display on the drive gives various information about the status of the drive. The keypad display provides information on the following categories:

- Trip indications
- Alarm indications
- Status indications

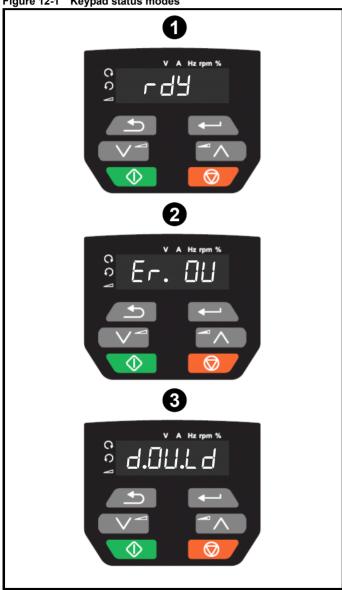


Users must not attempt to repair a drive if it is faulty, nor carry out fault diagnosis other than through the use of the diagnostic features described in this chapter.

If a drive is faulty, it must be returned to an authorized KB WARNING distributor for repair.

12.1 Status modes (Keypad and LED status)

Figure 12-1 Keypad status modes



- Drive OK status
- 2 Trip status
- Alarm status

12.2 Trip indications

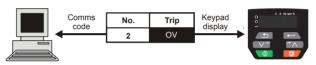
The output of the drive is disabled under any trip condition so that the drive stops controlling the motor. If the motor is running when the trip occurs it will coast to a stop.

During a trip condition, the display indicates that a trip has occurred and the keypad will display the trip string. Some trips have a sub-trip number to provide additional information about the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number, the sub-trip number is flashed alternately with the trip string.

Trips are listed alphabetically in Table 12-2 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Alternatively, the drive status can be read in Pr 10.001 'Drive OK' using communication protocols. The most recent trip can be read in Pr 10.020 providing a trip number. It must be noted that the hardware trips (HF01 to HF23) do not have trip numbers (except HF08, HF11, HF12 & HF18 which have sub-trip number/s). The trip number must be checked in Table 12-2 to identify the specific trip.

Example

- 1. Trip code 2 is read from Pr 10.020 via serial communications.
- 2. Checking Table 12-3 shows Trip 2 is an OV trip.



- Look up OV in Table 12-2.
- Perform checks detailed under Diagnosis.

12.3 Identifying a trip / trip source

Some trips only contain a trip string whereas some other trips have a trip string along with a sub-trip number which provides the user with additional information about the trip.

A trip can be generated from a control system or from a power system. The sub-trip number associated with the trips listed in Table 12-1 is in the form xxyzz and used to identify the source of the trip.

Table 12-1 Trips associated with xxvzz sub-trip number

OV	PH.Lo
PSU	OI.Sn
Oht.I	tH.Fb
Oht.P	P.dAt
Oh.dc	

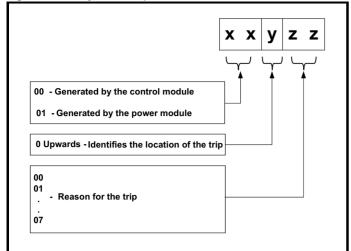
The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system. For a drive, if the trip is related to the power system then xx will have a value of 01, when displayed the leading zeros are suppressed.

For a control system trip (xx is zero), the y digit where relevant is defined for each trip. If not relevant, the y digit will have a value of zero.

The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Information Information Installation	ostics UL Listing
---	-------------------

Figure 12-2 Key to sub-trip number



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Liotina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

12.4 Trips, Sub-trip numbers

Table 12-2 Trip indications

Trip	Diagnosis
C.Acc	NV Media Card Write fail
185	The C.Acc trip indicates that the drive was unable to access the NV Media Card. If the trip occurs during the data transfer to the card then the file being written may be corrupted. If the trip occurs when the data being transferred to the drive then the data transfer may be incomplete. If a parameter file is transferred to the drive and this trip occurs during the transfer, the parameters are not saved to non-volatile memory, and so the original parameters can be restored by powering the drive down and up again.
	Recommended actions: Check NV Media Card is installed / located correctly Replace the NV Media Card
C.by	NV Media Card cannot be accessed as it is being accessed by an option module
178	The <i>C.by</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a file on NV Media Card, but the NV Media Card is already being accessed by an Option Module. No data is transferred. Recommended actions:
	Wait for the option module to finish accessing the NV Media Card and re-attempt the required function
C.cPr	NV Media Card file/data is different to the one in the drive
	A compare has been carried out between a file on the NV Media Card and the drive, a <i>C.cPr</i> trip is initiated if the parameters on the NV Media Card are different to the drive.
188	Recommended actions: Set Pr 00 to 0 and reset the trip Check to ensure the correct data block on the NV Media Card has been used for the compare
C.d.E	NV Media Card data location already contains data
	The <i>C.d.E</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to store data on a NV Media Card in a data block which already contains data.
179	Recommended actions:
	 Erase the data in data location Write data to an alternative data location
C.dAt	NV Media Card data not found
	The C.dAt trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a non-existent file on the NV Media Card.
183	No data is transferred.
103	Recommended actions:
	Ensure data file number is correct
C.Err	NV Media Card data structure error
	The <i>C.Err</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access the NV Media Card but an error has been detected in the data structure on the card. Resetting the trip will cause the drive to erase and create the correct folder structure. On an SD card, whilst this trip is present, missing directories will be created and if the header file is missing it will be created. The cause of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip.
	Sub-trip Reason
	1 The required folder and file structure is not present
182	2 The 000.DAT file is corrupted
	Two or more files in the <mcdf\> folder have the same file identification number</mcdf\>
	Recommended actions:
	Erase all the data block and re-attempt the process
	Ensure the card is located correctly
	Replace the NV Media Card
C.Ful	NV Media Card full
	The <i>C.Ful</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to create a data block on a NV Media Card, but there is not enough space left on the card. No data is transferred.
184	Recommended actions:
	 Delete a data block or the entire NV Media Card to create space Use a different NV Media Card

Safety Product information	Mechanical Electrical installation stallation Setting Basic Running started Setting Parameters Setting Parameters Setting Sett										
Trip	Diagnosis										
C.OPt	NV Media Card trip; option module installed is different between source drive and destination drive										
180	The <i>C.OPt</i> trip indicates that parameter data is being transferred from the NV Media Card to the drive, but the option module category is different between the source and destination drives. This trip does not stop the data transfer, but is a warning that the data for the option module that is different will be set to the default values and not the values from the card. This trip also applies if a compare is performed between the data block on the card and the drive, and the option module fitted is different between the source and target. Recommended actions: • Ensure the correct option module is installed. • Press the red reset button to acknowledge that the parameters for the option module installed will be at their default values • This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr 00 to 9666 and resetting the drive.										
C.Pr	NV Media Card data blocks are not compatible with the drive derivative										
	The <i>C.Pr</i> trip is initiated either at power-up or when the card is accessed, If <i>Drive Derivative</i> (11.028) or <i>Product Type</i> 11.063) are different between the source and target drives. This trip can be reset and data can be transferred in either lirection between the drive and the card.										
	Sub-trip Reason										
175	If <i>Drive Derivative</i> (11.028) is different between the source and target drives. This trip is initiated either at power-up or when the SD card is accessed. This trip can be reset and data can be transferred in either direction between the drive and the card.										
	If <i>Product Type</i> (11.063) is different between the source and target drives or the file is corrupted or incompatible. This trip is initiated either at power-up or when the SD card is accessed. This trip can be reset but no data are transferred in either direction between the drive and the card.										
	Recommended actions:										
	Use a different NV Media Card										
	 This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr 00 to 9666 and resetting the drive Choose a file compatible between the source and target drives, if sub-trip 2. 										
C.rdo	NV Media Card has the Read Only bit set										
181	The <i>C.rdo</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to modify data on a read-only NV Media Card or to modify a read-only data block. A NV Media Card is read-only if the read-only flag has been set. Recommended actions:										
101	Clear the read only flag by setting Pr 00 to 9777 and reset the drive. This will clear the read-only flag for all data blocks in the NV Media Card										
C.rtg	NV Media Card Trip; The voltage and / or current rating of the source and destination drives are different										
186	The <i>C.rtg</i> trip indicates that parameter data is being transferred from the NV Media Card to the drive, but the current and / or voltage ratings are different between source and destination drives. This trip also applies if a compare (using Pr mm.000 set to 8yyy) is performed between the data block on a NV Media Card and the drive. The <i>C.rtg</i> trip does not stop the data transfer but is a warning that rating specific parameters with the RA attribute may not be transferred to the destination drive.										
	Recommended actions:										
	 Reset the drive to clear the trip Ensure that the drive rating dependent parameters have transferred correctly This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr 00 to 9666 and resetting the drive. 										
C.SL	NV Media Card trip; Option module file transfer has failed										
174	The <i>C.SL</i> trip is initiated, if the transfer of an option module file to or from a module failed because the option module does not respond correctly. If this happens this trip is produced with the sub-trip number indicating the option module slot number.										
C.tyP	NV Media Card parameter set not compatible with current drive mode										
	The <i>C.tyP</i> trip is produced during a compare if the drive mode in the data block on the NV Media Card is different from the current drive mode. This trip is also produced if an attempt is made to transfer parameters from a NV Media Card to the drive if the operating mode in the data block is outside the allowed range of operating modes, for the target drive.										
187	Recommended actions:										
	 Ensure the destination drive supports the drive operating mode in the parameter file. Clear the value in Pr 00 and reset the drive Ensure destination drive operating mode is the same as the source parameter file 										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
Т	Ггір						Diagr	osis				
cl	A1	Analog	input 1 cui	rrent los	s							
	28	20-4 mA Recomi Che Che Che	•	s of input tions: viring is o viring is u tog Input	t is detected correct andamaged 1 Mode (07	d if the cur	rent falls bel		n Analog inp	ut 1 (Termii	nal 2). In 4-20	mA and
С	L.bt		tiated from	•								
	35	(Pr 06.0 Recomi • Che • Disa	M43 = On). mended act eck the value able the con Bit 12 of the	tions: e of Pr 06 trol word e control	5.042. in <i>Control</i> word set to	<i>Word Enal</i> a one cau	<i>ble</i> (Pr 06.0 4) ses the drive	in Pr 06.042	ontrol Word		s enabled	
С	ur.c	Current	calibration	n range								
2	231	Recom	calibration mended ac	tions:								
C			dware fault			er of the dr	ive.					
	ur.O 225	The Cui	Current feedback offset error The Cur.O trip indicates that the current offset is too large to be trimmed. Recommended actions: Ensure that there is no possibility of current flowing in the output phases of the drive when the drive is not enabled									
			dware fault			er of the d	rive					
d	.Ch	-	arameters			4: 414 :-				حمل میشد م		
	97	enable, The use NV men transfer	i.e. <i>Drive A</i> er actions the nory card to is writing a	ctive (10. at change the drive paramete	002) = 1. e drive para e. The file sy er or macro	meters are stem action file to the	e loading de ons that will drive. It sho	faults, chang	ing drive mo p to be initiat that none of	de, or trans ed if the dri these actio	s been comm ferring data fr ve is enabled ons can be sta	om an during the
		• Ens	mended ac ure the driv Loading de Changing d Transferring	e is not e faults rive mod	e		he following	is being carr	ied out:			
d	lcct		ference out									
1	110	Recom	o-trip numbe mended ac dware fault	tions:			caused the rive	trip.				
dl	Er.E	Derivat	Derivative file error									
		Derivati	Derivative file error with sub-trips:									
		Sub	-trip		Reas	on			С	omments		
		1	1 The	e derivati	ve file is mi	ssing or is	invalid	Occurs when matching the	•	•	oad valid deriv	ative file
2	246	2	cor	ntrol boar	ve file does d hardware	!		matching the	control boar	d hardware		ative file
		3	₹		ve file has l fferent deri			Occurs wher programmed				

Recommended actions:

Contact the supplier of the drive

Safety Production information		Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
Trip						Diagn	osis				
dEr.I		ve produc	_		s boon dot	acted in the c	Norivativo pr	oduct image	The reason	n for the trip ca	an ho
		by the sul			s been det	ected in the c	ienvalive pi	oduct image.	THE TEASOR		all DC
	Sub-tri	0		R	eason				Comme	ents	
	1	Divide b	y zero								
	2	Undefine	ed trip								
	3	Attempte paramet	•	rameter acc	ess set-up	with non-exist	tent				
	4	Attempte	ed access	to non-exis	tent param	eter					
	5	Attempte	ed write to	read-only p	parameter						
	6	Attempte	ed an ove	r-range write	е						
	7	Attempte	ed read fr	om write-on	ly paramete	er					
	30	there are		n 6 bytes in		CRC is incorre or the image h	neader (ers-up or the insks will not rur	
	31		ge required by the di		M for heap	and stack tha	n can be	√s 30			
	The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed. As 30							√s 30			
248	33	The ID o	The ID code within the image is not valid								
	34		vative ima	-	n changed	for an image	with a				
	40	The time		s not compl	eted in time	e and has bee		Reduce code ir ate.	n timed task	or power dowr	n repeat
	41			n called, i.e. as not been		in the host sy	stem	\s 40			
	51	Core me	enu custoi	mization tab	le CRC che	ck failed	A	As 30			
	52	Customi	zable me	nu table CR	C check fai	led	A	As 30			
	53	Customi	zable me	nu table cha	nged		ŗ	orogrammed ar are loaded for t	nd the table he derivative	ers-up or the in the interpretation of the i	Defaults trip will
	61	The opti derivativ		e installed ir	slot 1 is no	ot allowed with	h the	√s 30			
	80	Image is	not com	oatible with t	the control	board	I	nitiated from w	vithin the ima	age code	
	81	Image is	not com	oatible with t	the control	board serial n	umber /	Ns 80			
		nended ac		he drive							
dESt	Two or i	nore parai	meters a	re writing t	to the san	ne destination	n paramet	er			
199	writing to	It trip indicate the same the	paramet		parameter	s of two or m	ore function	ns (Menus 7, 8	8, 9, 12 or 1	(4) within the	drive are

Set Pr 00 to 'dest' or 12001 and check all visible parameters in all menus for parameter write conflicts.

Trip dr.CF Drive configuration The hardware ID does not match the user software ID. Sub-trip The hardware ID does not match the user software ID (size 5 upwards only). Invalid hardware ID. Invalid hardware ID. The hardware ID does not match the user software ID (Size 1-4) Recommended actions: Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive Default parameters have been loaded The EEF trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can be the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that of parameters cannot be loaded	
The hardware ID does not match the user software ID. Sub-trip	
Sub-trip Reason 1 The hardware ID does not match the user software ID (size 5 upwards only). 2 Invalid hardware ID. 3 The hardware ID does not match the user software ID (Size 1-4) Recommended actions: • Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive Default parameters have been loaded The EEF trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can b the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason 1 The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed 2 The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	
1 The hardware ID does not match the user software ID (size 5 upwards only). 2 Invalid hardware ID. 3 The hardware ID does not match the user software ID (Size 1-4) Recommended actions: • Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive Default parameters have been loaded The EEF trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can b the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason 1 The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	
2 Invalid hardware ID. 3 The hardware ID does not match the user software ID (Size 1-4) Recommended actions: • Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive Default parameters have been loaded The EEF trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can b the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason 1 The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	
3 The hardware ID does not match the user software ID (Size 1-4) Recommended actions: • Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive Default parameters have been loaded The EEF trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can b the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason 1 The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	
Recommended actions: • Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive Default parameters have been loaded The EEF trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can be the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason 1 The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	
Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive Default parameters have been loaded The EEF trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can be the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason 1 The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	
The EEF trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can be the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	
The EEF trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can be the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	
the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason	
Sub-trip Reason 1 The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	e identified from
The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	
The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that	
	a valid set
The drive mode restored from internal non-volatile memory is outside the allowed range for	the product
or the derivative image does not allow the previous drive mode	ino product
4 The drive derivative image has changed	
5 The power stage hardware has changed	
6 Reserved	
7 Reserved	
8 The control board hardware has changed 31 The checksum on the non-parameter area of the EEPROM has failed	
The checksum on the non-parameter area of the EEPROM has failed	
If the last bank of either set of parameters that was saved is corrupted a U.S or Pd.S trip is produced. If on occurs the parameters values that were last saved successfully are used. It can take some time to save parequested by the user and if the power is removed from the drive during this process it is possible to corrupt non-volatile memory. If both banks of user save parameters or both banks of power down save parameters are corrupted or one conditions given in the table above occurs EEF.xxx trip is produced. If this trip occurs it is not possible to u has been saved previously, and so the drive will be loaded with default parameters. The trip can only be re	arameters when of the data in the e of the other se the data that
00 (mm.000) is set to 10, 11, 1233 or 1244 or if Load Defaults (11.043) is set to a non-zero value.	
Recommended actions:	
 Default the drive and perform a reset Allow sufficient time to perform a save before the supply to the drive is removed 	
If the trip persists - return drive to supplier	
An External trip is initiated	
An Et trip has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the See table below. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr 10.038.	trip string.
Sub-trip Reason	
3 External Trip (10.032) = 1	
6 Becommended actions:	
Recommended actions:	
 Check the value of Pr 10.032. Select 'dest' (or enter 12001) in Pr 00 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032. 	
Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms	
FAn.F Fan fail	
This trip cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.	
Recommended actions:	
 Check that the fan is installed and connected correctly. Check that the fan is not obstructed. 	
 Check that the fair is not obstructed. Contact the supplier of the drive to replace the fan. 	
Fi.Ch File changed	
Recommended actions:	
Power cycle the drive.	

Film Film ware incompatibility The Film trip indicates that the user firmware is incompatible with the power firmware. 237 Recommended actions: Re-program the drive with the latest version of the drive firmware for the KBG3, using KB Connect. 1601 Data processing error: CPU hardware fault The HF67 trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive 1602 Data processing error: CPU memory management fault The HF67 trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive 1603 Data processing error: CPU has detected a bus fault The HF68 indicates that a be safe that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive 1604 Data processing error: CPU has detected a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive 1605 Reserved 1606 Reserved 1606 Reserved 1606 Reserved 1607 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF67 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved 1608 Reserved 1609 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF67 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Pour store overflow The HF67 trip indicates that a fee store overflow The HF67 trip indicates that a fee store overflow The HF67 trip indicates that a fee store overflow than occurred. This trip indicates that the contro	Safety Product information		etrical Getting Basic llation started parameter	Running the motor Optimization	on NV Media Card	Onboard PLC Advanced parameters	Distrinostics	UL Listing
The FI.In trip indicates that the user firmware is incompatible with the power firmware. Recommended actions: Reprogram the drive with the latest version of the drive firmware for the KBG3, using KB Connect. HF01 Data processing error: CPU hardware fault The FF07 trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive HF02 Data processing error: CPU memory management fault The FF02 trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive HF03 Data processing error: CPU has detected a bus fault The HF03 pit indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU has detected a usage fault The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF06 Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF06 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Pata processing error: CPU interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash The HF09 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash The HF09 trip indicates that a SPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-rip number. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Presistor overflow The HF10 trip indicates that a free store ove	Trip			Dia	gnosis			
Reprogram the drive with the latest version of the drive firmware for the KBG3, using KB Connect. Data processing error. CPU hardware fault The HF01 trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: • Hardware fault—Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error. CPU memory management fault The HF02 trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: • Hardware fault—Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error. CPU has detected a bus fault The HF03 trip indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: • Hardware fault—Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error. CPU has detected a usage fault The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: • Hardware fault—Contact the supplier of the drive Bata processing error. CPU has detected a usage fault The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: • Hardware fault—Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF05 Reserved HF07 Data processing error. Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: • Hardware fault—Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error. CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a very contact the supplier of the drive HF09 Data processing error. Free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: • Hardware fault—Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF01 Data processing error. N	Fl.In	Firmware inc	compatibility					
Re-program the drive with the latest version of the drive firmware for the KBG3, using KB Connect. HE01 Data processing error: CPU hardware fault The HF01 trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU menory management fault The HF02 trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU bas detected a bus fault The HF03 trip indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU has detected a usage fault The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault than occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF05 Reserved HF06 Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF05 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF08 Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash		The FI.In trip	indicates that the user f	irmware is incompatible	e with the power	er firmware.		
Data processing error: CPU hardware fault The HF01 trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU memory management fault The HF02 trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive HF03 trip indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive HF04 Data processing error: CPU has detected a bus fault The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF05 Reserved HF06 Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF06 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive HF08 Data processing error: CPU Insterrupt crash The HF06 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash The HF06 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF06 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The contact the supplier of the drive HF09 Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF06 trip indicates that a ron-volatile memory comms error The HF17 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error The HF17 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comm	237	Recommend	ed actions:					
The HF01 trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Bata processing error: CPU memory management fault The HF02 trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Bata processing error: CPU has detected a bus fault The HF03 trip indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Bata processing error: CPU has detected a usage fault The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF05 Reserved HF06 Reserved HF07 bata processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure The HF08 trip indicates that a control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Bata processing error: CPU Interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF08 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Bata processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash feel in the crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: - Hardwa		Re-program tl	he drive with the latest	version of the drive firm	nware for the K	BG3, using KB Connec	ot.	
failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU memory management fault The #F67 trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU has detected a bus fault The #F63 big indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU has detected a usage fault The #F64 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF05 Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The #F67 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The #F68 trip indicates that a CPU Interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The #F69 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The #F71 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended action in the drive has failed. The crash le	HF01	Data process	sing error: CPU hardw	are fault		-		
HF02 Data processing error: CPU memory management fault The HF02 trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU has detected a bus fault The HF03 trip indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU has detected a usage fault The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF05 Reserved HF07 The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Bata processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF06 trip indicates that a validate of the drive HF08 Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Recommended actions: Hardware		The <i>HF01</i> trip failed. Recommend	indicates that a CPU a	ddress error has occur	red. This trip ir	ndicates that the contro	I PCB on the d	rive has
The HF02 trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU has detected a bus fault The HF03 trip indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU has detected a usage fault The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF05 Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU Interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error Recommended action: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Sub-trip Reason Recommended action - Recommended actions: - Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive - Reserved				•				
Failed. Recommended actions:	HF02	•		<u> </u>				
The HF03 trip indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU has detected a usage fault The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF06 Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault — contact the supplier of the drive. Pe-program drive with compatible user firmware		failed. Recommend	led actions:		urred. This trip	indicates that the cont	rol PCB on the	drive has
Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU has detected a usage fault The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF08 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive HF10 Reserved HF10 Reserved Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF11 Pata processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — contact the supplier of the drive. EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Recommended actions are reconstantly and the supplier of the drive. Recommended actions are reconstantly as the control PCB on the drive with compatible user firmware.	HF03	Data process	sing error: CPU has de	tected a bus fault				
The HF04 trip indicates that a usage fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF05 Reserved HF06 Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault — Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Resorm Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault — contact the supplier of the drive. EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware		Recommend	led actions:		ndicates that the	e control PCB on the dri	ve has failed.	
Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF06 Reserved Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.	HF04	Data process	sing error: CPU has de	tected a usage fault				
Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF06 Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reson Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.		The HF04 trip	indicates that a usage	fault has occurred. This	trip indicates	that the control PCB or	the drive has	failed.
HF06 Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Reserved HF11 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware		Recommend	ed actions:					
HF06 Reserved HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Reserved HF11 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware		Hardware	e fault – Contact the sur	plier of the drive				
HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware	HF05			F				
HF07 Data processing error: Watchdog failure The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive HF10 Reserved HF10 Reserved Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.								
The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.	HF06	Reserved						
The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.								
Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware	HF07	Data process	sing error: Watchdog f	ailure				
Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.		The HF07 trip	indicates that a watchd	og failure has occurred	d. This trip indic	cates that the control Po	CB on the drive	has failed
The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash as occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive HF10 Reserved HF11 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware		Recommend	ed actions:					
The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash as occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: • Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: • Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive HF10 Reserved HF11 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware		Hardware	e fault – Contact the sur	plier of the drive				
The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.	HF08							
failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.		_	=		rred. This trip	indicates that the contr	ol PCB on the	drive has
Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Reserved The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.				•	·			
Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Reserved The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.		Recommend	ed actions:					
HF09 Data processing error: Free store overflow The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved HF10 Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware		Hardware	e fault – Contact the sur	plier of the drive				
The HF09 trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.	HF09			•				
HF10 Reserved Data processing error: Non-volatile memory comms error The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action 1 Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. 2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware		The <i>HF09</i> trip failed. Recommend	indicates that a free stoled actions:	ore overflow has occur	red. This trip in	ndicates that the contro	PCB on the dr	ive has
The HF11 trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error and the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action	UE40		raun – Contact the sup	pliet of the drive				
The <i>HF11</i> trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action	HI-10	Reserved						
The <i>HF11</i> trip indicates that a non-volatile memory comms error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Recommended action	HE11	Data process	sing error: Non-volatil	mamory comme orr	or			
Non-volatile memory comms error. Hardware fault – contact the supplier of the drive. EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware.	111-11	The HF11 trip	indicates that a non-vo	latile memory comms	error has occur	rred. This trip indicates	that the contro	I PCB on
2 EEPROM size is incompatible with the user Re-program drive with compatible user firmware		Sub-trip	R	eason		Recommended	action	
I Re-program grive with compatible user tirmware		1	Non-volatile memory of	comms error.	Hardwar	re fault – contact the su	pplier of the dr	ive.
		2		mpatible with the user	Re-prog	ram drive with compati	ble user firmwa	re.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing				
Т	rip		Diagnosis													
Н	F12	Data pro	Data processing error: Main program stack overflow													
			The <i>HF12</i> trip indicates that the main program stack over flow has occurred. The stack can be identified by the sub-trip number. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.													
			Sub-trip Reason													
			1	Derivati	ve backgro	und stack	overflow									
			2	Derivati	Derivative timed stack overflow											
			3	Main sy	stem interr	upt stack o	overflow									
		4 Main system background stack overflow														
			nended ac		ons: Contact the supplier of the drive											
Н	F13	Reserve		Comac	к ию оцрри	01 01 1110 4										
Н	F14	Reserve	ed													
Н	F15	Reserve	ed													
	F16	Doto pro	accoling o	rror: DT	OS orror											
П	T 10		ocessing e			ror has oc	curred This t	rin indicates	that the con	trol PCB on	the drive has	failed				
			nended ac		a IXIOS en	ioi iias oc	cuirea. Illis i	iip iiidicates	that the com	uon CD on	i tile tilve ilas	ialieu.				
			dware fault		t the cuppli	or of the d	rivo									
	F17	Reserve		- Cornac	it tile suppli	ei oi iiie u	IIIVE									
•		11000110	, u													
Н	F18	Data pro	ocessing e	rror: Inte	ernal flash	memory l	has failed									
			18 trip indication					ed when writ	ing option mo	odule paran	neter data. Th	e reason				
		Sub-tr	rip				Reaso	n								
		1			error while											
		2	l l				nenus failed									
		3	3 Erase flash block containing application menus failed													
			nended ac													
			Hardware fault - contact the supplier of the drive. Data processing error: CRC check on the firmware has failed													
H	F19	_							a The defice to		la 4ll	- d d !-				
		waiting f	The <i>HF19</i> trip indicates that the CRC check on the drive firmware has failed. The drive is now in its bootloader mode and is waiting for a new image to be downloaded using KB Connect. Once a new image is downloaded, the drive can run normally.													
		Recomm	Recommended actions:													
			orogram the				oower firmwai rive	re using KB	Connect.							
Н	F23	Hardwa														
		Recomm	nended ac	tions:												
		• If this	If this trip occurs, contact the supplier of the drive.													
lt	.Ac	-	current ov		•	<u> </u>										
		Constan		5). Pr 04.	019 display	s the moto					d <i>Motor Therr</i> value. The dri					
	20	Recomm	nended ac	tions:												
		• Che	 Ensure the load is not jammed / sticking Check the load on the motor has not changed Tune the motor rated speed parameter (Pr 05.008) (RFC-A mode only) Ensure the motor rated current is not zero. 													
<u> </u>		LIIS	Ensure the motor rated current is not zero													

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing		
7	Ггір		Diagnosis											
lí	t.br	Braking	Braking resistor overload timed out (I ² t)											
	19	(10.039) Braking reaches Recomr • Ensi • Che • If an	The <i>It.br</i> trip indicates that braking resistor overload has timed out. The value in <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) is calculated using <i>Braking Resistor Rated Power</i> (10.030), <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant</i> (10.031) and <i>Braking Resistor Resistance</i> (10.061). The <i>It.br</i> trip is initiated when the <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) reaches 100 %. Recommended actions: • Ensure the values entered in Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are correct. • Check resistor value and power rating. • If an external thermal protection device is being used and the braking resistor software overload protection is not required, set Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 or Pr 10.061 to 0 to disable the trip.											
L	F.Er	Commu	Communication has been lost / errors detected between power, control and rectifier modules											
			This trip is initiated if there is no communications between power, control or the rectifier module or if excessive communication errors have been detected. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.											
			ource	XX	_	ZZ								
		Control	system	00	1						e power syste			
	90		rol system 00 0 2: Excessive communication errors between the control sy system.						•	ver				
		Power system 01 1 00: Excessive communications errors detected by the rectifier module.												
no	o.PS	• Hard	Recommended actions: • Hardware fault - contact the supplier of the drive. No power board											
		No com	No communication between the power and control boards.											
2	236	Recomm	mended ac	ctions:										
		• Hard	dware fault	- contact	the supplie	er of the dr	ive.							
0	.Ld1	_	output ove											
		This trip	indicates t	hat the to	tal current	drawn fron	n the Al Adap	otor 24 V or	from the digit	al output ha	as exceeded t	he limit.		
		Sub	-trip				R	eason						
		1	1 Digital output or 24 V supply load on control terminal is too high.											
	26	2	2 Al Adaptor 24 V load is too high											
		Recomm	Recommended actions:											
					ital outputs	and 24 V								
			ck control	·		una 2 1 V								
			Check output wiring is undamaged											
0.	.SPd					-	ency thresho							
	7	(03.008) Over Fre threshol	In open-loop mode, if the <i>Post-ramp Reference</i> (02.001) exceeds the threshold set in the <i>Over Frequency Threshold</i> (03.008) in either direction, an O.SPd trip is produced. In RFC-A mode, if the <i>Estimated Frequency</i> (03.002) exceeds the Over Frequency Threshold in Pr 03.008 in either direction an O.SPd trip is produced. If Pr 03.008 is set to 0.00 the threshold is then equal to 1.2 x the value set in Pr 01.006 .											
	,	• Red • Che	Recommended actions: Reduce the Frequency Controller Proportional Gain (03.010) to reduce the frequency overshoot (RFC-A mode only)											
0	ht.C		stage ove											
		This trip	indicates t	hat a con	trol stage o	ver-tempe	rature has be	en detected	d if Cooling Fa	an control (06.045) = 0.			
2	This trip causes the option module to go to standby and <i>Potential Drive Damage Conditions</i> (10.106) bit 1 to Recommended actions:									06) bit 1 to be	set.			
					etting Cool	ing Fan co	ntrol (06.045) > 0.						
ı		Increase ventilation by setting Cooling Fan control (06.045) > 0.												

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started pa	Basic arameters	Running the motor	Optimizati	ion NV Media Card		Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing	
	Trip		Diagnosis										
0	The Oh.dc trip indicates a DC bus component over temperature based on a software thermal model. The drive thermal protection system to protect the DC bus components within the drive. This includes the effects of the or and DC bus ripple. The estimated temperature is displayed as a percentage of the trip level in Pr 07.035. If this reaches 100 % then an Oh.dc trip is initiated. The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping. If the mostop in 10 seconds the drive trips immediately. Source xx y zz Description								cts of the out 7.035. If this g. If the moto	put current parameter or does not			
	Oht.I		r over temp		•			I, Pr 03.012) – (111 0 71)				
		This trip indicates that an IGBT junction over-temperature has been detected based on a software thermal model. The Oht. I trip is initiated when the temperature based on the thermal model reaches 145 °C. The trip reset temperature is 139 °C. Source xx y zz Description Control system 00 1 00 Inverter thermal model gives {Oht.I} trip with sub-trip 100											
	21	Recommended actions: Reduce the selected drive switching frequency Ensure Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable (05.035) is set to Off Reduce duty cycle Increase acceleration / deceleration rates											

- Reduce motor load
 Check DC bus ripple
 Ensure all three input phases are present and balanced

•	Mechanical Electrical installation		Basic Runn ameters the m		tion NV Media Card		Advanced parameters Diagnostic	S UL Listing					
Trip	Diagnosis												
Oht.P	Power stage over temperature												
	This trip indicates th location is identified Source		tage over-ten	nperature has	s been detected		o-trip 'xxyzz', the The	rmistor					
	cription												
	ve defined by zz												
		e size		Trip ter	mperature (°C)	Tr	rip reset temperatur	e (°C)					
	1	to 4		95			90						
		5		115			110						
	062	00XXX			115		110						
	064	00XXX			125		120						
22	065	00XXX			120		115						
OI.A1 189 OI.AC	Recommended actions: Check enclosure / drive fans are still functioning correctly Force the heatsink fans to run at maximum speed Check enclosure ventilation paths Check enclosure door filters Increase ventilation Reduce the drive switching frequency Reduce the drive switching frequency Increase acceleration / deceleration rates Use S-ramp (Pr 02.006) Reduce motor load Check the derating tables and confirm the drive is correctly sized for the application. Use a drive with larger current / power rating Analog input 1 over-current Current input on analog input 1 exceeds 24 mA. Instantaneous output over current detected The instantaneous drive output current has exceeded VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_MAX. This trip cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated. Recommended actions/checks: Increase acceleration/deceleration rate If seen during auto-tune reduce the voltage boost Check for short circuit on the output cabling												
					•	, 03.011 , 03.01	12) or (Pr 03.013, 03.	014, 03.015)					
Ol by	Reduce the value Broking ICBT ever			•		rakin - IOST	athrata d						
Ol.br	The Ol br trip indicat			-		-	SBT protection has be	en activated					
						. or braking io	DI Protection has be	on activated.					
_	This trip cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated. Recommended actions:												
4	Check brake res												
	 Check braking re Check braking re 	esistor value	-	an or equal to	the minimum r	esistance value	е						
OI.SC	Output phase shor												
	Over-current detected	ed on drive o	utput when e	nabled. Poss	sible motor earth	fault.							
228	 Recommended actions: Check for short circuit on the output cabling Check integrity of the motor insulation using an insulation tester Is the motor cable length within limits for the frame size? 												
	- is the motor cab	3 !											

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opui.inzacion	Card	01.000.01.20	parameters	g	or rioung

Trip Diagnosis OI.Sn Snubber over-current detected This trip indicates that an over-current condition has been detected in the rectifier snubbing circuit, The exact cause of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Source хx Power system 00: Rectifier snubber over-current trip detected 92 Recommended actions: Ensure the internal EMC filter is installed. Ensure the motor cable length does not exceed the maximum for selected switching frequency. Check for supply voltage imbalance. Check for supply disturbance such as notching from a DC drive. Check the motor and motor cable insulation with an insulation tester.

Out.P Output phase loss detected

The Out.P trip indicates that phase loss has been detected at the drive output. A test can be made for output phase loss when the drive is enabled or the output phase loss condition can be detected while the drive is running as defined by Output Phase Loss Detection Enable (06.059).

Sub-trip	Reason
1	U phase detected as disconnected when drive enabled to run.
2	V phase detected as disconnected when drive enabled to run.
3	W phase detected as disconnected when drive enabled to run.
4	The drive output frequency is above 4 Hz and a phase is disconnected for the time specified by <i>Output Phase Loss Detection Time</i> (06.058).

NOTE

98

If Pr 05.042 = 1, the physical output phases are reversed, and so sub-trip 3 refers to physical output phase V and sub-trip 2 refers to physical output phase W.

Recommended actions:

Check motor and drive connections

Fit an output line reactor or sinusoidal filter.

To disable the trip set Output Phase Loss Detection Enable (06.059) = 0

ov DC bus voltage has exceeded the peak level or maximum continuous level for 15 seconds

The OV trip indicates that the DC bus voltage has exceeded the VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] or

VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] for 15 s. The trip threshold varies depending on voltage rating of the drive as shown below.

Voltage rating	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] Frame 1 to 4	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] Frame 5 to 9	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]
115	510	415	400
230	510	415	400
460	870	830	800
575	N/A	990	955

Sub-trip Identification

Source	ХХ	у	zz
Control system	00	0	01: Instantaneous trip when the DC bus voltage exceeds VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX].
Control system	00	0	02: Time delayed trip indicating that the DC bus voltage is above VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX].
Power system	01	0	00: Instantaneous trip when the DC bus voltage exceeds VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX].

Recommended actions:

- Increase deceleration ramp (Pr 04)
- Decrease the braking resistor value (staying above the minimum value)
- Check nominal AC supply level
- Check for supply disturbances which could cause the DC bus to rise
- Check motor insulation using an insulation tester

145

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Gettir starte		Basic arameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
Т	rip							Diagno	osis				
	.dAt	Powers	system co	nfigura	ation	data eri	or	- 3					
		The P.d. generate	At trip indic	cates the	at the	ere is an	error in the			d in the power the trip is related			
			urce	хх	у	ZZ				Description			
		1 1	l system	00	0			s obtained fr	om the pow	er board.			
		Contro	l system	00	0			data table.	table is bigg	ger than the s	nace availah	ole in the co	ntrol nod
			l system	00	0	03	to store it.						nti oi pod
			l system	00	0				en in the tab	ole is incorred	ct.		
2	220		l system	00	0		Table CRC						
			l system	00	0					or software th		the table is	too low.
		-	l system	0 01	0					ored in the po		o on orror	
		Power	system	01	U					y by the powered to the con			has an
		Power	system	01	0	UI I	error.	data table tri	at is uploade	ed to the con	uoi system o	ni powei up	ilas ali
		Power	system	01	0			data table us dentification o		y by the power module.	er module do	es not mato	h the
			mended a										
							ier of the d						
	Ad									rom the key	-		
			d trip indica d or discor				• •	node [<i>Refere</i>	nce Selecto	r(01.014) = 4	4 or 6] and th	ne keypad na	as been
	34		mended a			ano ann	.						
,	0 4		nstall keyr			.t							
			, ,				4) to select	the reference	e from anoti	her source			
P	b.bt	Power b	ooard is ir	ı bootle	oade	r mode							
		Power b	oard is in	bootloa	der n	node							
2	245	Recomi	mended a	ctions:									
			•					•		B Connect ar		le drive.	
PI	b.Er								-	ower proce			
								tions betwee d by the sub-		l board proce	essor and the	e power boa	ra
		Sub-	trip				Reason]					
		1	PI	L oper	ating	region o	ut of lock						
	93	2	Po	ower bo	ard lo	ost comr	nunication	with user boa	ard				
		3						ith power boa	ard				
		4	C	ommun	icatio	n CRC e	error						
		Recomi	mended a	ctions:									
						he suppl	ier of the d	rive					
Pk	o.HF		ooard HF										
				nardwai	re fau	It. The s	ub-trip num	ber is the HF	code.				
	235	Recomi	mended a	ctions:									
	235	• Hard	dware faul	t - Cont	act th	ne suppli	er of the dr	ive					
Р	d.S	Power	down save	error									
		The Pd.	S trip indic	ates th	at an	error ha	s been det	ected in the p	ower down	save parame	eters saved in	n non-volatil	e memory.
;	37	Recom	mended a	ections	:								
		• Perf	orm a 100	1 save	in Pr	00 to en	sure that th	ne trip doesn'	t occur the r	next time the	drive is power	ered up.	

Safet informa	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	--------------------	------------------	-------------------	--------------	------------------	-------------	---------------------	-------------	------------

Trip Diagnosis PH.Lo Supply phase loss The PH.Lo trip indicates that the drive has detected an input phase loss or large supply imbalance. The drive will attempt to stop the motor before this trip is initiated. If the motor cannot be stopped in 10 seconds the trip occurs immediately. The PH.Lo trip works by monitoring the ripple voltage on the DC bus of the drive, if the DC bus ripple exceeds the threshold, the drive will trip on PH.Lo. Potential causes of the DC bus ripple are input phase loss, Large supply impedance and severe output current instability. Source у 00: Phase loss detected based on control system feedback. The drive attempts 00 0 to stop the drive before tripping unless bit 2 of Action On Trip Detection (10.037) Control system is set to one.

32

Input phase loss detection can be disabled when the drive is required to operate from the DC supply or from a single phase supply in *Input Phase Loss Detection Mode* (06.047).

00: Phase loss has been detected by the rectifier module.

Recommended actions:

Power system

Check the AC supply voltage balance and level at full load

0

- Check the DC bus ripple level with an isolated oscilloscope
- Check the output current stability
- Check for mechanical resonance with the load

01

- Reduce the duty cycle
- · Reduce the motor load
- Disable the phase loss detection, set Pr 06.047 to 2.

PSU Internal power supply fault

The PSU trip indicates that one or more internal power supply rails are outside limits or overloaded.

 Source
 xx
 y
 zz
 Description

 Control system
 00
 0
 Internal power supply overload.

 Power system
 01
 1

5

Recommended actions:

- Remove the option module and perform a reset
- There is a hardware fault within the drive return the drive to the supplier

RAM allocation error

The *r.All* trip indicates that an option module derivative image has requested more parameter RAM than is allowed. The RAM allocation is checked in order of resulting sub-trip numbers, and so the failure with the highest sub-trip number is given. The sub-trip is calculated as (parameter size) + (parameter type) + sub-array number.

Parameter size	Value
1 bit	1
8 bit	2
16 bit	3
32 bit	4
64 bit	5

Parameter type	Value
Volatile	0
User save	1
Power-down save	2

227

Derivatives can customize menus 18 and 20.

Sub-array	Menus	Value
Applications menus	18-20	1
Derivative image	29	2
Option slot 1 set-up	15	4
Option slot 1 applications	25	5

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
Т	rip						Diagno	osis				
r.	b.ht	Hot rec	tifier/brake									
		Over-ter	mperature o	letected of	on input rec	tifier or bra	aking IGBT.					
2	250	Recomi	nended ac	tion:								
		• Incr	ease ventila	ation by s	etting Cooli	ing Fan Co	ontrol (06.045	5) > 0.				
Res	erved	Reserve	ed trips									
	01	These tr	ip numbers	are rese	rved trip nu	mbers for	future use.					
	09 12		Trip Nun	nber			Descrip	tion				
	- 17	01, 09,	12, 14-17,	23, 29, 3	8, 39 Res	erved rese	ttable trip					
	3, 29		91, 94 -9	6, 99	Res	erved rese	ttable trip					
	- 39		101 - 109	, 111	Res	erved rese	ttable trip					
,	94 - 96 99	1	68 - 172, 1	76 -177	Res	erved rese	ttable trip					
	- 109		190 – 1	98	Res	erved rese	ttable trip					
	111		205 - 2	17	Res	erved rese	ttable trip					
	- 172 - 177		222 - 2	24	Res	erved non-	resettable tri	р				
	- 177 - 198		229 - 230	, 233	Res	erved non-	resettable tri	р				
	- 217		238 - 244	, 249	Res	erved non-	resettable tri	р				
	- 224		251 - 2	54	Res	erved non-	resettable tri	p				
	230, 233 - 244				<u> </u>							
	· - 244 249											
	- 254											

Measured resistance has exceeded the parameter range

The rS trip indicates that the measured stator resistance of the motor during an auto-tune test has exceeded the maximum possible value of Stator Resistance (05.017).

If the measured value or a value written to this parameter by the user exceeds $(V_{FS}/\sqrt{2})$ / Full Scale Current Kc (11.061), where V_{FS} is the full scale DC bus voltage then this trip is initiated.

The stationary auto-tune is initiated using the auto-tune function (Pr **05.012**) or in open loop vector mode (Pr **05.014**) on the first run command after power up in mode 4 (Ur_l) or on every run command in modes 0 (Ur_S) or 3 (Ur_Auto). This trip can occur if the motor is very small in comparison to the rating of the drive.

If the value is the result of a measurement made by the drive then sub-trip 0 is applied, or if it is because the parameter has been changed by the user then sub-trip 3 is applied. During the stator resistance section of auto-tuning an additional test is performed to measure the drive inverter characteristics to provide the compensation necessary for dead-times. If the inverter characteristic measurement fails then sub-trip 2 is applied.

The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.

Sub-trip	Reason
0	Stator resistance (5.017/21.012) is greater than $(V_{FS} / \sqrt{2}) / Full$ Scale Current Kc (11.061), where V_{FS} is the full scale d.c. bus voltage; or the result is = 100 ohms.
2	The measured Transient Inductance (5.024/21.014) is greater than 500 mH or the measured Stator Inductance (05.025/21.024) is greater than 5000 mH.
3	A resistance value entered by the user is greater than $(V_{FS} / \sqrt{2}) / Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)$, where V_{FS} is the full scale d.c. bus voltage. Clear this trip by setting Stator Resistance (05.017) to a value that is in range and resetting the drive.
4	The measured stator resistance is not greater than the sub-trip 0 check but is outside the firmware usable range for this drive size.

Recommended actions:

- Ensure the stator resistance of the motor falls within the range of the drive model. The most likely cause of this trip is trying to measure a motor much smaller than the drive rating. Ratio's of drive size to motor size of greater than 15:1 are likely to lead to a problem.
- Check that a value has not been entered in the stator resistance for the presently selected motor map that exceeds the allowed range.
- · Check the motor cable / connections
- Check the integrity of the motor stator winding using an insulation tester
- Check the motor phase to phase resistance at the drive terminals
- Check the motor phase to phase resistance at the motor terminals
- Ensure the stator resistance of the motor falls within the range of the drive model
- Select fixed boost mode (Pr 05.014 = Fd) and verify the output current waveforms with an oscilloscope
- Replace the motor

33

rS

formation	information	installation in													
Ti	rip						Diagno	osis							
S	CL	Control w	ord wate	chdog ha	ıs timed oı	ıt									
		The SCL t	rip indica	tes that t	he control v	vord has b	een enabled	and has tim	ed out.						
		Recomme	ended ac	tions:											
3	30					•			•	•	eated every 1				
		trip will be reset.	initiated.	The water	chdog is dis	sabled whe	en the trip occ	curs and mu	st be re-ena	bled if requii	red when the	trip is			
SL	dF		odule in	option s	lot 1 has c	hanged									
											t installed wh	en			
				ist saved	on the drive	e. The rea	son for the tri	-	entified by th	e sub-trip nu	ımber.				
		Sub-tr	rip					Reason							
		1	No	module	was installe	ed previous	sly								
		2					r is installed,		•	this option s	lot has been				
		changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu. A module with the same identifier is installed, but the applications menu for this contact in the same identifier is installed.								nu for this op	otion slot has l	been			
2	204	3	changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.												
		4	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up and applications menu for this option have been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for these menus.									n slot			
		>99					le previously i		ir loaded for	tricac mena	J.				
		Recomme			41						41				
				,		•	module is inst dule is correct		•	,	tne power. are set correc	ctlv and			
					r mm.000.			.,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,			
SL	L.Er	•		•	lot 1 has d										
		can be lue	FILLINGU DY	ี แเษ อนมา			The <i>SL.Er</i> trip indicates that the option module in option slot 1 on the drive has detected an error. The real can be identified by the sub-trip number. As default, the sub-trip number is shown as a number on the dis								
		is possible for the option module to supply sub-trip number strings which will be displayed instead of the number if available.									of the number				
2	202		for the c		•						of the number	if			
2	202			ption mo	•						of the number	if			
		available. Recomme	ended ac elevant <i>op</i>	option mo etions: otion mod	dule to sup dule User G	ply sub-trip		ngs which w			of the number	if			
	HF	available Recomme • See re Option me	ended ac elevant <i>op</i> odule 1 h	etion mo etions: otion mod	dule to sup dule User G e fault	ply sub-trip	p number stri	ngs which w	vill be display	ved instead o					
		available. Recomme • See re Option m The SL.HI	ended ac elevant <i>op</i> odule 1 h	etion mo etions: otion mod	dule to sup dule User G e fault	ply sub-trip	p number stri	ngs which with the second of the trip contributions.	vill be display	ved instead o	of the number				
		available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip	ended ac elevant <i>op</i> odule 1 h F trip is go	option mo etions: otion mod nardware enerated	dule to sup	ply sub-trip tuide for de e. The pos	p number stri	ngs which w	vill be display	ved instead o					
		available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip	ended ac elevant op odule 1 i F trip is go The mo	etions: etions: etion moderated enerated odule cate	dule to sup	ply sub-tripude for determined for d	p number stri	ngs which w ip of the trip c Reason	vill be display	red instead of	ub-trip numbe	r.			
		available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1	ended acelevant opodule 1 if F trip is go The mo	etions: etions: etion mod nardware enerated odule cate required	dule to sup	ply sub-tripuide for december 7. The pose of be ident menu tab	p number stri	ngs which with the property of the trip concentration. Reason has not be	rill be display an be identifi en supplied	red instead of		r.			
		available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip	ended acelevant opodule 1 if F trip is go The mo	etions: etion moderated enerated	dule to sup	ply sub-trip suide for de e. The pos ot be ident I menu tab y available	p number strice tails of the tricesible causes tified ble information at to allocate the	ngs which with the property of the trip concentration. The property of the trip concentration is the property of the trip concentration in the property of the	rill be display an be identifi en supplied	red instead of the subject of the tables s module	ub-trip numbe	r.			
		available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1	ended acelevant opodule 1 if F trip is go The mo All the There i	etions: etion moderated enerated	dule to sup	ply sub-trip suide for de e. The pos ot be ident I menu tab y available	p number stri	ngs which with the property of the trip concentration. The property of the trip concentration is the property of the trip concentration in the property of the	rill be display an be identifi en supplied	red instead of the subject of the tables s module	ub-trip numbe	r.			
		available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3	ended accelevant opodule 1 if F trip is go The mo All the There i	etions: etions: etion mod nardware enerated endule cate required is insufficional	dule to sup	ply sub-trip	p number strice tails of the tricesible causes tified ble information at to allocate the	of the trip concentration in has not be not common to the	an be identifien supplied ouffers for this drive power	red instead of the subject of the tables s module	ub-trip numbe	r.			
SL	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4	ended accelevant opodule 1 if F trip is go The mo All the There i The mo Module	etions: etions: etion moderated enerated enerated required s insuffic ed has bee	dule to sup	ply sub-tripude for december of be identified menu tab y available after power	etails of the tri estails of the tri estails causes tified tile information to allocate the s running conter-up or it has	ngs which which which control is stopped which which which was a stopped which is stopped w	en supplied suffers for this	or the tables s module	ub-trip numbe	r. corrupt			
SL		available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5	ended accelevant opodule 1 if trip is go The mo All the There i The mo Module The mo	entions: ention moderated enerated enerated enerated es insufficionale has e has bee	dule to sup	ply sub-trip ruide for de e. The pos ot be ident menu tab y available ed that it is after powe	etails of the tri estails of the tri estails causes tified tile information to allocate the s running conter-up or it has	of the trip control to the	en supplied ouffers for this drive power orking ive paramete	ed by the su or the tables s module r-up	ub-trip numbe s supplied are drive mode c	r. corrupt			
SL	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6	The mo	entions: ctions: ctions: ction moderated codule cate required s insuffic codule has codule has codule has	dule to sup	ply sub-trip	etails of the triesible causes tified ble information to to allocate the running correction or it has has stopped a	of the trip concentration in has not be ne comms to rectly during a stopped what coessing drest has bee	en supplied uffers for thi drive power orking ive paramete	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive	ub-trip numbe s supplied are drive mode c	r. corrupt			
SL	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	The module The The module The module The module The module The The module The The module The The module The The The The The The The The The Th	enerated codule cate required s insuffic codule has be has bee codule has codule has	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memore a not indicat a removed a failed to ac to read cor	ply sub-trip ruide for de e. The pos ot be ident menu tab y available ed that it is after powe red that it he cknowledg	etails of the tri ssible causes tified the information to allocate the srunning conter-up or it has the sas stopped at that a requirement of the stopped at	of the trip control to the	an be identifien supplied outfers for this drive power orking ive parameter made to reule during drive drive drive during drive driv	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive power-u	ub-trip numbe s supplied are drive mode c	r.			
SL	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	The module	enerated codule cate required s insuffic codule has be has bee codule has codule has	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memor anot indicat in removed anot indicat a failed to a to read cor to upload n	ply sub-trip ruide for de e. The pos ot be ident menu tab y available ed that it is after powe red that it he cknowledg	etails of the trissible causes tified ble information e to allocate the running conter-up or it has the requestre that a requestre to the requestre that a requ	of the trip control to the	an be identifien supplied outfers for this drive power orking ive parameter made to reule during drive drive drive during drive driv	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive power-u	ub-trip numbe s supplied are drive mode c	r.			
SL	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	The module	entions: cotion moderated codule cate required s insuffic codule has	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memor anot indicat in removed anot indicat a failed to a to read cor to upload n	ply sub-trip ruide for de e. The pos ot be ident menu tab y available ed that it is after powe red that it he cknowledg	etails of the trissible causes tified ble information e to allocate the running conter-up or it has the requestre that a requestre to the requestre that a requ	of the trip control to the	an be identifien supplied outfers for this drive power orking ive parameter made to reule during drive drive drive during drive driv	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive power-u	ub-trip numbe s supplied are drive mode c	r. corrupt			
SL	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	The module	etions: etions: etions: etion moderated enerated codule cate required es insuffic codule has et has bee codule has eve failed ve failed able CRO	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memor anot indicat in removed anot indicat a failed to a to read cor to upload n	ply sub-trip ruide for de e. The pos ot be ident menu tab y available ed that it is after powe red that it he cknowledg	etails of the trissible causes tified ble information e to allocate the running conter-up or it has the requestre that a requestre to the requestre that a requ	of the trip control to the	an be identifien supplied outfers for this drive power orking ive parameter made to reule during drive drive drive during drive driv	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive power-u	ub-trip numbe s supplied are drive mode c	r. corrupt			
SL	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Recomme	The module The module The module The dri Menu tended acceptable ac	entions: entions: ention moderated entions: e	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memor interpretation removed interpretation removed to read cor to upload into control upload into control upload into control control upload into control upload into control upload into control upload into	ply sub-trip	etails of the triesible causes tified ble information e to allocate the srunning correr-up or it has has stopped at that a requestment table from the more	of the trip control to the	an be identifien supplied outfers for this drive power orking ive parameter made to reule during drive drive drive during drive driv	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive power-u	ub-trip numbe s supplied are drive mode c	r.			
SL	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Recomme Ensure Replace	The module The module The module The dri Menu tended acceptant of the module The module The module The module The module The module The dri Menu tended acceptant acceptant to the module The dri Menu tended acceptant to the module The module The dri Menu tended acceptant to the module The module The dri Menu tended acceptant to the module T	enerated codule cate required s insuffic codule has be has bee codule has ve failed ve failed able CRC con module con mo	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memor interpretation removed interpretation removed to read cor to upload into control upload into control upload into control control upload into control upload into control upload into control upload into	ply sub-trip	etails of the triesible causes tified ble information e to allocate the srunning correr-up or it has has stopped at that a requestment table from the more	of the trip control to the	an be identifien supplied outfers for this drive power orking ive parameter made to reule during drive drive drive during drive driv	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive power-u	ub-trip numbe s supplied are drive mode c	r.			
SL 24	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Recomme Recomme Replai Replai	The module The dri Menu the module the optice the optice the driver the drive	entions: entions: ention moderated ention moderated ention moderated ention moderated ention moderated entions: ention moderated entions: ention moderated enti	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memor interpretation removed interpretation removed to read cor to upload into control upload into control upload into control control upload into control upload into control upload into control upload into	ply sub-trip	etails of the tri- estails of the tri- estails of the tri- estails causes tified ble information e to allocate the sign running con- er-up or it has has stopped and the that a requirement table from the months from the months y	of the trip control to the	an be identifien supplied outfers for this drive power orking ive parameter made to reule during drive drive drive during drive driv	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive power-u	ub-trip numbe s supplied are drive mode c	r. corrupt			
SL 2	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Recomme Replai Replai Replai	The module The module The module The dri Menu te the optice the optice the dri odule in	entions: entions: ention moderated ention moderated ention moderated ention moderated ention moderated entions: ention moderated entions: entions: entions: entions: entions: entions: ention moderate ention moderate ention moderate ention settions	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memor in not indicat in removed failed to ac to read cor to upload in C invalid. le is installe ule	ply sub-trip auide for de e. The pos ot be ident menu tab y available ed that it is after powe ed that it r cknowledg rectly the r menu table ed correctly	etails of the tri estails of the tri estails of the tri estails of the tri estails causes tified ele information e to allocate the significant running conter-up or it has not stopped at the triple of triple of the triple of triple of the triple of the triple of tr	of the trip concentration of the trip concen	en supplied en supplied ouffers for thi drive power orking ive paramete n made to re ule during dr med-out (5s)	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive rive power-u	ub-trip numbe s supplied are drive mode c	r. corrupt			
SL 2	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Recomme Replace Replace Option m The SL.NE	The module The The module The mod	entions: cotion module cate codule cate codule cate codule has codule cate codule has codule has codule has codule cate codule has codule has codule has codule cate codule has codule has codule cate codule has codule has codule has codule has codule cate codule has codule has codule has codule cate codule has codule has codule has codule has codule cate codule has codule has codule cate codule has codule has codule has codule has codule has codule cate codule has codule cate codule has codule cate codule has	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memor anot indicat an removed anot indicat a failed to ac to read cor to upload a cinvalid. le is installe ule lot 1 has b the option	ply sub-trip auide for de e. The pos ot be ident menu tab y available ed that it is after powe ed that it h cknowledg rectly the r menu table ed correctly een remo module in	etails of the tri estails of the tri estails of the tri estails of the tri estails causes tified ele information e to allocate the significant running conter-up or it has not stopped at the triple of triple of the triple of triple of the triple of the triple of tr	on the drive	en supplied en supplied uffers for thi drive power orking ive paramete made to re ule during dr med-out (5s)	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive rive power-u	drive mode ce processor	r. corrupt			
SL SL	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Recomme Recomme Replae Replae Option m The SL.nF The sub-tri	The module The module The module The dri	entions: entions: ention moderated enerated ener	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memor in not indicat in removed in not indicat in removed to read cor to upload in C invalid. le is installe ule the option ine ID code	ply sub-trip ruide for de e. The pos ot be ident menu tab y available ed that it is after powe ed that it r cknowledg rectly the r nenu table ed correctly	etails of the triesible causes tified ble information e to allocate the signal stopped a ner-up or it has nas stopped a nethat a reque menu table from the mo	on the drive	en supplied en supplied uffers for thi drive power orking ive paramete made to re ule during dr med-out (5s)	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive rive power-u	drive mode ce processor	r. corrupt			
SL 24	HF	available. Recomme See re Option m The SL.HI Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Recomme Recomme Replate Replate Price SL.NE Replate Recomme Recomme Recomme Recomme Recomme	The module The module The module The dri	entions: entions: ention moderated ention moderated ention moderated ention moderated ention moderated ention moderated entions: ention moderated entions: ention moderates that entions: ention	dule to sup dule User G fault by the drive egory canne customized ient memor in not indicat in removed in not indicat in removed in to upload in cupload in cuplo	ply sub-trip ruide for de e. The pos ot be ident menu tab y available ed that it is after powe ed that it r cknowledg rectly the r nenu table ed correctly	etails of the triesible causes tified ble information e to allocate the signal stopped a ner-up or it has nas stopped a nethat a reque menu table from the mo	on the drive	en supplied en supplied uffers for thi drive power orking ive paramete made to re ule during dr med-out (5s)	or the tables s module r-up ers during a set the drive rive power-u	drive mode ce processor	r. corrupt			

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters Dia	agnostics	UL Listing
Т	Ггір						Diagno	osis				
S	L.tO	-	module wa	•								
						module ins	talled in Slot	1 has started	the option v	vatchdog function	on and the	en failed to
2	201		the watchdo mended ac	•	uy.							
			lace the op		ulo							
S	o.St					art monite	or failed					
	0.00		Soft start relay failed to close, soft start monitor failed The So.St trip indicates that the soft start relay in the drive failed to close or the soft start monitoring circuit has failed.									ailed.
		The cau	The cause of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.									
		;	Sub-trip Reason									
2	226		1 Soft-start failure									
			2 DC bus capacitor failure on 115 V drive (size 2 only)									
		Recom	mended ac	tions:								
			dware fault		t the suppl	er of the d	rive					
St	t.HF		re trip has									
			•			trip (HF01	–HF18) has	occurred an	d the drive h	as been power	cycled. T	he sub-trip
9	221	number	identifies th	e HF trip								
1	 1		mended ac									
	~.		er 1299 in F			t to clear th	ne trip					
ì	Sto		Torque Orard not fitte									
	234				у.							
1	234		Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive									
	th		hermistor			T tile dilve						
						mistor con	nected to terr	minal 14 (dio	ital input 5) (on the control c	onnection	ıs has
			•					` `		initiated if the fo		
		_	han <i>Thermi</i>		Threshold (07.048).						
	24		mended ac									
			ck motor te ck threshol									
			ck thermist	`	,							
ti	h.br	Brake r	esistor ove	r tempe	rature							
							0		0	nnected and the		
		this trip.		or is not t	usea, tnen	tnis trip mu	ist de disable	ed with bit 3 (of Action On	Trip Detection	(10.037) t	o prevent
	10	-	mended ac	tions:								
		• Che	ck brake re	sistor wir	ing							
						ater than o	r equal to the	minimum re	esistance val	ue		
41	l.Fb		ck braking									
	1.1 1/		Internal thermistor has failed The <i>tH.Fb</i> trip indicates that an internal thermistor has failed in the drive (i.e. open circuit or short circuit). The thermistor									ermistor
			can be ide						o. op o o o		,	
		S	Source xx y zz									
,	218	Powe	er system	01	0	Thermisto	r location def	ined by zz				
_		Powe	er system	01	1	Thermisto	r location def	ined by zz ir	the rectifier	-		
		Pacami	mended ac	tions:	-1							
			dware fault		t the sunnl	er of the d	rive					
t	thS		hermistor			ici oi ilic a	1110					
		The thS	The <i>thS</i> trip indicates that the motor thermistor connected to terminal 14 (digital input 5) on the control connections, is shown circuit or low impedance ($<50 \Omega$).								ns, is short	
	25		Recommended actions:									
			eck thermist blace motor		•							

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing	
Т	rip						Diagn	osis					
tu	ın.S	Autotur	ne test stop	pped bef	ore compl	etion							
		The driv	e was prev	ented fro	m completi	ng an auto	tune test, be	cause either	the drive en	able or the	drive run wer	e removed.	
		Recom	Recommended actions:										
	18	• Che	• Check the drive enable signal (Terminal 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9) were active during										
			the autotune.										
			• Check the run command was active in digital input 3 or 4 state (Pr 08.003 or Pr 08.004) during the autotune.										
tι	ın.1	-	d speed c										
		The driv	e nas trippi	ea auring	an autotun	e. The cat	use of the trip		itified from tr	ie sub-trip r	number.		
		Sub	- 1					Reason					
	11	2	2 Th	e motor o	lid not reac	h the requ	ired speed d	uring rotating	g autotune or	mechanica	al load measu	rement	
		Recom	mended ac	tions:									
					to turn i e	mechanic	al brake is re	leased					
		_					is set correct						
tι	ın.3	Measur	ed inertia l	nas exce	eded the p	arameter	range (RFC-	A mode on	ly)				
				-	-		r mechanical	load measu	rement test.	The cause	of the trip car	n be	
		identifie	d from the a	associate	d sub-trip n	umber.							
		Sub	-trip					Reason					
	13						he paramete			ical load me	easurement		
		3	3 Th	e mecha	nical load te	est has be	en unable to	identify the r	notor inertia				
		Recom	mended ac	tions:									
		• Che	ck motor ca	able wirin	g is correct								
U	I.OI	User OI	ac										
	8	A U.OI t	rip is initiate	ed if the c	utput curre	nt of the d	rive exceeds	the trip leve	l set by <i>User</i>	Over Curr	ent Trip Level	(04.041).	
ι	J.S	User Sa	User Save error / not completed										
			The <i>U.S</i> trip indicates that an error has been detected in the user save parameters saved in non-volatile memory.										
			For example, following a user save command, If the power to the drive was removed when the user parameters were being saved.										
	36		Recommended actions:										
		 Perform a user save in Pr 00 to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. Ensure that the drive has enough time to complete the save before removing the power to the drive. 											
U	P.uS		Trip generated by an onboard user program										
							er program us	ing a function	n call which d	lefines the s	sub-trip numbe	er.	
		_ l '					. 0	•			'		

96

Recommended actions:

Check the user program

Trin Diagnosis **UPrG** Onboard user program error An error has been detected in the onboard user program image. The sub-trip indicated the reason for the trip. Comments Reason Divide by zero Undefined trip 3 Attempted fast parameter access set-up with non-existent parameter Attempted access to non-existent parameter Attempted write to read-only parameter 5 6 Attempted an over-range write. Attempted read from write-only parameter The image has failed because either its CRC is incorrect, or there are less than 6 bytes in the image Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image 30 or the image header version is less than 5 is programmed. The image tasks will not run 31 The image requires more RAM for heap and stack than can be provided by the drive. As 30. 32 The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed. As 30 33 The ID code within the image is not valid As 30. 34 The user program image has been changed for an image with a different user program number As 30 Onboard User Program: Enable (11.047) is rese The timed task has not completed in time and has been suspended to zero when the trip is initiated Undefined function called, i.e. a function in the host system vector table that has not been assigned. 41 As 40 Customizable menu table CRC check failed Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed and the table has changed. Defaults are loaded for the user program menu 53 Customizable menu table changed and the trip will keep occurring until drive parameters are saved. Initiated from within the image code. 80 *Image is not compatible with the control board 81 Image is not compatible with the control board serial numbe Image has detected and prevented attempted pointer access outside of the IEC task's heap area. 100 101 Image has detected and prevented misaligned pointer usage 249 102 Image has detected an array bounds violation and prevented its access Image has attempted to convert a data type to or from an unknown data type, has failed and has shut 103 104 Image has attempted to use an unknown user service function User program has invoked a "divide" service with a denominator of zero. (Note that this is raised by the downloaded image and has therefore been given a distinct error code despite being the same 200 fundamental problem as sub-trip 1.) 201 Parameter access is not supported. An attempt to read database other than the host drive. Parameter does not exist. Database was host drive but the specified parameter does not exist. 202 203 Parameter is read-only Parameter is write-only Unknown parameter error Invalid bit present in parameter. The parameter does not contain the specified bit. 206 207 Parameter format lookup failed. Failed to get parameter information data 208 An over-range write has been attempted The following table shows the differences when compared to the derivative product image. Sub-trip Onboard User Program: Enable (11.047) is reset to zero when the trip is initiated. 51 Not applicable as core menu Customization not allowed 6x Not applicable as option module restrictions not allowed 7x Not applicable as option module restrictions not allowed 100 Image has detected and prevented attempted pointer access outside of the IEC task's heap area 101 Image has detected and prevented misaligned pointer usage 102 Image has detected an array bounds violation and prevented its access. 103 Image has attempted to convert a data type to or from an unknown data type, has failed and has shut itself down. 104 Image has attempted to use an unknown user service function User program has invoked a "divide" service with a denominator of zero. (Note that this is raised by the downloaded image and has therefore 200 been given a distinct error code despite being the same fundamental problem as sub-trip 1)

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 12-3 Serial communications look up table

No	Trip	No	Trip	No	Trip
1	rES	90	LF.Er	199	dESt
2	OV	91	rES	200	SL.HF
3	OI.AC	92	OI.Sn	201	SL.tO
4	Ol.br	93	Pb.Er	202	SL.Er
5	PSU	94 - 95	rES	203	SL.nF
6	Et	96	UP.uS	204	SL.dF
7	O.SPd	97	d.Ch	205 - 214	rES
8	U.OI	98	Out.P	215	rES
9	rES	99	rES	216 - 217	rES
10	th.br	100	rESEt	218	tH.Fb
11	tun.1	101	rES	219	Oht.C
12	rES	102	rES	220	P.dAt
13	tun.3	103 - 108	rES	221	St.HF
14 - 17	rES	109	rES	222	rES
18	tun.S	110	dcct	223 - 224	rES
19	lt.br	111	rES	225	Cur.O
20	lt.Ac	112 - 167	t112 - t167	226	So.St
21	Oht.I	168 - 172	rES	227	r.All
22	Oht.P	173	FAn.F	228	OI.SC
23	rES	174	C.SL	229	rES
24	th	175	C.Pr	230	rES
25	thS	176	rES	231	Cur.c
26	O.Ld1	177	rES	232	dr.CF
27	Oh.dc	178	C.by	233	rES
28	cL.A1	179	C.d.E	234	Sto
29	rES	180	C.OPt	235	Pb.HF
30	SCL	181	C.rdo	236	no.PS
31	EEF	182	C.Err	237	Fl.ln
32	PH.Lo	183	C.dAt	238 - 244	rES
33	rS	184	C.Ful	245	Pb.bt
34	PAd	185	C.Acc	246	dEr.E
35	CL.bt	186	C.rtg	247	Fi.Ch
36	U.S	187	C.tyP	248	dEr.I
37	Pd.S	188	C.cPr	249	UPrG
38	rES	189	OI.A1	250	r.b.ht
39	rES	190	rES	251 - 254	rES
40 - 89	t040 - t089	191 - 198	rES	255	rSt.L

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	mormation	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	· ·	Card		parameters		

The trips can be grouped into the following categories. It should be noted that a trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped or is already tripped but with a trip with a lower priority number.

Table 12-4 Trip categories

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HFxx	These indicate internal problems and cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur.
1	Stored HF trip	{St.HF}	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into <i>Parameter</i> 00 and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, {SL.HF}	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	{EEF}	This can only be reset if Parameter 00 is set to 1233 or 1244, or if Load Defaults (11.043) is set to a non-zero value.
4	NV Media Card trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 5 during power-up.
4	Internal 24V	{PSU}	Rectifier 24V
5	Trips with extended reset times	{OI.AC}, {OI.br} and {FAn.F}	These trips cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.
5	Phase loss and d.c. link power circuit protection	{PH.Lo} and {Oh.dc}	The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a {PH.Lo} trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> (10.037). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an {Oh.dc} occurs.
5	Standard trips	All other trips	

12.5 Internal / Hardware trips

Trips {HF01} to {HF23} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers except HF08, HF11, HF12 & HF18. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. If a non permanent trip occurs this may be reset by power cycling the drive. On power up after it has been power cycled the drive will trip on St.HF (the subtrip number indicates the HF fault code). Enter 1299 in Pr 00 to clear the Stored HF trip.

12.6 Alarm indications

In any mode, an alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string display. If an action is not taken to eliminate any alarm except "tuning", "LS" and "24.LoSt" the drive may eventually trip. Alarms are not displayed when a parameter is being edited.

Table 12-5 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
br.res	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
OV.Ld	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is > 100 %.
d.OV.Ld	Drive over temperature. Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
tuning	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
LS	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.
Opt.Al	Option slot alarm.
Lo.AC	Low voltage mode. See Low AC Alarm (10.107).
I.AC.Lt	Current limit active. See Current Limit Active (10.009).
24.LoSt	24V Backup not present. See 24V Alarm Loss Enable (11.098).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostica	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

12.7 Status indications

Table 12-6 Status indications

String	Description	Drive output stage
inh	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0.	Disabled
rdy	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active.	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
S.Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected.	Enabled
dc.inj	The drive is applying dc injection braking.	Enabled
Er	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the display.	Disabled
UV	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled
HEAt	The motor pre-heat function is active	Enabled

Table 12-7 Option module and other status indications at power-up

String	Status
PS.LOAD	Waiting for power stage.
The drive is waiting for the	ne processor in the power stage to respond after power-up.
LOAD OPtion	Waiting for an option module
The drive is waiting for the	ne option module to respond after power-up.
UPLOAD	Loading parameter database
	cessary to update the parameter database held in the drive because an Option module has changed. This may involve data
transfer between the driv	e and option module. During this period 'UPLOAD' is displayed.
LOAD.I	Bootloading drive firmware
The drive is waiting for the	ne bootloader file to be transferred to the processor.

12.8 Displaying the trip history

The drive retains a log of the last ten trips that have occurred. *Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from *Date* (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

If any parameter between Pr 10.020 and Pr 10.029 inclusive is read by serial communication, then the trip number in Table 12-2 is the value transmitted.

NOTE

The trip logs can be reset by writing a value of 255 in Pr 10.038 (via serial communications only).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
illioilliation	iiiioiiiiatioii	IIIStaliation	IIIStaliation	Starteu	parameters	tile illotoi		Caru		parameters		

12.9 Behaviour of the drive when tripped

If the drive trips, the output of the drive is disabled so the load coasts to a stop. If any trip occurs, the following read only parameters are frozen until the trip is cleared. This is to help diagnose the cause of the trip.

Parameter	Description
01.001	Frequency reference
01.002	Pre-skip filter reference
01.003	Pre-ramp reference
01.069	Reference in rpm
01.070	Clamped reference
02.001	Post-ramp reference
03.001	Final demand ref
03.002	Estimated frequency
03.003	Frequency error
03.004	Frequency controller output
03.045	Frequency reference
04.001	Current magnitude
04.002	Active current
04.017	Reactive current
05.001	Output frequency
05.002	Output voltage
05.003	Power
05.005	DC bus voltage
07.001	Analog input 1
07.002	Analog input 2

If the parameters are not required to be frozen then this can be disabled by setting bit 4 of Pr 10.037.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced **UL Listing** Ontimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started paramete the motor Card

13 UL Listing

13.1 UL file reference

All models are UL Listed to both Canadian and US requirements. The UL file reference is: NMMS/7.E171230.

Products that incorporate the Safe Torque Off function have been investigated by UL. The UL file reference is: FSPC.E171230.

13.2 Option modules, kits and accessories

Option Modules, Control Pods, Installation Kits and other accessories for use with these drives are UL Listed.

13.3 Enclosure ratings

All models are Open Type as supplied.

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided. A UL/ NEMA Type 12 enclosure is suitable.

When fitted with a conduit box the drives meet the requirements for UL Type 1. Type 1 enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt.

The drives meet the requirements for UL Type 12 when installed inside a Type 12 enclosure and through-hole mounted using the sealing kit and the high-IP insert (where provided).

When through-hole mounted, the drives have been evaluated as suitable for use in surrounding air temperatures up to 40 °C.

Remote Keypads are UL Type 12 when installed with the sealing washer and fixing kit provided.

When installed in a Type 1 or Type 12 enclosure, the drives may be operated in a compartment handling conditioned air.

13.4 Mounting

Drives may be surface, through-panel or tile mounted using the appropriate brackets. Drives may be mounted singly or side by side with suitable space between them (bookcase mounting).

13.5 Environment

Drives must be installed in a Pollution Degree 2 environment or better (dry, non-conductive pollution only).

The drives have been evaluated for use at ambient temperatures up to 40 $^{\circ}$ C. The drives have additionally been evaluated for 50 $^{\circ}$ C and 55 $^{\circ}$ C ambient air temperatures with a derated output.

13.6 Electrical Installation

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY

OVC III

SUPPLY

The drives are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical amperes, 600 Volts AC Maximum.

TERMINAL TORQUE

Terminals must be tightened to the rated torque as specified in the Installation Instructions.

WIRING TERMINALS

Drives must be installed using cables rated for 75 °C operation, copper wire only.

Where possible, UL Listed closed-loop connectors sized according to the field wiring shall be used for all field power wiring connections.

GROUND CONNECTION INSTRUCTIONS

UL Listed closed-loop connectors sized according to the field wiring shall be used for grounding connections.

BRANCH CIRCUIT PROTECTION

The fuses and circuit breakers required for branch circuit protection are specified in the Installation Instructions.

OPENING OF BRANCH CIRCUIT

Opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, the equipment should be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC), The Canadian Electrical Code, and any additional local codes.

DYNAMIC BRAKING

The KBG3 Series have been evaluated for dynamic braking applications. Other drive models have not been evaluated for dynamic braking.

13.7 Motor overload protection and thermal memory retention

All drives incorporate internal overload protection for the motor load that does not require the use of an external or remote overload protection device.

The protection level is adjustable and the method of adjustment is provided in section 8.4 *Motor thermal protection* on page 55. Maximum current overload is dependent on the values entered into the current limit parameters (motoring current limit, regenerative current limit and symmetrical current limit entered as percentage) and the motor rated current parameter (entered in amperes).

The duration of the overload is dependent on motor thermal time constant. The maximum programmable time constant depends on the drive model. The method of adjustment of the overload protection is provided.

The drives are provided with user terminals that can be connected to a motor thermistor to protect the motor from high temperature, in the event of a motor cooling fan failure.

13.8 External Class 2 supply

The external power supply used to power the 24 V control circuit shall be marked: "UL Class 2". The power supply voltage shall not exceed 24 Vdc.

13.9 Modular Drive Systems

Drives with DC+ and DC- supply connections, rated 230 V or 480 V have been investigated for use in Modular Drive Systems as inverters when supplied by the converter sections from the KBG3 Series range. In these applications the inverters are required to be additionally protected by supplemental fuses.

13.10 Requirement for Transient Surge Suppression

This requirement only applies to Frame Size 7 drives with rated input voltage = 575 V.

TRANSIENT SURGE SUPPRESSION SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE LINE SIDE OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND SHALL BE RATED 575 Vac (PHASE TO GROUND), 575 Vac (PHASE TO PHASE), SUITABLE FOR OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III, AND SHALL PROVIDE PROTECTION FOR A RATED IMPULSE VOLTAGE TO WITHSTAND VOLTAGE PEAK OF 6 kV AND A CLAMPING VOLTAGE OF MAXIMUM 2400 V.

157

Index

A		M	
Acceleration	,	Magnetising current	
Advanced menus		Mechanical Installation	
Advanced parameters		Menu 0	
Alarm		Menu 01 - Frequency / speed reference	
Alarm Indications		Menu 02 - Ramps	84
Autotune	50	Menu 03 - Slave frequency, speed feedback and	
B		speed control	
D		Menu 04 - Torque and current control	
Basic requirements	42	Menu 05 - Motor control	
С		Menu 06 - Sequencer and clock	
		Menu 07 - Analog I/O	
Cautions		Menu 08 - Digital I/O	106
Communications connections		Menu 09 - Programmable logic, motorized pot and	
Control connections		binary sum	
Control terminal specification		Menu 10 - Status and trips	
Current limits	55	Menu 11 - General drive set-up	
.		Menu 12 - Threshold detectors and variable selectors	
ע		Menu 14 - User PID controller	
Deceleration		Menu 18 - Application menu 1	
Defaults (restoring parameter)	30	Menu 19 - Application menu 2	
Destination parameter	21	Menu 20 - Application menu 3	
Diagnostics	133	Menu 21 - Second motor parameters	130
Display	26	Menu 22 - Additional Menu 0 set-up	
Display messages	29	Menu structure	28
Drive enable	23	Minimum connections to get the motor running in any	
_		operating mode	43
F		Mode parameter	21
Field weakening (constant power) operation	56	Motor (running the motor)	42
Fixed V/F mode	12	Motor number of poles	49
		Motor rated current	49
G		Motor rated current (maximum)	55
Getting Started	26	Motor rated frequency	49
		Motor rated power factor	49, 75
K		Motor rated speed	49
Keypad	26	Motor rated voltage	49
		Motor thermal protection	55
		N	
		Notes	8
		0	
		Onboard PLC	
		Open loop mode	
		Open loop vector mode	
		Operating mode (changing)	-
		Operating modes	
		Optimization	
		Options	14
		P	
		Parameter access level	30
		Parameter ranges	
		Parameter security	30
		Product information	10
		Q	
		Quick start commissioning	48
		Quick start commissioning / Start-up	
		Quick start connections	

R	
Relay contacts	
RFC-A mode	12
s	
Safe Torque Off	
Safe Torque Off/drive enable	
Safety Information	
Saving parameters	
Sealed enclosure - sizing	
Serial comms lead	
Serial communications look-up table	
Single line descriptions	32
Status	
Status Indications	
Switching frequency	
т	
Trip	133
Trip History	
Trip Indications	
·	
U	
UL Listing Information	157
User Security	30
V	
Voltage mode	50, 51
w	
Warnings	8, 68



0478-0492-02



KB Electronics, Inc.

12095 NW 39 Street, Coral Springs, FL 33065-2516

Phone: 954-346-4900 | Fax: 954-346-3377 | Toll Free: 800-221-6570 E-Mail: info@kbelectronics.com | Website: www.kbelectronics.com